

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.1318, 0.3123, 0.3220)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.1318, 0.3123, 0.3220)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	605D60
RGB	96, 93, 96
RGB Percent	38%, 36%, 38%
CMY	0.6236, 0.6353, 0.6235
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	299°, 2%, 37%
HSV	299°, 3%, 38%
XYZ	10.8481, 11.1600, 12.6503
YIQ	94.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

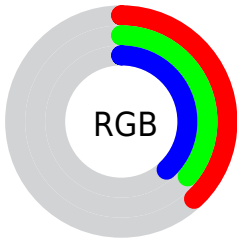
Format	Color
R _Y B	96, 93, 96
Decimal	6315360
CIE Lab	39.85, 1.81, -1.30
CIE LCh	40, 2.227, 324.279
Yxy	11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284505440 (0xFF605D60)
YUV	94.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	33.4066, -0.4975, 0.9328

Details

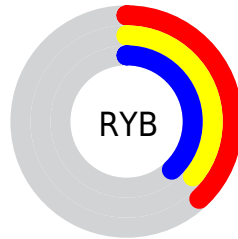
The Yxy color **11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.4867, 0.3124, 0.3361**, and the grayscale version is **11.2504, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8312, 0.3129, 0.3242**, and **2.9414, 0.3133, 0.3169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5744, 0.3139, 0.2991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9582, 0.3121, 0.3441**.

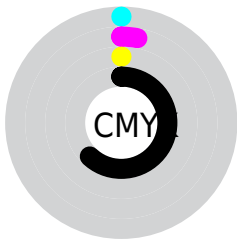
Distribution



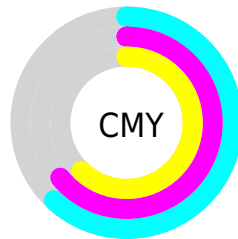
- Red (38%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1600, 0.3130,
0.3220

