

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3239, 0.4193)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3239, 0.4193)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4FFB9
RGB	212, 255, 185
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 73%
CMY	0.1684, 0.0000, 0.2744
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	97°, 100%, 86%
HSV	97°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	71.6823, 89.0198, 59.3172
YIQ	234.1630, -3.1580, -30.8860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

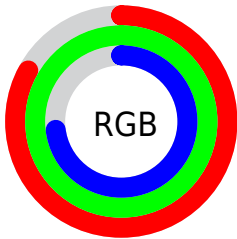
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	185, 255, 228
Decimal	13959097
CIELab	95.59, -25.86, 29.05
CIELCh	96, 38.895, 131.679
Yxy	89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292149177 (0xFFD4FFB9)
YUV	234.1630, -24.2374, -19.4370
Hunter-Lab	94.3503, -29.4983, 28.7701

# Details

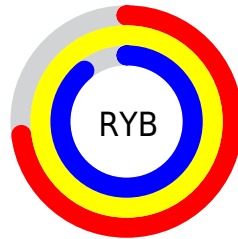
The Yxy color **89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.4165, 0.2954, 0.2561**, and the grayscale version is **82.6091, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.1309, 0.3209, 0.3425**, and **49.1950, 0.3283, 0.4228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.8265, 0.3297, 0.4358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.6394, 0.3213, 0.3750**.

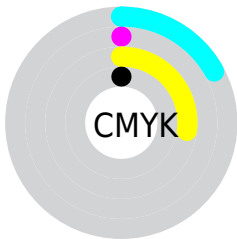
# Distribution



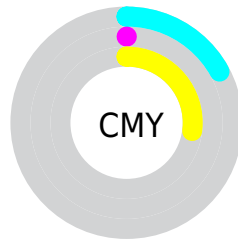
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 89.0198, 0.3258,  
0.4046

 89.0198, 0.3258,  
0.4046


524.8371, 0.3208,  
0.3695

 67.1680, 0.3267,  
0.4126


 145.9761, 0.3243,  
0.3924

 49.2211, 0.3276,  
0.4224

181.8494, 0.3236,  
0.3877

 34.7949, 0.3286,  
0.4348


223.1652, 0.3230,  
0.3836

 23.5050, 0.3296,  
0.4509


270.3080, 0.3225,  
0.3801

 14.9668, 0.3302,  
0.4725

323.6622, 0.3220,  
0.3770

 8.7961, 0.3299,  
0.5029

383.6122, 0.3216,

 4.6084, 0.3264,

0.3742

0.5480

450.5424, 0.3212,  
0.3717

■ 2.0194, 0.3356,  
0.6644

■ 0.6187, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 89.0198, 0.3258,  
0.4046

■ 89.0198, 0.3258,  
0.4046

■ 85.8265, 0.3297,  
0.4358

■ 92.6394, 0.3213,  
0.3750

■ 83.0311, 0.3326,  
0.4676

■ 96.6894, 0.3164,  
0.3477

■ 80.6197, 0.3342,  
0.4986

99.9943, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 78.5726, 0.3340,  
0.5270

■ 76.8683, 0.3319,  
0.5510

■ 75.4821, 0.3280,  
0.5691

■ 74.3839, 0.3227,  
0.5808

■ 74.1395, 0.3213,  
0.5831

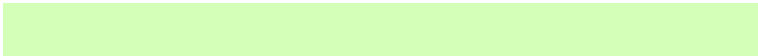
# Harmonies

## Analogous

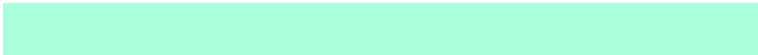
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.0198, 0.3668, 0.4055



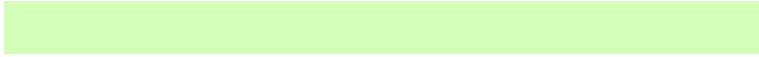
89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



89.0198, 0.2831, 0.3785

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



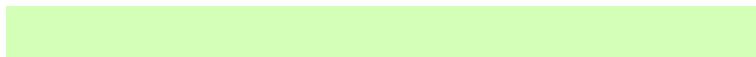
89.0198, 0.2363, 0.2686



89.0198, 0.3786, 0.3169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



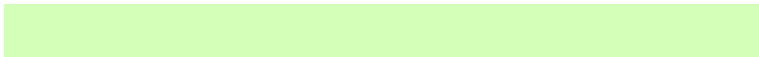
58.4165, 0.2954, 0.2561

# Split Complementary

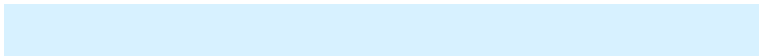
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.0198, 0.3394, 0.2860



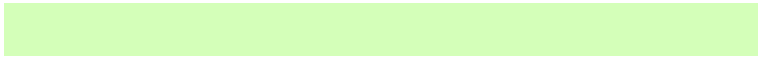
89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



89.0198, 0.2579, 0.2584

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



89.0198, 0.2334, 0.2960



89.0198, 0.2948, 0.2651

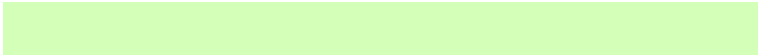


89.0198, 0.3991, 0.3522

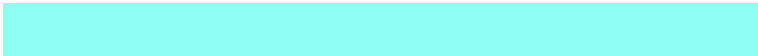


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



89.0198, 0.2593, 0.3513



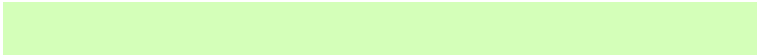
89.0198, 0.2948, 0.2651



89.0198, 0.3670, 0.3058

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.0237, 0.3258, 0.4046



96.4576, 0.3167, 0.3492



79.7034, 0.3613, 0.3718



20.5102, 0.3174, 0.3532



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

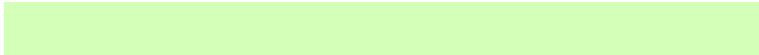


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

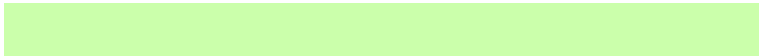


# Same Dimension

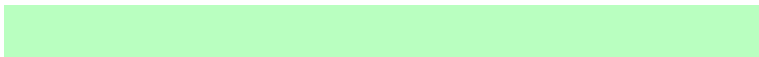
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.0237, 0.3258, 0.4046



87.2016, 0.3281, 0.4218



85.6388, 0.3052, 0.4004



20.5102, 0.3174, 0.3532



38.8220, 0.3224, 0.5822



3.8406, 0.3312, 0.5752



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.4165, 0.2954, 0.2561



51.8963, 0.2909, 0.2402



62.7446, 0.3211, 0.2668



17.9295, 0.3076, 0.3051



7.5798, 0.2260, 0.1019

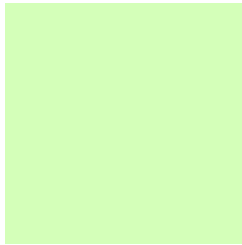


0.8010, 0.2366, 0.1077



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

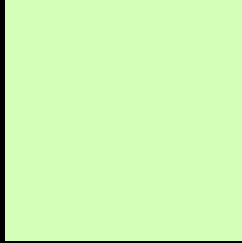
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

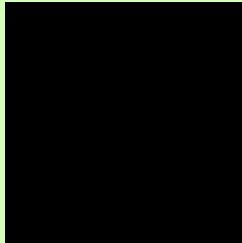
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

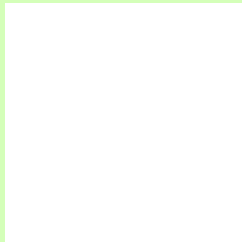
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046.

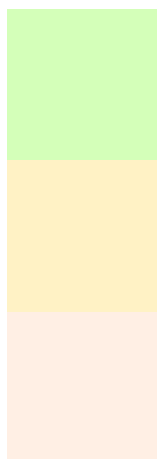


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046

### Protanopia

88.7955, 0.3498, 0.3740

### Deuteranopia

88.5944, 0.3303, 0.3399



## Tritanopia

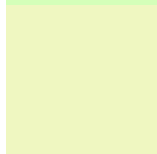
88.4770, 0.2987, 0.3170

# Trichromacy



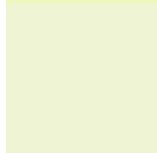
## Original Color

89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



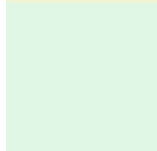
## Protanomaly

88.7225, 0.3403, 0.3847



## Deuteranomaly

88.4090, 0.3289, 0.3628



## Tritanomaly

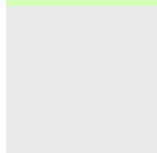
88.2423, 0.3087, 0.3466

# Monochromacy



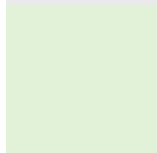
## Original Color

89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046



## Achromatopsia

82.2786, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

84.6309, 0.3180, 0.3564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 255, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 255, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 255, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 255, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 255, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 255, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 255, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 255, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255,  
185) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 89.0198, 0.3258, 0.4046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 255, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
255, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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