

Converting Colors

$Yxy(11.1729, 0.2112, 0.2804)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.1729, 0.2112, 0.2804)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00677A
RGB	0, 103, 122
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 48%
CMY	0.9997, 0.5961, 0.5216
CMYK	1.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	189°, 100%, 24%
HSV	189°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	8.3628, 11.1056, 20.1096
YIQ	74.3690, -67.4870, -15.9270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

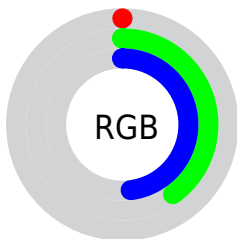
Format	Color
RYB	0, 56, 122
Decimal	26490
CIELab	39.76, -17.95, -17.76
CIElCh	40, 25.252, 224.702
Yxy	11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216570 (0xFF00677A)
YUV	74.3690, 23.4821, -65.2216
Hunter-Lab	33.3251, -13.5247, -12.4503

Details

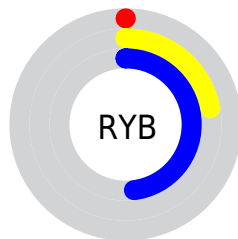
The Yxy color **11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.6044, 0.6201, 0.3457**, and the grayscale version is **6.8877, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.7450, 0.2362, 0.2944**, and **3.3094, 0.2056, 0.2600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1030, 0.2113, 0.2806**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5679, 0.2153, 0.2859**.

Distribution



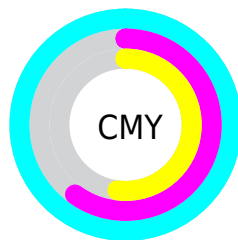
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.1056, 0.2113,
0.2806


 11.1056, 0.2113,
0.2806


198.3906, 0.2716,
0.3117


 6.1379, 0.1921,
0.2691

 27.8553, 0.2361,
0.2943

 2.9291, 0.1646,
0.2511


 40.4060, 0.2444,
0.2986

 1.0948, 0.1188,
0.2210

 56.2533, 0.2512,
0.3020

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 75.7814, 0.2568,
0.3047

 99.3748, 0.2614,
0.3070

 127.4179, 0.2653,

0.3088

160.2950, 0.2687,
0.3104

11.1056, 0.2113,
0.2806

11.1056, 0.2113,
0.2806

11.1030, 0.2113,
0.2806

11.5679, 0.2153,
0.2859

12.0786, 0.2203,
0.2912

12.6654, 0.2271,
0.2966

13.3362, 0.2357,
0.3018

14.0978, 0.2459,
0.3070

■ 14.9564, 0.2574,
0.3120

■ 15.9176, 0.2702,
0.3167

■ 16.9863, 0.2839,
0.3211

■ 18.1673, 0.2981,
0.3252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1056, 0.2289, 0.3322



11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806



11.1056, 0.2174, 0.2489

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806



11.1056, 0.3526, 0.2777



11.1056, 0.3764, 0.4295

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806



4.6044, 0.6201, 0.3457

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1056, 0.4152, 0.4024



11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806



11.1056, 0.4026, 0.3169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806



11.1056, 0.2945, 0.2502



11.1056, 0.4259, 0.3611



11.1056, 0.3225, 0.4272

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806



11.1056, 0.2343, 0.2402



11.1056, 0.4259, 0.3611



11.1056, 0.3917, 0.4230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1060, 0.2113, 0.2806



27.8716, 0.2692, 0.3163



13.9604, 0.2953, 0.5831



6.2391, 0.2648, 0.3148



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1060, 0.2113, 0.2806



19.3792, 0.2109, 0.2793



3.1146, 0.1663, 0.1186



4.4112, 0.2994, 0.3256



11.6833, 0.2112, 0.2804



54.7155, 0.2105, 0.2777

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.1174, 0.3629, 0.1773



8.9860, 0.3641, 0.1779



9.7744, 0.4943, 0.4456



4.0673, 0.3158, 0.3111



5.3863, 0.3631, 0.1774



25.5907, 0.3656, 0.1788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

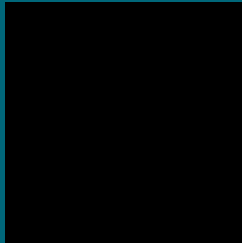
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806.

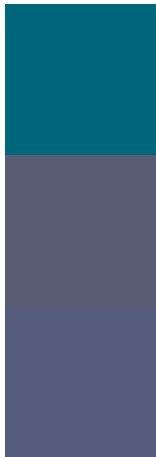


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806

Protanopia

11.1904, 0.2774, 0.2790

Deuteranopia

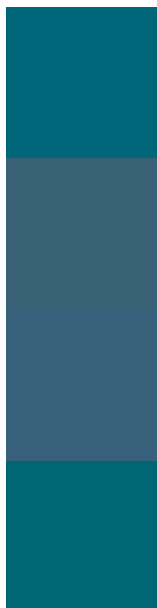
11.0880, 0.2628, 0.2578



Tritanopia

11.0705, 0.2188, 0.3075

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806

Protanomaly

10.7273, 0.2387, 0.2773

Deuteranomaly

10.6080, 0.2320, 0.2636

Tritanomaly

11.1616, 0.2160, 0.2975

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806

Achromatopsia

6.8478, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.8567, 0.2499, 0.3112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 103, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 103, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 103, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 103, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 103, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103,  
122) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 103,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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