

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(103.1998, 0.2722, 0.3530)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(103.1998, 0.2722, 0.3530)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2FFFE
RGB	178, 255, 254
RGB Percent	70%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.3015, 0.0001, 0.0038
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	179°, 100%, 85%
HSV	179°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	72.0301, 88.1407, 107.0032
YIQ	231.8630, -45.5710, -16.6350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

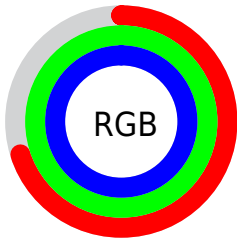
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	178, 217, 255
Decimal	11730942
CIE Lab	95.22, -23.54, -7.08
CIE LCh	95, 24.583, 196.747
Yxy	88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289921022 (0xFFB2FFFE)
YUV	231.8630, 10.9135, -47.2379
Hunter-Lab	93.8833, -27.3451, -1.8573

# Details

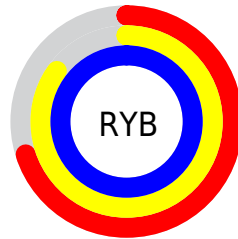
The Yxy color **88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.3970, 0.3801, 0.3282**, and the grayscale version is **80.5495, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.5729, 0.3011, 0.3290**, and **48.5570, 0.2605, 0.3302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.3806, 0.2578, 0.3303**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.4686, 0.2828, 0.3296**.

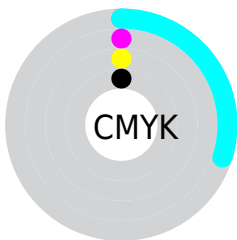
# Distribution



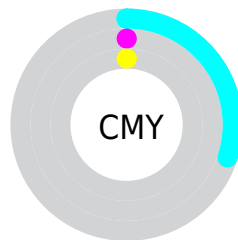
- Red (70%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.1407, 0.2696,  
0.3299

 88.1407, 0.2696,  
0.3299


521.9639, 0.2886,  
0.3298

 66.4396, 0.2655,  
0.3299

 144.7530, 0.2760,  
0.3299

 48.6293, 0.2604,  
0.3298

180.4330, 0.2786,  
0.3299

 34.3255, 0.2542,  
0.3296


221.5415, 0.2808,  
0.3299

 23.1438, 0.2464,  
0.3293

268.4627, 0.2828,  
0.3299

 14.6997, 0.2361,  
0.3288

321.5812, 0.2845,  
0.3299

 8.6089, 0.2222,  
0.3279

381.2813, 0.2860,

 4.4870, 0.2022,

0.3299

0.3259

447.9474, 0.2874,  
0.3298

1.9495, 0.1716,  
0.3214

0.5779, 0.0000,  
0.3377

88.1407, 0.2696,  
0.3299

88.1407, 0.2696,  
0.3299

85.3806, 0.2578,  
0.3303

91.4686, 0.2828,  
0.3296

83.1465, 0.2478,  
0.3306

95.3823, 0.2972,  
0.3293

81.4080, 0.2396,  
0.3310

99.9123, 0.3125,  
0.3290

80.1268, 0.2334,  
0.3314

99.9893, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 79.2593, 0.2292,  
0.3318

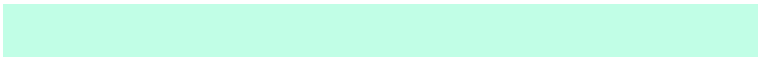
■ 78.7535, 0.2267,  
0.3322

■ 78.5255, 0.2257,  
0.3326

# Harmonies

## Analogous

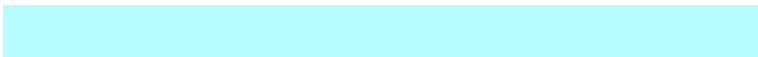
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.1407, 0.2900, 0.3558



88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



88.1407, 0.2605, 0.3052

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



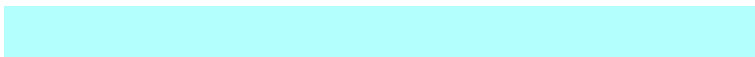
88.1407, 0.3064, 0.2888



88.1407, 0.3627, 0.3684

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



56.3970, 0.3801, 0.3282

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.1407, 0.3679, 0.3490



88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



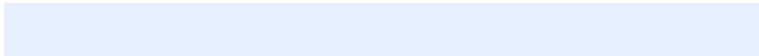
88.1407, 0.3346, 0.3042

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



88.1407, 0.2810, 0.2829



88.1407, 0.3575, 0.3257

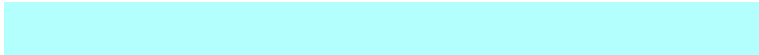


88.1407, 0.3438, 0.3782



# Rectangle

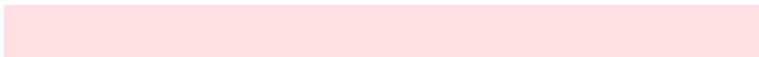
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



