

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3274, 0.3255)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3274, 0.3255)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF9FD
RGB	255, 249, 253
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 99%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0235, 0.0079
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	320°, 100%, 99%
HSV	320°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	92.8525, 96.1032, 106.5646
YIQ	251.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 249, 253
Decimal	16775677
CIE Lab	98.47, 2.70, -1.20
CIE LCh	98, 2.958, 336.012
Yxy	96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965757 (0xFFFFF9FD)
YUV	251.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888
Hunter-Lab	98.0322, -2.4879, 4.1722

# Details

The Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.6254, 0.3113, 0.3328, and the grayscale version is 96.6747, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 54.1312, 0.3145, 0.3254 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 80.8566, 0.3211, 0.3085, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (98%)

Blue (99%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (99%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)


Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 96.1032, 0.3142,  
0.3252

 96.1032, 0.3142,  
0.3252


547.6908, 0.3136,  
0.3269

 73.0535, 0.3143,  
0.3248


155.7878, 0.3140,  
0.3258

 54.0197, 0.3145,  
0.3244


193.1916, 0.3139,  
0.3260

 38.6174, 0.3147,  
0.3239


236.1488, 0.3138,  
0.3262

 26.4622, 0.3150,  
0.3232

285.0439, 0.3138,  
0.3264

 17.1698, 0.3153,  
0.3223

340.2612, 0.3137,  
0.3265

 10.3556, 0.3158,  
0.3210

402.1852, 0.3136,

 5.6354, 0.3165,

0.3266

0.3193

471.2003, 0.3136,  
0.3268

■ 2.6247, 0.3175,  
0.3165

■ 0.9391, 0.3194,  
0.3115

■ 96.1032, 0.3142,  
0.3252

■ 96.1032, 0.3142,  
0.3252

■ 80.8566, 0.3211,  
0.3085

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 67.6913, 0.3293,  
0.2912

■ 56.5123, 0.3388,  
0.2736

■ 47.2210, 0.3498,  
0.2565

■ 39.7106, 0.3623,  
0.2407

■ 33.8631, 0.3760,  
0.2273

■ 29.5465, 0.3905,  
0.2174

■ 26.6083, 0.4055,  
0.2122

■ 24.8645, 0.4203,  
0.2120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.1032, 0.3109, 0.3237



96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252



96.1032, 0.3171, 0.3277

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252



96.1032, 0.3173, 0.3345



96.1032, 0.3067, 0.3274

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



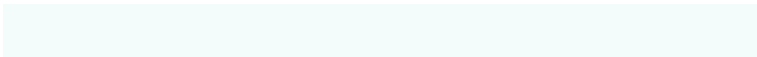
96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252



98.6254, 0.3113, 0.3328

# Split Complementary

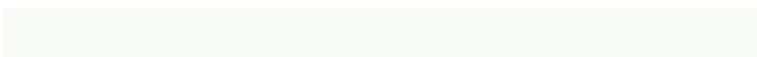
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.1032, 0.3084, 0.3303



96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252



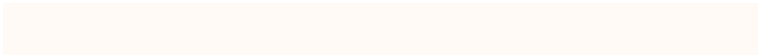
96.1032, 0.3145, 0.3344

# Square

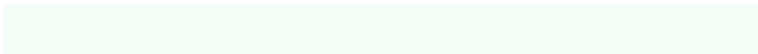
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252



96.1032, 0.3189, 0.3331



96.1032, 0.3112, 0.3329



96.1032, 0.3066, 0.3249

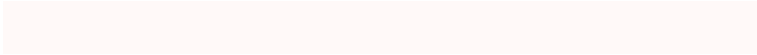


# Rectangle

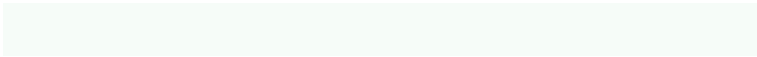
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



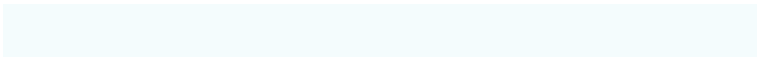
96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252



96.1032, 0.3184, 0.3297



96.1032, 0.3112, 0.3329



96.1032, 0.3071, 0.3283

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.0999, 0.3142, 0.3252



98.3286, 0.3133, 0.3274



95.4784, 0.3105, 0.3232



21.0640, 0.3133, 0.3275



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.0999, 0.3142, 0.3252



95.0509, 0.3146, 0.3242



95.9115, 0.3159, 0.3281



20.0688, 0.3151, 0.3228



12.6367, 0.4290, 0.2137



1.2508, 0.4135, 0.2051



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.0999, 0.3142, 0.3252



95.0509, 0.3146, 0.3242



98.8149, 0.3096, 0.3300



20.0688, 0.3151, 0.3228



12.6367, 0.4290, 0.2137



1.2508, 0.4135, 0.2051



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

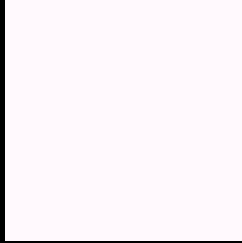
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

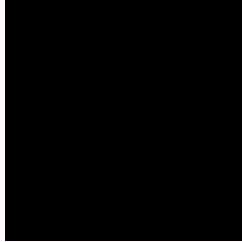
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252

### Protanopia

95.9140, 0.3135, 0.3252

### Deuteranopia

95.9764, 0.3153, 0.3271

## Tritanopia

96.2867, 0.3111, 0.3242

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252

## Protanomaly

95.9140, 0.3135, 0.3252

## Deuteranomaly

96.0396, 0.3148, 0.3261

## Tritanomaly

96.4096, 0.3123, 0.3252

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252

## Achromatopsia

96.4686, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

96.0949, 0.3128, 0.3271

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 249, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 249, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 249, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 249, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 249, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 249, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 249, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 249, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 249, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 249,  
253) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 249, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
249, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor