

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3907, 0.3265)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3907, 0.3265)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE1E4
RGB	255, 225, 228
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 89%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1176, 0.1060
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 94%
HSV	354°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	82.1722, 80.7119, 84.6225
YIQ	234.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

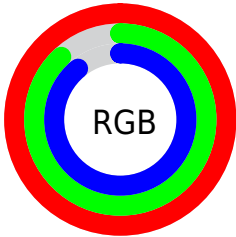
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	255, 225, 228
Decimal	16769508
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.00, 10.79, 2.33
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 11.037, 12.192
Yxy	80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959588 (0xFFFFE1E4)
YUV	234.3120, -3.1118, 18.1434
Hunter-Lab	89.8398, 6.0458, 7.0410

# Details

The Yxy color **80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.5580, 0.2962, 0.3319**, and the grayscale version is **82.5390, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.7723, 0.3359, 0.3253** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.7449, 0.3528, 0.3235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.9043, 0.3153, 0.3286**.

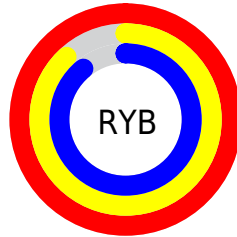
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

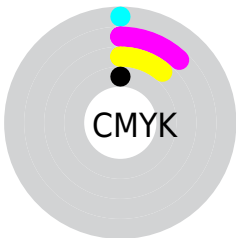
Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (89%)

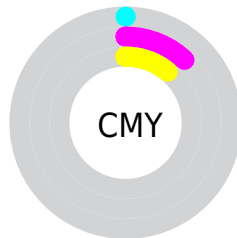


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.7119, 0.3320,  
0.3261

 80.7119, 0.3320,  
0.3261


497.3288, 0.3232,  
0.3275

 60.3044, 0.3340,  
0.3258

134.3662, 0.3290,  
0.3266

 43.6640, 0.3364,  
0.3254

168.3817, 0.3278,  
0.3268

 30.4064, 0.3395,  
0.3249


207.7019, 0.3268,  
0.3269

 20.1473, 0.3434,  
0.3242

252.7114, 0.3259,  
0.3271

 12.5022, 0.3488,  
0.3233

303.7944, 0.3251,  
0.3272

 7.0866, 0.3564,  
0.3219

361.3354, 0.3244,

 3.5163, 0.3680,

0.3273

0.3197

425.7187, 0.3238,  
0.3274

■ 1.4069, 0.3879,  
0.3157

■ 0.2218, 0.6122,  
0.2864

■ 80.7119, 0.3320,  
0.3261

■ 80.7119, 0.3320,  
0.3261

■ 66.7449, 0.3528,  
0.3235

■ 96.9043, 0.3153,  
0.3286

■ 54.9102, 0.3787,  
0.3208

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 45.1016, 0.4104,  
0.3182

■ 37.2053, 0.4484,  
0.3161

■ 31.0963, 0.4917,  
0.3150

■ 26.6347, 0.5375,  
0.3153

■ 23.6601, 0.5803,  
0.3175

■ 21.9793, 0.6138,  
0.3215

■ 21.3312, 0.6312,  
0.3251

# Harmonies

## Analogous

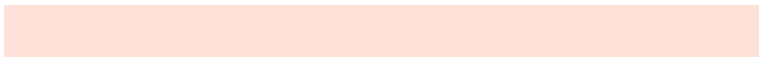
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.7119, 0.3211, 0.3159



80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



80.7119, 0.3377, 0.3372

# Triad

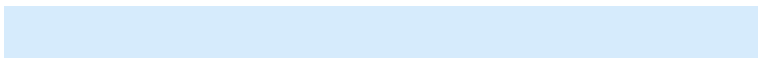
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



