

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3326, 0.3838)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3326, 0.3838)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4FFCF
RGB	244, 255, 207
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 81%
CMY	0.0432, 0.0000, 0.1883
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	74°, 100%, 91%
HSV	74°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	84.3231, 95.2581, 72.9588
YIQ	246.2390, 8.8520, -17.2600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

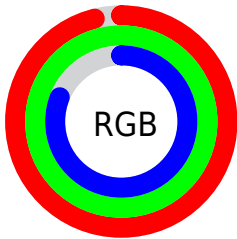
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 255, 218
Decimal	16056271
CIE Lab	98.14, -11.53, 21.77
CIE LCh	98, 24.638, 117.898
Yxy	95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294246351 (0xFF4F4CF)
<b>YUV</b>	246.2390, -19.3448, -1.9636
Hunter-Lab	97.6003, -16.5829, 23.9993

# Details

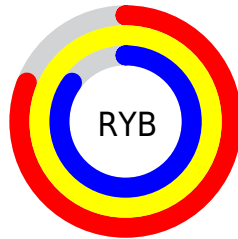
The Yxy color **95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **66.7405, 0.2888, 0.2783**, and the grayscale version is **92.5088, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **53.3794, 0.3382, 0.3867** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.0753, 0.3450, 0.4042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.6664, 0.3226, 0.3510**.

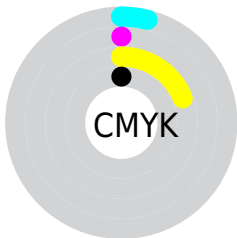
# Distribution



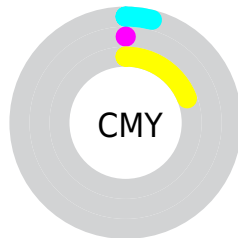
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 95.2581, 0.3339,  
0.3772

 95.2581, 0.3339,  
0.3772

544.9909, 0.3248,  
0.3555

 72.3498, 0.3358,  
0.3820


154.6211, 0.3309,  
0.3698

 53.4445, 0.3381,  
0.3878


191.8447, 0.3297,  
0.3669

 38.1577, 0.3408,  
0.3951


234.6087, 0.3286,  
0.3644

 26.1051, 0.3442,  
0.4044

283.2977, 0.3277,  
0.3622

 16.9023, 0.3485,  
0.4166

338.2961, 0.3268,  
0.3602

 10.1649, 0.3539,  
0.4334

399.9881, 0.3261,

 5.5084, 0.3608,

0.3585

0.4579

468.7583, 0.3254,  
0.3569

■ 2.5485, 0.3712,  
0.4989

■ 0.9009, 0.3895,  
0.6105

■ 95.2581, 0.3339,  
0.3772

■ 95.2581, 0.3339,  
0.3772

■ 93.0753, 0.3450,  
0.4042

■ 97.6664, 0.3226,  
0.3510

■ 91.1218, 0.3555,  
0.4312

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 89.3822, 0.3648,  
0.4572

■ 87.8448, 0.3724,  
0.4811

■ 86.4965, 0.3778,  
0.5018

■ 85.3225, 0.3807,  
0.5182

■ 84.3053, 0.3809,  
0.5298

■ 83.4194, 0.3788,  
0.5370

■ 83.3207, 0.3785,  
0.5377

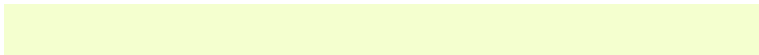
# Harmonies

## Analogous

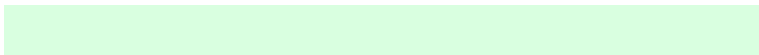
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.2581, 0.3560, 0.3725



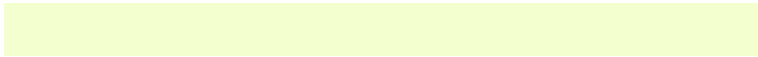
95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



95.2581, 0.3068, 0.3676

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



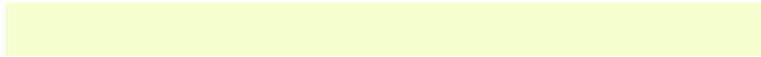
95.2581, 0.2617, 0.2985



95.2581, 0.3434, 0.3121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



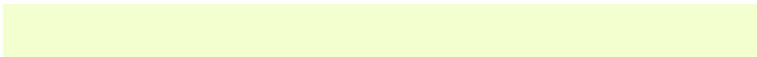
66.7405, 0.2888, 0.2783

# Split Complementary

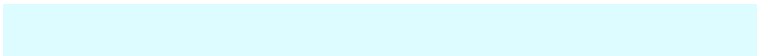
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.2581, 0.3169, 0.2943