■ 11.1600, 0.3130,
0.3220

198.7620, 0.3128,
0.3263

■ 6.1746, 0.3131,
0.3205

■ 27.9557, 0.3129,
0.3238

■ 2.9515, 0.3131,
0.3181

■ 40.5347, 0.3129,
0.3244

■ 1.1065, 0.3132,
0.3140

■ 56.4136, 0.3129,
0.3249

■ 0.0000, 0.2797,
0.0000

■ 75.9770, 0.3129,
0.3253

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

99.6091, 0.3129,
0.3256

127.6944, 0.3129,

0.3259

160.6172, 0.3128,
0.3261

■ 11.1600, 0.3130,
0.3220

■ 11.1600, 0.3130,
0.3220

■ 9.5744, 0.3139,
0.2991

■ 12.9582, 0.3121,
0.3441

■ 8.1922, 0.3148,
0.2758

■ 14.9750, 0.3112,
0.3650

■ 7.0055, 0.3157,
0.2528

■ 17.2178, 0.3104,
0.3845

■ 6.0055, 0.3165,
0.2306

■ 19.6936, 0.3096,
0.4027

■ 5.1827, 0.3172,
0.2101

■ 22.4085, 0.3089,
0.4193

■ 4.5266, 0.3178,
0.1921

■ 25.3690, 0.3082,
0.4345

■ 4.0258, 0.3183,
0.1772

■ 28.5810, 0.3076,
0.4484

■ 3.6674, 0.3185,
0.1658

■ 32.0501, 0.3071,
0.4610

■ 3.4291, 0.3186,
0.1579

■ 35.7821, 0.3066,
0.4723

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1600, 0.3081, 0.3205



11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220



11.1600, 0.3179, 0.3254

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220



11.1600, 0.3211, 0.3369



11.1600, 0.3041, 0.3282

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220



11.4867, 0.3124, 0.3361

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1600, 0.3076, 0.3327



11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220



11.1600, 0.3173, 0.3377

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220



11.1600, 0.3226, 0.3339



11.1600, 0.3124, 0.3362



11.1600, 0.3030, 0.3240

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220



11.1600, 0.3204, 0.3282



11.1600, 0.3124, 0.3362



11.1600, 0.3051, 0.3297

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1605, 0.3130, 0.3220



20.1751, 0.3128, 0.3267



11.0112, 0.3084, 0.3220



5.0162, 0.3128, 0.3269



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1605, 0.3130, 0.3220



19.2534, 0.3131, 0.3198



11.1356, 0.3151, 0.3254



2.8121, 0.3131, 0.3190



4.5622, 0.3187, 0.1529



24.3490, 0.3185, 0.1528

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.1083, 0.3174, 0.3289



19.1337, 0.3189, 0.3289



11.5111, 0.3104, 0.3326



2.7932, 0.3194, 0.3289



3.4602, 0.6383, 0.3290



18.4778, 0.6393, 0.3296

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

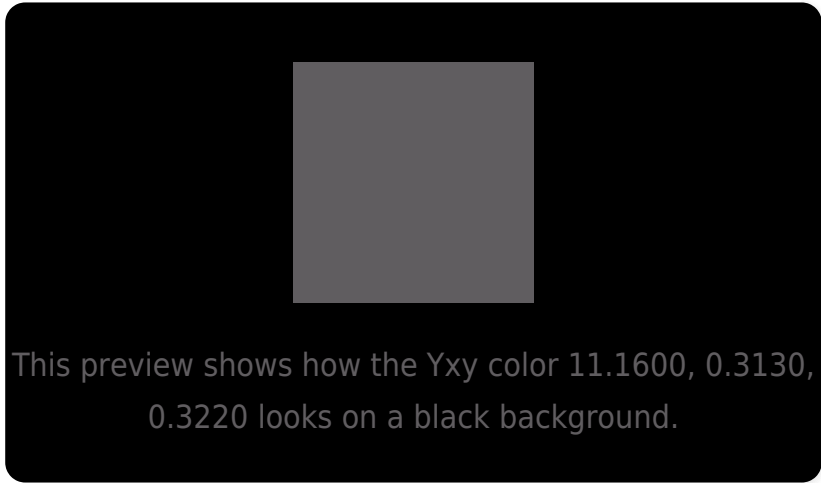
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

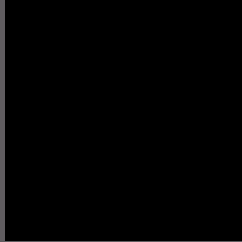
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

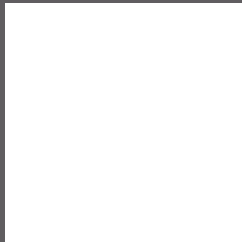
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220

Protanopia

11.1061, 0.3115, 0.3220

Deuteranopia

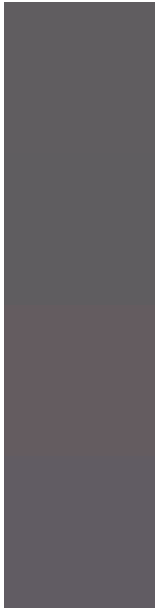
11.1515, 0.3228, 0.3177



Tritanopia

11.1158, 0.3089, 0.3106

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220

Protanomaly

11.1061, 0.3115, 0.3220

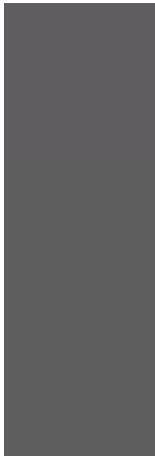
Deuteranomaly

11.2081, 0.3194, 0.3199

Tritanomaly

11.0965, 0.3104, 0.3128

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220

Achromatopsia

11.1932, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.2645, 0.3128, 0.3267

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 93, 96) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 93, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 93, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 93, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 93, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 93, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 93, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 93, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 93, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 93, 96)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.1600, 0.3130, 0.3220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 93, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 93,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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