80.7119, 0.3170, 0.3500



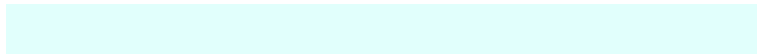
80.7119, 0.2894, 0.3112

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



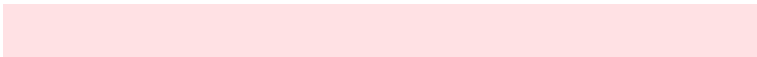
94.5580, 0.2962, 0.3319

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.7119, 0.2884, 0.3200



80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



80.7119, 0.3041, 0.3427

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



80.7119, 0.3289, 0.3513



80.7119, 0.2937, 0.3315



80.7119, 0.2965, 0.3073

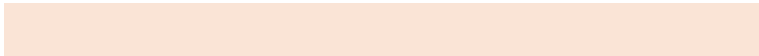


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



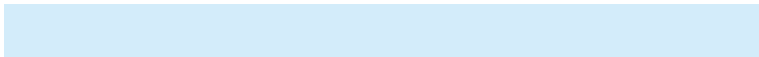
80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



80.7119, 0.3377, 0.3438



80.7119, 0.2937, 0.3315



80.7119, 0.2883, 0.3136

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.7104, 0.3320, 0.3261



93.0860, 0.3187, 0.3280



81.7661, 0.3120, 0.2997



19.6548, 0.3199, 0.3279



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

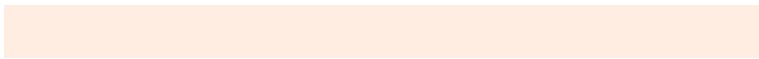
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.7104, 0.3320, 0.3261



77.3984, 0.3362, 0.3255



87.2648, 0.3325, 0.3409



18.0163, 0.3279, 0.3267



11.1556, 0.6290, 0.3239



1.0954, 0.6079, 0.3122



# Inverse Universe

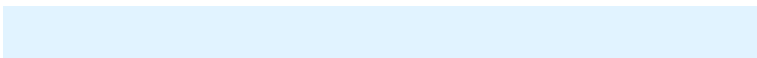
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.7104, 0.3320, 0.3261



77.3984, 0.3362, 0.3255



87.3289, 0.2944, 0.3168



18.0163, 0.3279, 0.3267



11.1556, 0.6290, 0.3239

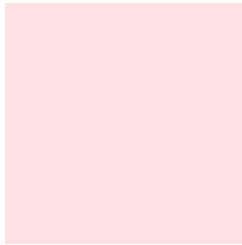


1.0954, 0.6079, 0.3122



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

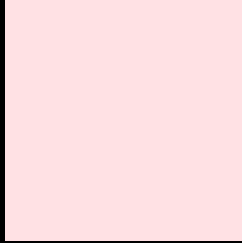
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

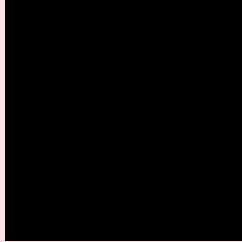
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

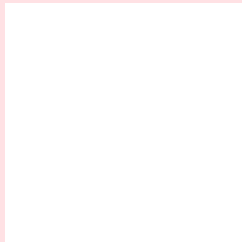
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261.

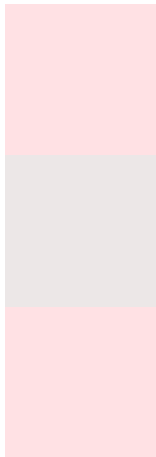


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261

### Protanopia

80.7542, 0.3161, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261



## Tritanopia

80.8626, 0.3240, 0.3133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261

## Protanomaly

80.8065, 0.3218, 0.3280

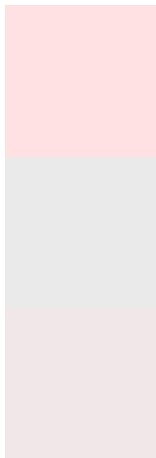
## Deuteranomaly

80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261

## Tritanomaly

80.6274, 0.3266, 0.3172

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261

## Achromatopsia

82.2786, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

81.8553, 0.3196, 0.3280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 225, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225,  
228) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.7119, 0.3320, 0.3261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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