

Converting Colors

$Yxy(11.0804, 0.1421, 0.2023)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.0804, 0.1421, 0.2023)
contains.

Yxy(13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006BA2
RGB	0, 107, 162
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 64%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5804, 0.3648
CMYK	1.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	200°, 100%, 32%
HSV	200°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	11.7762, 13.1240, 36.0849
YIQ	81.2770, -81.4270, -5.5790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

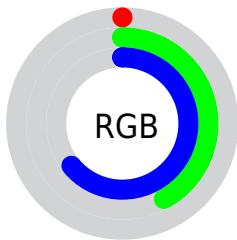
Format	Color
RYB	0, 64, 162
Decimal	27554
CIELab	42.95, -4.83, -36.77
CIELCh	43, 37.084, 262.518
Yxy	13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217634 (0xFF006BA2)
YUV	81.2770, 39.7964, -71.2799
Hunter-Lab	36.2271, -5.3729, -33.6984

Details

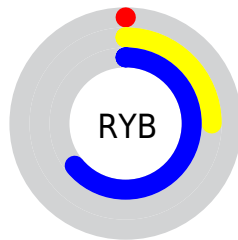
The Yxy color **13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **10.4087, 0.5845, 0.3741**, and the grayscale version is **8.2186, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4897, 0.2200, 0.2415**, and **4.3575, 0.1835, 0.1805** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.1253, 0.1931, 0.2152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.4203, 0.1988, 0.2278**.

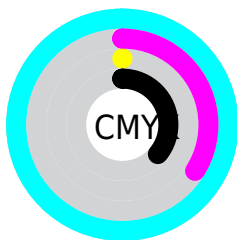
Distribution



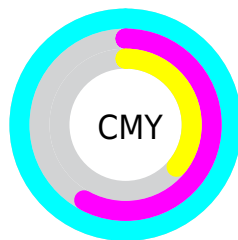
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.1240, 0.1931,
0.2152

■ 13.1240, 0.1931,
0.2152

■ 211.7108, 0.2613,
0.2812

■ 7.5140, 0.1736,
0.1957

■ 31.5264, 0.2199,
0.2415

■ 3.7856, 0.1474,
0.1693

■ 45.0875, 0.2293,
0.2506

■ 1.5544, 0.1119,
0.1325

■ 62.0679, 0.2371,
0.2581

■ 0.3265, 0.0379,
0.0643

■ 82.8517, 0.2436,
0.2643

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 107.8236, 0.2490,
0.2696

■ 137.3678, 0.2537,

0.2740

171.8687, 0.2578,
0.2779

■ 13.1240, 0.1931,
0.2152

■ 13.1240, 0.1931,
0.2152

■ 13.1253, 0.1931,
0.2152

■ 14.4203, 0.1988,
0.2278

■ 15.8790, 0.2061,
0.2406

■ 17.5412, 0.2154,
0.2534

■ 19.4244, 0.2265,
0.2660

■ 21.5439, 0.2391,
0.2783

■ 23.9132, 0.2528,
0.2900

■ 26.5446, 0.2674,
0.3010

■ 29.4493, 0.2824,
0.3112

■ 32.6379, 0.2976,
0.3206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.1240, 0.1774, 0.2467



13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152



13.1240, 0.2370, 0.2118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152



13.1240, 0.4507, 0.3244



13.1240, 0.3028, 0.4609

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152



10.4087, 0.5845, 0.3741

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.1240, 0.3778, 0.4723



13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152



13.1240, 0.4687, 0.3821

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152



13.1240, 0.3877, 0.2719



13.1240, 0.4394, 0.4369



13.1240, 0.2345, 0.3944

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152



13.1240, 0.2810, 0.2230



13.1240, 0.4394, 0.4369



13.1240, 0.3281, 0.4714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.1253, 0.1931, 0.2152



47.9174, 0.2666, 0.3004



26.0996, 0.2860, 0.5495



10.3204, 0.2606, 0.2961



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.1253, 0.1931, 0.2152



23.4406, 0.1925, 0.2129



3.3916, 0.1544, 0.0758



7.6044, 0.2987, 0.3212



10.4252, 0.1934, 0.2163



0.3011, 0.2061, 0.2619

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.7409, 0.4284, 0.2134



15.8334, 0.4309, 0.2148



25.0023, 0.4518, 0.4795



7.1611, 0.3187, 0.3143



6.8966, 0.4272, 0.2127



0.1532, 0.3805, 0.1870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

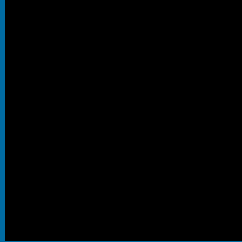
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152.

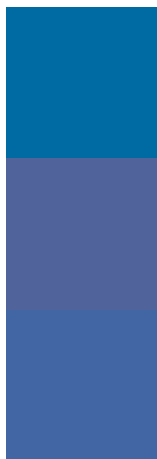


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152

Protanopia

13.0396, 0.2310, 0.2187

Deuteranopia

13.2709, 0.2139, 0.2096



Tritanopia

13.1907, 0.2192, 0.3090

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152

Protanomaly

12.7014, 0.2085, 0.2146

Deuteranomaly

13.0164, 0.2012, 0.2100

Tritanomaly

13.1465, 0.2085, 0.2707

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152

Achromatopsia

8.2283, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.1682, 0.2378, 0.2765

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 107, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 107, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 107, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 107, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 107, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 107, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 107, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 107, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 107, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 107,  
162) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.1240, 0.1931, 0.2152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 107, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 107,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor