

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3433, 0.3292)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3433, 0.3292)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Yxy(92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290)</b> .....      | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 27 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 30 |

# Color

**Yxy(92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | FFF4F4                    |
| RGB         | 255, 244, 244             |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 96%, 96%            |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.0432, 0.0431    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.00    |
| HSL         | 360°, 100%, 98%           |
| HSV         | 360°, 4%, 100%            |
| XYZ         | 89.9347, 92.4930, 98.7061 |
| YIQ         | 247.2890, 6.5560, 2.3320  |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

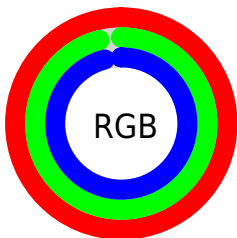
| Format                              | Color                        |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 244, 244                |
| Decimal                             | 16774388                     |
| CIE Lab                             | 97.02, 3.71, 1.30            |
| CIE LCh                             | 97, 3.930, 19.328            |
| Yxy                                 | 92.4930, 0.3199,<br>0.3290   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294964468<br>(0xFFFFF4F4)   |
| YUV                                 | 247.2890, -1.6215,<br>6.7625 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 96.1733, -1.3822,<br>6.4699  |

# Details

The Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97.9699, 0.3060, 0.3290, and the grayscale version is 93.2631, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 51.6030, 0.3210, 0.3290 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 76.7478, 0.3394, 0.3290, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

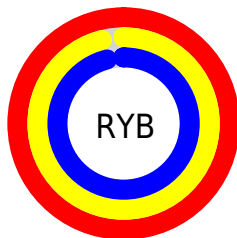
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

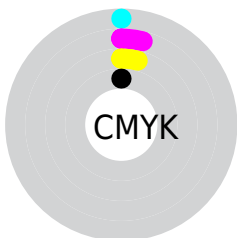
Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (96%)

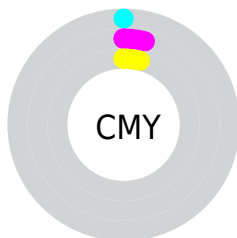


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)


Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92.4930, 0.3199,  
0.3290

 92.4930, 0.3199,  
0.3290


536.1076, 0.3167,  
0.3290

 70.0502, 0.3206,  
0.3290

150.7965, 0.3188,  
0.3290

 51.5674, 0.3214,  
0.3290


187.4260, 0.3184,  
0.3290

 36.6604, 0.3225,  
0.3290

229.5531, 0.3180,  
0.3290

 24.9447, 0.3238,  
0.3290

277.5623, 0.3177,  
0.3290

 16.0358, 0.3256,  
0.3289

331.8379, 0.3174,  
0.3290

 9.5495, 0.3281,  
0.3289

392.7644, 0.3172,

 5.1013, 0.3317,

0.3290

0.3288

460.7262, 0.3169,  
0.3290

■ 2.3068, 0.3374,  
0.3287

■ 0.7773, 0.3511,  
0.3291

■ 92.4930, 0.3199,  
0.3290

■ 92.4930, 0.3199,  
0.3290

■ 76.7478, 0.3394,  
0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 63.2497, 0.3639,  
0.3290

■ 51.8908, 0.3944,  
0.3291

■ 42.5613, 0.4316,  
0.3291

■ 35.1419, 0.4754,  
0.3292

■ 29.5004, 0.5234,  
0.3294

■ 25.4882, 0.5706,  
0.3295

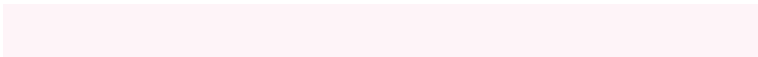
■ 22.9325, 0.6094,  
0.3297

■ 21.6216, 0.6330,  
0.3299

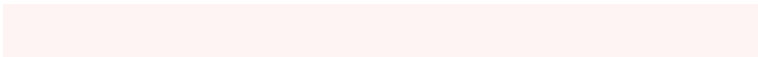
# Harmonies

## Analogous

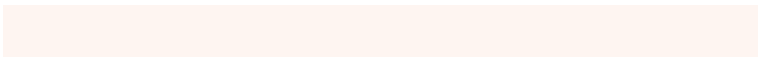
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.4930, 0.3166, 0.3253



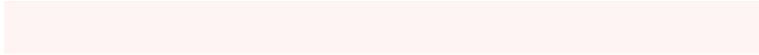
92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290



92.4930, 0.3213, 0.3328

# Triad

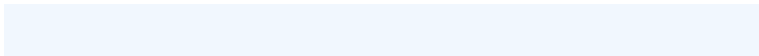
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290



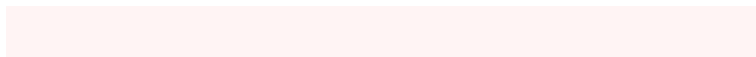
92.4930, 0.3132, 0.3356



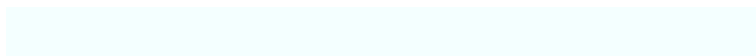
92.4930, 0.3051, 0.3225

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



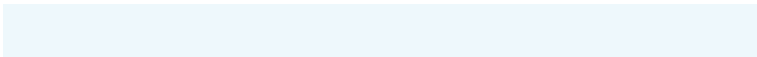
92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290



