

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3257, 0.3678)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3257, 0.3678)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5FFDD
RGB	245, 255, 221
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 87%
CMY	0.0390, 0.0000, 0.1334
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	78°, 100%, 93%
HSV	78°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	86.4793, 96.1529, 82.3978
YIQ	248.1340, 4.9540, -12.6940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

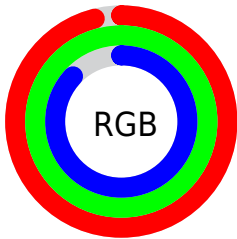
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	221, 255, 231
Decimal	16121821
CIE Lab	98.49, -9.00, 15.15
CIE LCh	98, 17.620, 120.729
Yxy	96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294311901 (0xFFF5FFDD)
YUV	248.1340, -13.3771, -2.7485
Hunter-Lab	98.0576, -14.1774, 18.8189

# Details

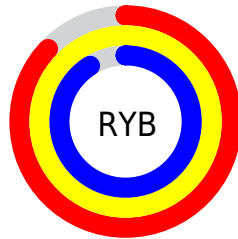
The Yxy color **96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **75.9025, 0.2979, 0.2943**, and the grayscale version is **94.1011, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **53.9602, 0.3292, 0.3696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.5855, 0.3365, 0.3898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.9891, 0.3161, 0.3372**.

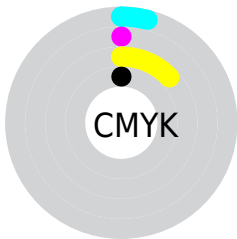
# Distribution



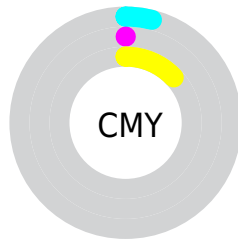
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 96.1529, 0.3263,  
0.3628

 96.1529, 0.3263,  
0.3628


547.8493, 0.3204,  
0.3477

 73.0949, 0.3275,  
0.3661


155.8564, 0.3243,  
0.3577

 54.0536, 0.3290,  
0.3702


193.2707, 0.3236,  
0.3556

 38.6445, 0.3308,  
0.3752

236.2393, 0.3229,  
0.3539

 26.4833, 0.3331,  
0.3817

285.1465, 0.3223,  
0.3523

 17.1855, 0.3360,  
0.3902

340.3767, 0.3217,  
0.3510

 10.3669, 0.3398,  
0.4019

402.3143, 0.3213,

 5.6429, 0.3449,

0.3498

0.4192

471.3437, 0.3208,  
0.3487

■ 2.6292, 0.3520,  
0.4467

■ 0.9413, 0.4172,  
0.5828

■ 96.1529, 0.3263,  
0.3628

■ 96.1529, 0.3263,  
0.3628

■ 93.5855, 0.3365,  
0.3898

■ 98.9891, 0.3161,  
0.3372

■ 91.2645, 0.3462,  
0.4175

99.9952, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 89.1833, 0.3551,  
0.4450

■ 87.3305, 0.3626,  
0.4713

■ 85.6935, 0.3681,  
0.4952

■ 84.2581, 0.3713,  
0.5153

■ 83.0079, 0.3719,  
0.5309

■ 81.9234, 0.3700,  
0.5415

■ 81.2741, 0.3676,  
0.5463

# Harmonies

## Analogous

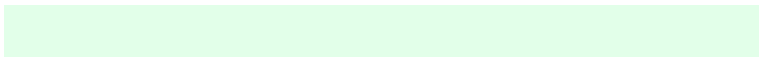
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.1529, 0.3425, 0.3608



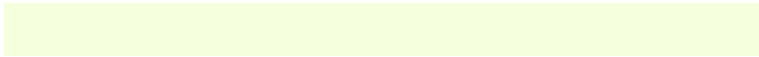
96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



96.1529, 0.3069, 0.3550

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



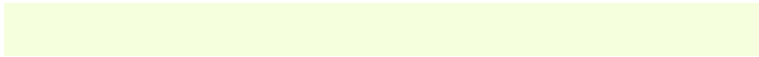
96.1529, 0.2761, 0.3063



96.1529, 0.3362, 0.3184

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



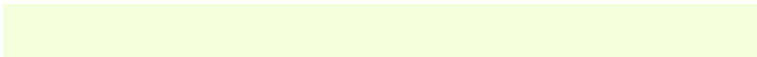
75.9025, 0.2979, 0.2943

# Split Complementary

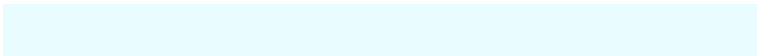
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.1529, 0.3177, 0.3049



96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



96.1529, 0.2834, 0.2977

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



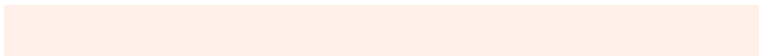
96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



96.1529, 0.2783, 0.3215



96.1529, 0.2984, 0.2974

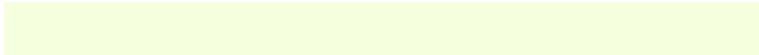


96.1529, 0.3484, 0.3348

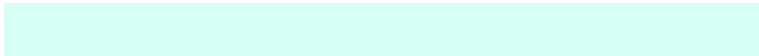


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



96.1529, 0.2947, 0.3453



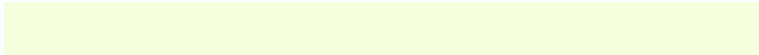
96.1529, 0.2984, 0.2974



96.1529, 0.3305, 0.3134

# Sweetspot

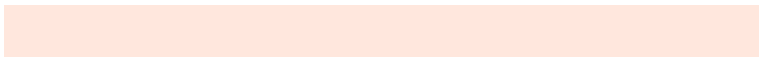
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.1571, 0.3263, 0.3628



98.7993, 0.3168, 0.3388



83.4189, 0.3360, 0.3387



21.0998, 0.3175, 0.3407



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

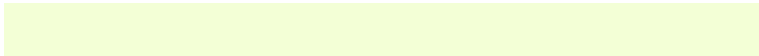


# Same Dimension

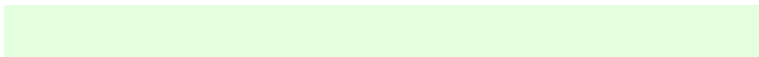
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.1571, 0.3263, 0.3628



95.4533, 0.3290, 0.3699



93.2871, 0.3157, 0.3639



20.8085, 0.3224, 0.3528



42.5508, 0.3685, 0.5456



4.1992, 0.3744, 0.5409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.9025, 0.2979, 0.2943



71.6034, 0.2945, 0.2868



78.8137, 0.3092, 0.2954



17.6349, 0.3024, 0.3047



4.6105, 0.1690, 0.0705

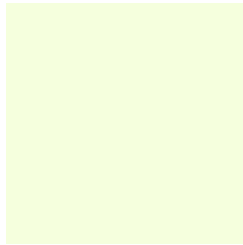


0.5021, 0.1807, 0.0769



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

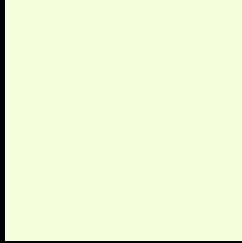
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

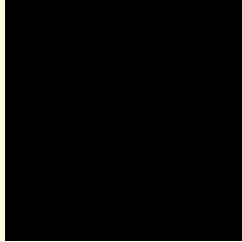
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

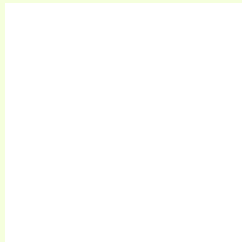
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628

### Protanopia

95.8632, 0.3224, 0.3397

### Deuteranopia

95.7268, 0.3177, 0.3309

## **Tritanopia**

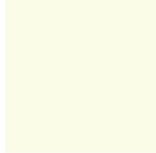
96.1004, 0.3104, 0.3242

# Trichromacy



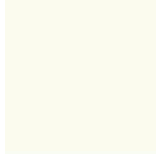
## Original Color

96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



## Protanomaly

95.9562, 0.3239, 0.3486



## Deuteranomaly

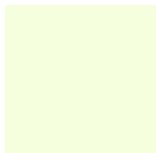
95.6766, 0.3204, 0.3417



## Tritanomaly

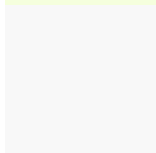
96.2316, 0.3161, 0.3378

# Monochromacy



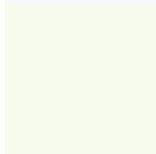
## Original Color

96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628



## Achromatopsia

93.8686, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

94.9416, 0.3178, 0.3418

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 255, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 255, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 255, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 255, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 255, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 255, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 255, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 255, 221); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 255, 221); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 255, 221) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 96.1529, 0.3263, 0.3628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 255, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
255, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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