

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.1537, 0.3869, 0.4728)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(11.1537, 0.3869, 0.4728)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C6224
RGB	92, 98, 36
RGB Percent	36%, 38%, 14%
CMY	0.6391, 0.6157, 0.8588
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.63, 0.62
HSL	66°, 46%, 26%
HSV	66°, 63%, 38%
XYZ	9.1010, 11.1381, 3.3386
YIQ	89.1380, 16.3260, -20.5540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

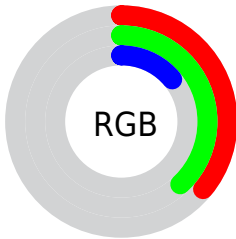
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	36, 98, 42
Decimal	6054436
CIELab	39.81, -11.82, 33.63
CIELCh	40, 35.647, 109.371
Yxy	11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284244516 (0xFF5C6224)
YUV	89.1380, -26.1970, 2.5100
Hunter-Lab	33.3738, -9.7274, 17.4305

# Details

The Yxy color **11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **2.6349, 0.2072, 0.1441**, and the grayscale version is **10.0794, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.0643, 0.3700, 0.4354**, and **3.0139, 0.3994, 0.5211** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0383, 0.3934, 0.4891**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2559, 0.3767, 0.4527**.

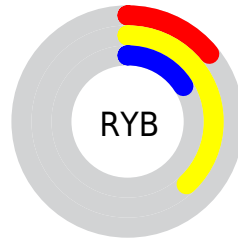
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (38%)

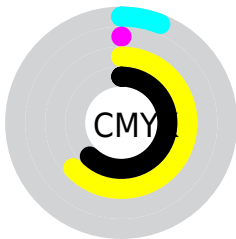
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (16%)

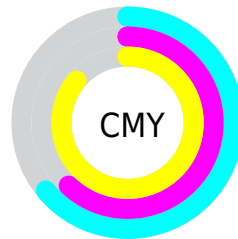


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (62%)


Yellow (86%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 11.1381, 0.3860,  
0.4724


 11.1381, 0.3860,  
0.4724


198.6126, 0.3446,  
0.3838


 6.1598, 0.3957,  
0.5010

 27.9153, 0.3705,  
0.4353


 2.9425, 0.4250,  
0.5679


 40.4829, 0.3646,  
0.4229

 1.1018, 0.4030,  
0.5970

 56.3491, 0.3598,  
0.4130

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 75.8983, 0.3557,  
0.4050

 99.5148, 0.3523,  
0.3983

 127.5831, 0.3494,

0.3927

160.4876, 0.3468,  
0.3879

11.1381, 0.3860,  
0.4724

11.1381, 0.3860,  
0.4724

11.0383, 0.3934,  
0.4891

11.2559, 0.3767,  
0.4527

10.9537, 0.3986,  
0.5023

11.3914, 0.3659,  
0.4307

10.8824, 0.4017,  
0.5118

11.5463, 0.3541,  
0.4074

10.8365, 0.4035,  
0.5178

11.7216, 0.3417,  
0.3834

11.9182, 0.3291,  
0.3596

■ 12.1369, 0.3167,  
0.3364

■ 12.3787, 0.3047,  
0.3142

■ 12.6443, 0.2932,  
0.2934

■ 12.9345, 0.2825,  
0.2741

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1381, 0.4460, 0.4328



11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724



11.1381, 0.3105, 0.4672

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724



11.1381, 0.1757, 0.2506



11.1381, 0.3804, 0.2662

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724



2.6349, 0.2072, 0.1441

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1381, 0.2980, 0.2278



11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724



11.1381, 0.1886, 0.2156

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724



11.1381, 0.1923, 0.3178



11.1381, 0.2299, 0.2095



11.1381, 0.4479, 0.3183



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724



11.1381, 0.2614, 0.4305



11.1381, 0.2299, 0.2095



11.1381, 0.3529, 0.2515

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1386, 0.3860, 0.4724



20.6653, 0.3371, 0.3745



4.3209, 0.4863, 0.3415



4.8962, 0.3396, 0.3793



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1386, 0.3860, 0.4724



19.2673, 0.3963, 0.4962



9.8810, 0.3370, 0.4999



2.9577, 0.3236, 0.3492



14.4211, 0.4032, 0.5180



76.8309, 0.4022, 0.5188



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.6349, 0.2072, 0.1441



2.9546, 0.1816, 0.1029



3.5272, 0.2630, 0.1680



2.5263, 0.3013, 0.3081



1.2443, 0.1553, 0.0629



6.4570, 0.1526, 0.0614



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

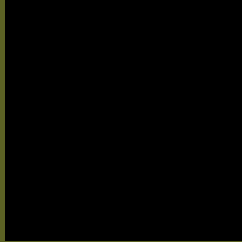
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724

### Protanopia

11.1300, 0.4141, 0.4549

### Deuteranopia

11.0042, 0.4352, 0.4298



## Tritanopia

11.1518, 0.3119, 0.3129

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724

## Protanomaly

11.0151, 0.4043, 0.4614

## Deuteranomaly

10.9200, 0.4169, 0.4446

## Tritanomaly

11.0140, 0.3426, 0.3724

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724

## Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

10.2701, 0.3425, 0.3845

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 98, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(92, 98, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 98, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 98, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 98, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 98, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 98, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 98, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 98, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 98, 36)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.1381, 0.3860, 0.4724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 98, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 98,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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