

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(102.7609, 0.4131, 0.4092)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(102.7609, 0.4131, 0.4092)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF899
RGB	255, 248, 153
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0274, 0.3999
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	56°, 100%, 80%
HSV	56°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	80.5627, 90.6947, 43.4047
YIQ	239.2630, 34.6670, -28.0610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

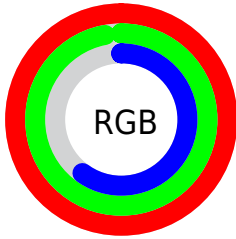
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	161, 255, 153
Decimal	16775321
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.28, -10.79, 46.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 47.639, 103.096
Yxy	90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965401 (0xFFFFFFFF899)
YUV	239.2630, -42.5277, 13.8013
Hunter-Lab	95.2338, -15.6577, 39.6411

# Details

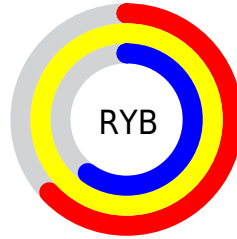
The Yxy color **90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **39.1430, 0.2395, 0.2142**, and the grayscale version is **86.8511, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751**, and **50.4897, 0.3870, 0.4424** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.8700, 0.3901, 0.4437**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.7119, 0.3596, 0.3996**.

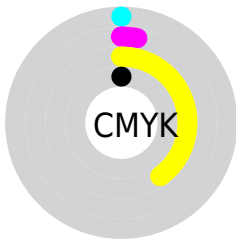
# Distribution



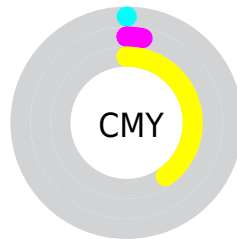
- Red (100%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 90.6947, 0.3753,  
0.4225


 90.6947, 0.3753,  
0.4225


530.2881, 0.3488,  
0.3809

 68.5570, 0.3806,  
0.4314


 148.3030, 0.3667,  
0.4085

 50.3510, 0.3869,  
0.4420


 184.5423, 0.3631,  
0.4030

 35.6924, 0.3941,  
0.4549


226.2510, 0.3600,  
0.3981

 24.1967, 0.4025,  
0.4707

273.8134, 0.3573,  
0.3938

 15.4796, 0.4120,  
0.4902

327.6139, 0.3548,  
0.3901

 9.1567, 0.4218,  
0.5142

388.0369, 0.3526,

 4.8435, 0.4418,

0.3867

0.5582

455.4669, 0.3506,  
0.3837

■ 2.1557, 0.4273,  
0.5727

■ 0.6957, 0.3638,  
0.6362

■ 90.6947, 0.3753,  
0.4225

■ 90.6947, 0.3753,  
0.4225

■ 88.8700, 0.3901,  
0.4437

■ 92.7119, 0.3596,  
0.3996

■ 87.2227, 0.4034,  
0.4621

■ 94.9285, 0.3436,  
0.3758

■ 85.7409, 0.4145,  
0.4768

■ 97.3556, 0.3278,  
0.3520

■ 84.4099, 0.4230,  
0.4872

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 83.2119, 0.4288,  
0.4930

■ 82.1183, 0.4321,  
0.4951

■ 82.1174, 0.4321,  
0.4951

# Harmonies

## Analogous

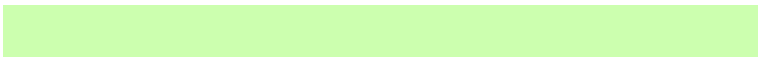
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.6947, 0.4103, 0.3967



90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



90.6947, 0.3251, 0.4215

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



90.6947, 0.2174, 0.2861



90.6947, 0.3473, 0.2790

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



39.1430, 0.2395, 0.2142

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6947, 0.2930, 0.2536



90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



90.6947, 0.2220, 0.2548

# Square

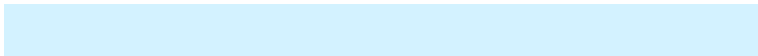
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



90.6947, 0.2354, 0.3351



90.6947, 0.2483, 0.2445

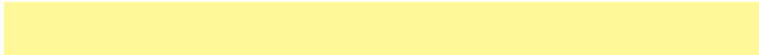


90.6947, 0.3949, 0.3157

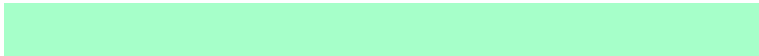


# Rectangle

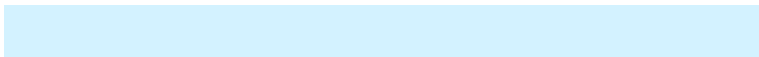
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



90.6947, 0.2903, 0.4023



90.6947, 0.2483, 0.2445



90.6947, 0.3290, 0.2690

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.6959, 0.3753, 0.4225



96.8509, 0.3310, 0.3568



46.6410, 0.4060, 0.3203



20.6608, 0.3330, 0.3599



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

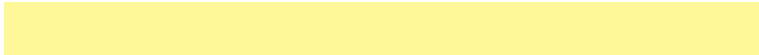


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

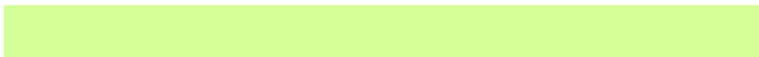
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.6959, 0.3753, 0.4225



89.2191, 0.3873, 0.4397



87.8934, 0.3437, 0.4391



20.8646, 0.3271, 0.3509



42.9989, 0.4319, 0.4953



4.2482, 0.4303, 0.4965



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1430, 0.2395, 0.2142



31.2240, 0.2226, 0.1869



41.6798, 0.2689, 0.2152



17.5778, 0.2978, 0.3061



4.0637, 0.1512, 0.0641



0.4623, 0.1538, 0.0736



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

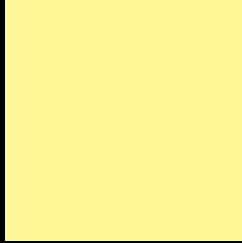
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

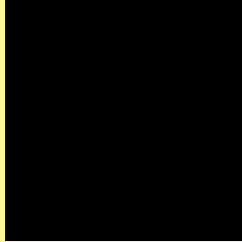
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225.

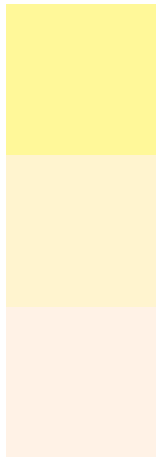


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225

### Protanopia

90.4664, 0.3431, 0.3658

### Deuteranopia

90.4774, 0.3287, 0.3408



## Tritanopia

90.4197, 0.3171, 0.3203

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



## Protanomaly

90.1527, 0.3555, 0.3868



## Deuteranomaly

90.2256, 0.3462, 0.3708



## Tritanomaly

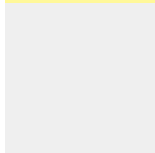
90.2162, 0.3388, 0.3578

# Monochromacy



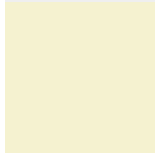
## Original Color

90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225



## Achromatopsia

86.3157, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

87.4708, 0.3359, 0.3636

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 248, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 248, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248,  
153) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 90.6947, 0.3753, 0.4225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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