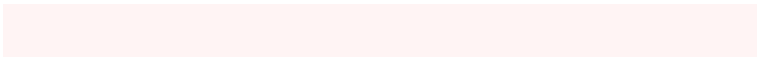
97.9699, 0.3060, 0.3290

# Split Complementary

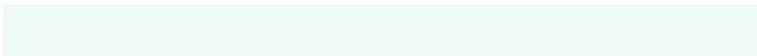
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.4930, 0.3042, 0.3252



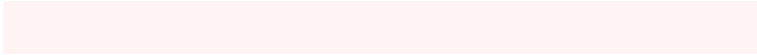
92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290



92.4930, 0.3089, 0.3328

# Square

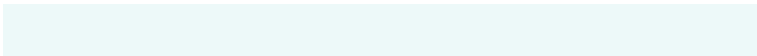
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290



92.4930, 0.3174, 0.3366



92.4930, 0.3056, 0.3290

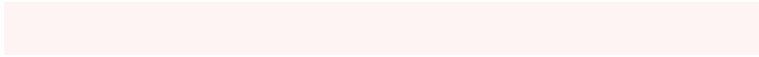


92.4930, 0.3080, 0.3215

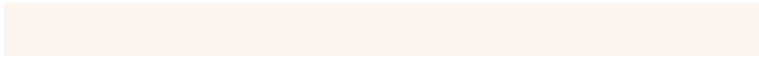


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



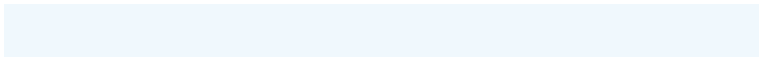
92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290



92.4930, 0.3209, 0.3348



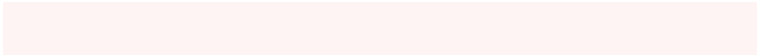
92.4930, 0.3056, 0.3290



92.4930, 0.3046, 0.3232

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.4870, 0.3199, 0.3290



98.2209, 0.3143, 0.3290



93.1400, 0.3131, 0.3185



21.0421, 0.3142, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

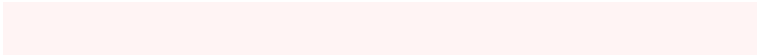


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

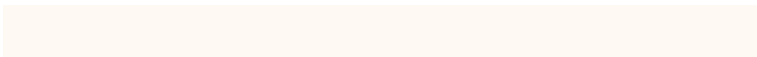
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.4870, 0.3199, 0.3290



91.3404, 0.3211, 0.3290



95.7348, 0.3195, 0.3341



19.3002, 0.3223, 0.3290



11.1095, 0.6399, 0.3299

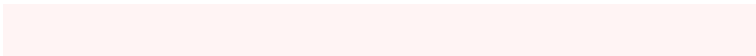


1.0819, 0.6395, 0.3296

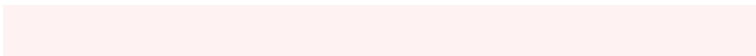


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.4870, 0.3199, 0.3290



91.3404, 0.3211, 0.3290



94.6225, 0.3061, 0.3238



19.3002, 0.3223, 0.3290



11.1095, 0.6399, 0.3299

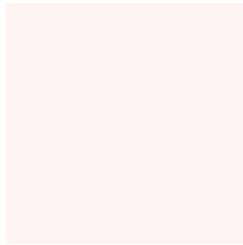


1.0819, 0.6395, 0.3296



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

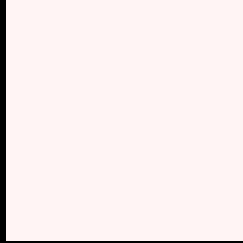
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

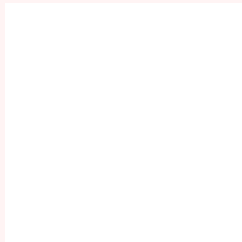
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290

**Protanopia**

92.4066, 0.3166, 0.3290

**Deuteranopia**

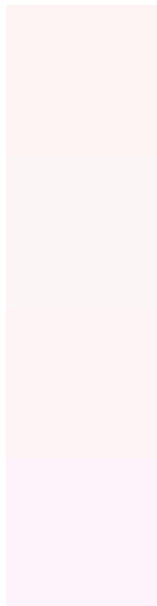
92.6152, 0.3186, 0.3271



## Tritanopia

92.2038, 0.3120, 0.3175

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290

## Protanomaly

92.5928, 0.3172, 0.3290

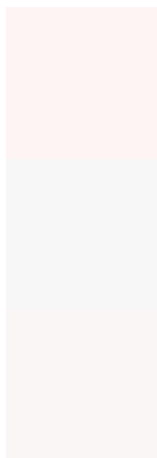
## Deuteranomaly

92.5539, 0.3193, 0.3281

## Tritanomaly

92.1370, 0.3150, 0.3213

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290

## Achromatopsia

93.0111, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

92.8893, 0.3153, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 244, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 244, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 244, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 244, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 92.4930, 0.3199, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
244, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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