88.1407, 0.2618, 0.2929



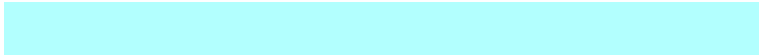
88.1407, 0.3575, 0.3257



88.1407, 0.3661, 0.3627

# Sweetspot

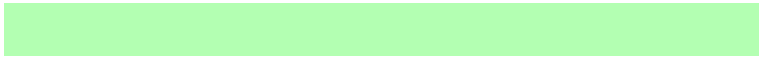
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.1442, 0.2696, 0.3299



95.8858, 0.2989, 0.3292



84.3578, 0.3093, 0.4176



20.3913, 0.2968, 0.3293



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

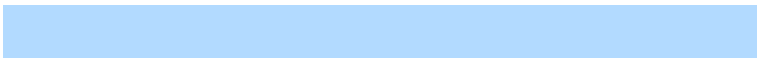
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.1442, 0.2696, 0.3299



86.4743, 0.2625, 0.3301



66.7490, 0.2644, 0.2872



20.4774, 0.2982, 0.3293



41.0392, 0.2257, 0.3325



3.9971, 0.2256, 0.3321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3970, 0.3801, 0.3282



50.2182, 0.3992, 0.3281



73.2105, 0.3696, 0.3674



17.9907, 0.3293, 0.3288



11.1140, 0.6388, 0.3293

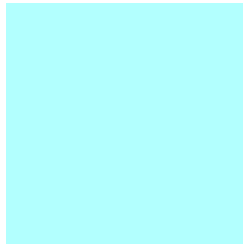


1.0834, 0.6358, 0.3276



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

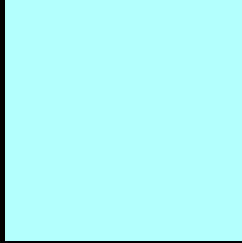
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

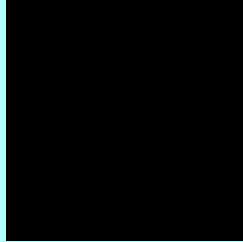
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

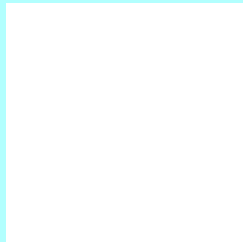
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299.

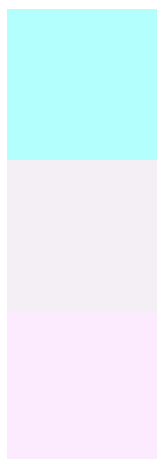


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299

### Protanopia

87.3803, 0.3117, 0.3230

### Deuteranopia

87.3321, 0.3116, 0.3096



## Tritanopia

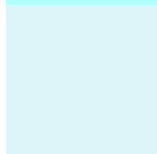
87.8832, 0.2897, 0.3197

# Trichromacy



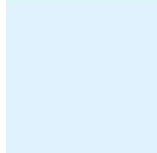
## Original Color

88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



## Protanomaly

87.1422, 0.2947, 0.3259



## Deuteranomaly

86.7318, 0.2944, 0.3158



## Tritanomaly

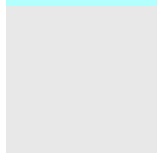
87.6679, 0.2817, 0.3226

# Monochromacy



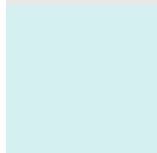
## Original Color

88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299



## Achromatopsia

80.6952, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

82.6085, 0.2948, 0.3289

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 255, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 255, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 255, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 255, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

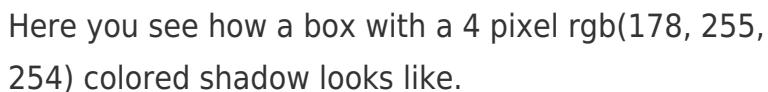
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 255, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 255, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 255, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255, 254) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 88.1407, 0.2696, 0.3299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 255, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
255, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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