95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



95.2581, 0.2704, 0.2860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



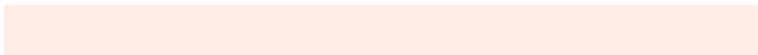
95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



95.2581, 0.2658, 0.3204



95.2581, 0.2902, 0.2849

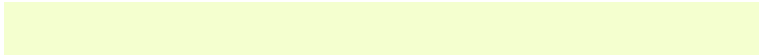


95.2581, 0.3619, 0.3344

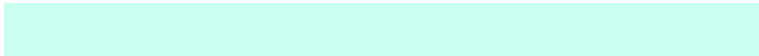


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



95.2581, 0.2896, 0.3542



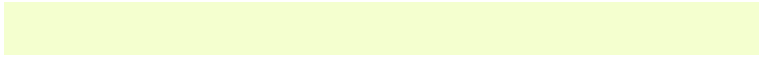
95.2581, 0.2902, 0.2849



95.2581, 0.3351, 0.3054

# Sweetspot

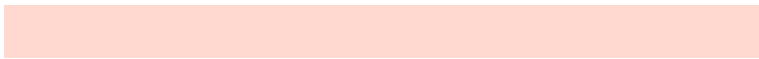
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.2535, 0.3339, 0.3772



98.3936, 0.3194, 0.3438



75.5875, 0.3479, 0.3397



21.0240, 0.3201, 0.3455



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

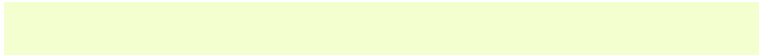


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

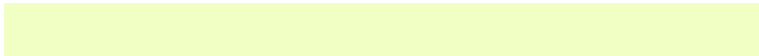


# Same Dimension

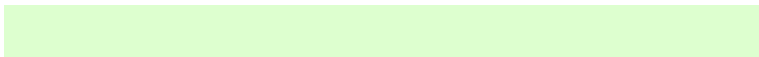
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.2535, 0.3339, 0.3772



94.3176, 0.3386, 0.3884



91.3310, 0.3188, 0.3795



20.8683, 0.3233, 0.3527



43.6074, 0.3792, 0.5371



4.2946, 0.3840, 0.5333



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.7405, 0.2888, 0.2783



60.5315, 0.2826, 0.2657



70.6055, 0.3052, 0.2807



17.5788, 0.3014, 0.3047



4.3056, 0.1623, 0.0668

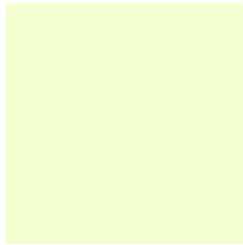


0.4658, 0.1728, 0.0726



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

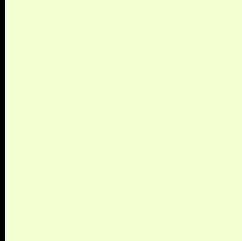
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

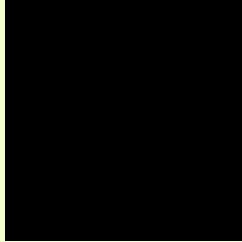
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

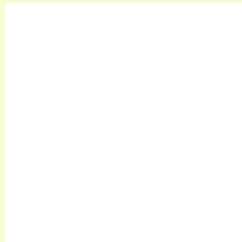
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772.

# Color Blindness Simulation

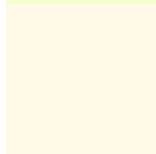
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



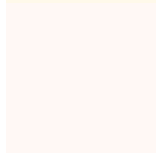
### Original Color

95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



### Protanopia

94.9519, 0.3256, 0.3436



### Deuteranopia

94.9874, 0.3190, 0.3319

## Tritanopia

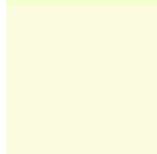
95.2954, 0.3098, 0.3232

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



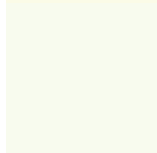
## Protanomaly

94.8854, 0.3288, 0.3556



## Deuteranomaly

95.2731, 0.3246, 0.3486



## Tritanomaly

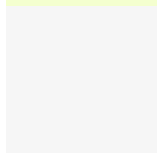
95.1239, 0.3185, 0.3418

# Monochromacy



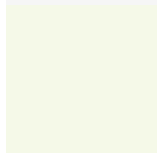
## Original Color

95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772



## Achromatopsia

92.1582, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

92.9900, 0.3203, 0.3459

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 255, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 255, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 255, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 255, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 255, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 255, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 255, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 255, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 255, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 255,  
207) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 95.2581, 0.3339, 0.3772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 255, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
255, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor