

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C572A
RGB	124, 87, 42
RGB Percent	49%, 34%, 16%
CMY	0.5137, 0.6588, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.66, 0.51
HSL	33°, 49%, 33%
HSV	33°, 66%, 49%
XYZ	12.1396, 11.2686, 3.7254
YIQ	92.9330, 36.4970, -6.1510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

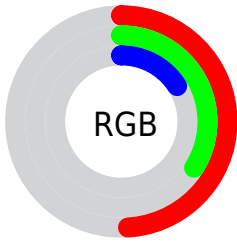
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 124, 42
Decimal	8148778
CIE _{Lab}	40.03, 10.30, 31.67
CIE _{LCh}	40, 33.305, 71.992
Yxy	11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286338858 (0xFF7C572A)
YUV	92.9330, -25.1100, 27.2458
Hunter-Lab	33.5687, 5.8063, 16.9181

Details

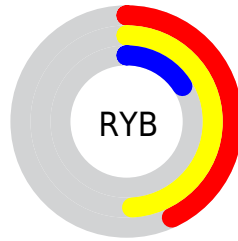
The Yxy color **11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **7.5416, 0.2107, 0.2150**, and the grayscale version is **10.9835, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1963, 0.4139, 0.3978**, and **3.0336, 0.5047, 0.4374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3223, 0.4715, 0.4226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3138, 0.4230, 0.4048**.

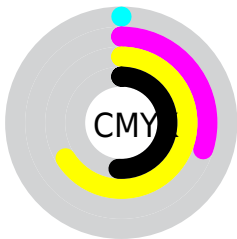
Distribution



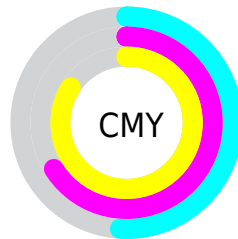
- Red (49%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.2686, 0.4474,
0.4153


 11.2686, 0.4474,
0.4153


199.5012, 0.3662,
0.3669


 6.2478, 0.4723,
0.4269


 28.1558, 0.4142,
0.3972


 2.9963, 0.5193,
0.4506

 40.7910, 0.4028,
0.3904


 1.1298, 0.5530,
0.4470

 56.7331, 0.3937,
0.3848

 0.0032, 0.9874,
0.0126

 76.3665, 0.3862,
0.3800

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 100.0756, 0.3799,
0.3760

 128.2448, 0.3746,

0.3725

161.2585, 0.3701,
0.3695

■ 11.2686, 0.4474,
0.4153

■ 11.2686, 0.4474,
0.4153

■ 10.3223, 0.4715,
0.4226

■ 12.3138, 0.4230,
0.4048

■ 9.4690, 0.4940,
0.4257

■ 13.4601, 0.3994,
0.3922

■ 8.7027, 0.5141,
0.4244

■ 14.7116, 0.3771,
0.3784

■ 8.4254, 0.5221,
0.4236

■ 16.0715, 0.3567,
0.3643

■ 17.5430, 0.3383,
0.3503

■ 19.1292, 0.3219,
0.3369

■ 20.8327, 0.3073,
0.3242

■ 22.6564, 0.2944,
0.3123

■ 24.6029, 0.2831,
0.3013

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2686, 0.4599, 0.3611



11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153



11.2686, 0.3981, 0.4570

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153



11.2686, 0.2082, 0.3384



11.2686, 0.2817, 0.2274

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153



7.5416, 0.2107, 0.2150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2686, 0.2230, 0.2156



11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153



11.2686, 0.1849, 0.2691

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153



11.2686, 0.2598, 0.4167



11.2686, 0.1903, 0.2281



11.2686, 0.3572, 0.2597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153



11.2686, 0.3533, 0.4667



11.2686, 0.1903, 0.2281



11.2686, 0.2595, 0.2210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2692, 0.4474, 0.4153



29.7167, 0.3461, 0.3563



6.5250, 0.4162, 0.2562



6.8577, 0.3504, 0.3596



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2692, 0.4474, 0.4153



17.4292, 0.4824, 0.4247



18.6707, 0.3968, 0.4763



4.3455, 0.3265, 0.3407



8.5582, 0.5222, 0.4236



39.1042, 0.5290, 0.4182

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5416, 0.2107, 0.2150



10.3813, 0.1922, 0.1848



3.6632, 0.1930, 0.1277



4.1638, 0.2994, 0.3170



4.3460, 0.1744, 0.1477



19.0771, 0.1718, 0.1386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

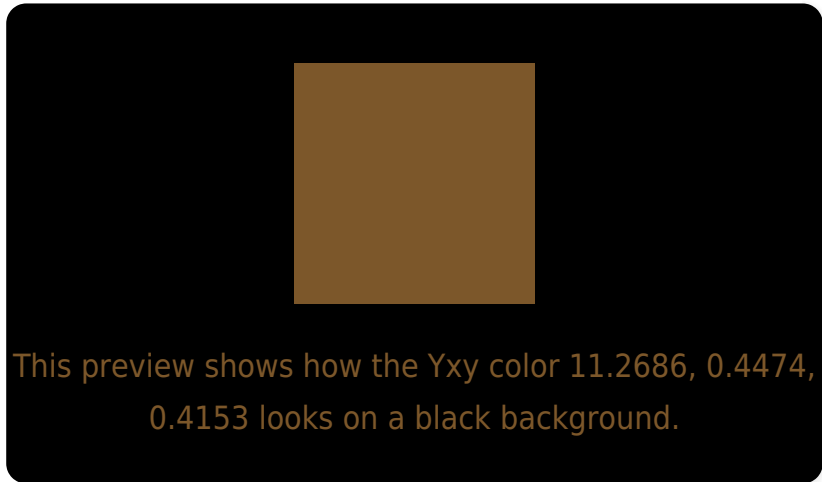
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153

Protanopia

11.3695, 0.4025, 0.4411

Deuteranopia

11.2543, 0.4329, 0.4277



Tritanopia

11.2512, 0.3814, 0.3172

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153

Protanomaly

11.2735, 0.4193, 0.4319

Deuteranomaly

11.2979, 0.4393, 0.4235

Tritanomaly

11.2312, 0.4087, 0.3555

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153

Achromatopsia

10.9462, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.9196, 0.3607, 0.3685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 87, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 87, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 87, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 87, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 87, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 87, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 87, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 87, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 87, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 87,  
42) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.2686, 0.4474, 0.4153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 87, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 87,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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