

Converting Colors

$Yxy(11.0094, 0.3210, 0.1542)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.0094, 0.3210, 0.1542)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A700A7
RGB	167, 0, 167
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 65%
CMY	0.3452, 0.9990, 0.3452
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	300°, 100%, 33%
HSV	300°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	22.9031, 11.0055, 37.4630
YIQ	68.9710, 45.9250, 87.3410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

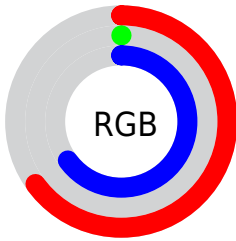
Format	Color
RYB	167, 0, 167
Decimal	10944679
CIELab	39.59, 71.53, -44.30
CIELCh	40, 84.136, 328.229
Yxy	11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289134759 (0xFFA700A7)
YUV	68.9710, 48.3283, 85.9714
Hunter-Lab	33.1745, 65.1780, -43.7321

Details

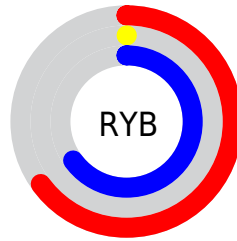
The Yxy color **11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **27.6297, 0.3000, 0.5999**, and the grayscale version is **5.8843, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6830, 0.3226, 0.1869**, and **4.5299, 0.3125, 0.1495** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0003, 0.3209, 0.1541**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4001, 0.3207, 0.1583**.

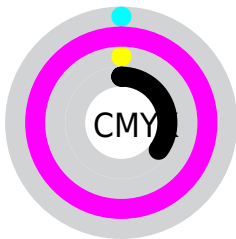
Distribution



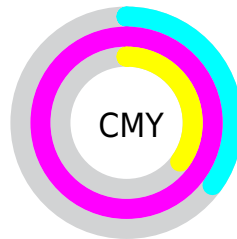
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.0055, 0.3209,
0.1542


 11.0055, 0.3209,
0.1542


197.7053, 0.3215,
0.2447


 6.0705, 0.3184,
0.1320


 27.6703, 0.3226,
0.1872


 2.8880, 0.3136,
0.1046


 40.1690, 0.3228,
0.1996

 1.0736, 0.3037,
0.0713

 55.9577, 0.3227,
0.2101

 0.0000, 0.2926,
0.0000

 75.4208, 0.3226,
0.2190

 0.0000, 0.2335,
0.0000

 98.9427, 0.3223,
0.2268

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 126.9078, 0.3221,

0.2335

159.7006, 0.3218,
0.2394

■ 11.0055, 0.3209,
0.1542

■ 11.0055, 0.3209,
0.1542

■ 11.0003, 0.3209,
0.1541

■ 11.4001, 0.3207,
0.1583

■ 12.1251, 0.3204,
0.1656

■ 13.3123, 0.3198,
0.1770

■ 15.0213, 0.3191,
0.1924

■ 17.3027, 0.3182,
0.2113

■ 20.2012, 0.3172,
0.2330

■ 23.7572, 0.3161,
0.2565

■ 28.0075, 0.3150,
0.2809

■ 32.9862, 0.3138,
0.3054

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.0055, 0.1756, 0.1165



11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



11.0055, 0.5181, 0.2211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



11.0055, 0.4954, 0.5046



11.0055, 0.0712, 0.2273

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



27.6297, 0.3000, 0.5999

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0055, 0.1149, 0.4420



11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



11.0055, 0.3553, 0.6447

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



11.0055, 0.6126, 0.3874



11.0055, 0.2191, 0.6678



11.0055, 0.0704, 0.1367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



11.0055, 0.6142, 0.2725



11.0055, 0.2191, 0.6678



11.0055, 0.0796, 0.2828

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.0060, 0.3209, 0.1542



42.0768, 0.3162, 0.2548



2.8567, 0.1504, 0.0613



8.8130, 0.3166, 0.2451



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.0060, 0.3209, 0.1542



19.7080, 0.3209, 0.1541



8.8965, 0.4870, 0.2457



7.6666, 0.3138, 0.3067



8.4206, 0.3209, 0.1541



0.2049, 0.3209, 0.1541

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2188, 0.6397, 0.3300



14.7135, 0.6401, 0.3300



28.2208, 0.2736, 0.5047



7.5423, 0.3286, 0.3290



6.2866, 0.6401, 0.3300



0.1530, 0.6400, 0.3299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

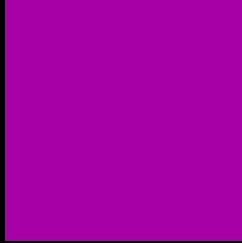
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

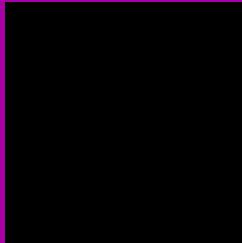
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542

Protanopia

11.5944, 0.1744, 0.1479

Deuteranopia

11.6699, 0.2092, 0.2042



Tritanopia

11.4065, 0.4751, 0.3233

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



Protanomaly

7.6228, 0.1839, 0.1145



Deuteranomaly

8.4521, 0.2321, 0.1505



Tritanomaly

10.1494, 0.4215, 0.2393

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542



Achromatopsia

5.9511, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

5.8245, 0.3188, 0.2002

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 0, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 0, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 0, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 0, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 0, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 0, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 0, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 0, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 0, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 0,  
167) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.0055, 0.3209, 0.1542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 0, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 0,  
167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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