

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.2708, 0.2394, 0.2784)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.2708, 0.2394, 0.2784)
contains.

Yxy(11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B6378
RGB	59, 99, 120
RGB Percent	23%, 39%, 47%
CMY	0.7684, 0.6118, 0.5294
CMYK	0.51, 0.18, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	201°, 34%, 35%
HSV	201°, 51%, 47%
XYZ	9.6583, 11.2096, 19.4254
YIQ	89.4340, -30.5810, -1.9490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

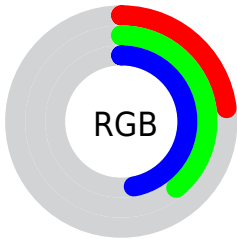
Format	Color
RYB	59, 83, 120
Decimal	3892088
CIELab	39.93, -7.76, -16.16
CIElCh	40, 17.924, 244.345
Yxy	11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282082168 (0xFF3B6378)
YUV	89.4340, 15.0690, -26.6906
Hunter-Lab	33.4807, -7.0988, -10.9633

Details

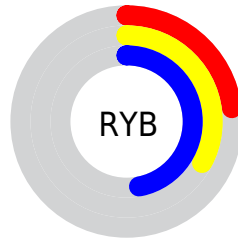
The Yxy color **11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **10.0575, 0.4234, 0.3731**, and the grayscale version is **10.0653, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1062, 0.2581, 0.2927**, and **3.0076, 0.2046, 0.2539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1202, 0.2273, 0.2661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4243, 0.2532, 0.2898**.

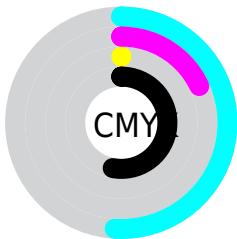
Distribution



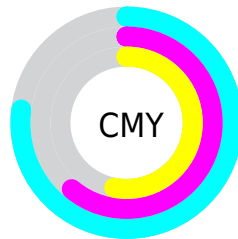
- Red (23%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.2096, 0.2397,
0.2782

■ 11.2096, 0.2397,
0.2782

■ 199.0999, 0.2837,
0.3098

■ 6.2080, 0.2252,
0.2671

■ 28.0471, 0.2580,
0.2917

■ 2.9720, 0.2038,
0.2502

■ 40.6518, 0.2641,
0.2961

■ 1.1171, 0.1697,
0.2216

■ 56.5596, 0.2690,
0.2996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 76.1550, 0.2730,
0.3024

■ 99.8224, 0.2763,
0.3047

■ 127.9460, 0.2792,

0.3067

160.9104, 0.2816,
0.3083

■ 11.2096, 0.2397,
0.2782

■ 11.2096, 0.2397,
0.2782

■ 10.1202, 0.2273,
0.2661

■ 12.4243, 0.2532,
0.2898

■ 9.1485, 0.2163,
0.2536

■ 13.7691, 0.2674,
0.3006

■ 8.2876, 0.2069,
0.2409

■ 15.2497, 0.2821,
0.3107

■ 7.5293, 0.1995,
0.2283

■ 16.8712, 0.2969,
0.3200

■ 6.8951, 0.1935,
0.2166

■ 18.6384, 0.3116,
0.3284

■ 20.5558, 0.3260,
0.3359

■ 22.6278, 0.3399,
0.3427

■ 24.8583, 0.3533,
0.3487

■ 27.2514, 0.3661,
0.3540

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2096, 0.2415, 0.3073



11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782



11.2096, 0.2557, 0.2646

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782



11.2096, 0.3657, 0.3104



11.2096, 0.3348, 0.4006

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782



10.0575, 0.4234, 0.3731

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2096, 0.3704, 0.3963



11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782



11.2096, 0.3895, 0.3428

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782



11.2096, 0.3273, 0.2834



11.2096, 0.3910, 0.3741



11.2096, 0.2948, 0.3819

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782



11.2096, 0.2752, 0.2644



11.2096, 0.3910, 0.3741



11.2096, 0.3477, 0.4016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2100, 0.2397, 0.2782



28.3332, 0.2901, 0.3158



14.9358, 0.2866, 0.4303



6.5998, 0.2876, 0.3143



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2100, 0.2397, 0.2782



17.4919, 0.2253, 0.2640



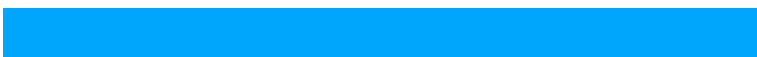
6.5706, 0.2254, 0.2018



4.2908, 0.2994, 0.3215



7.4946, 0.1934, 0.2161



34.1164, 0.1916, 0.2097

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0280, 0.3577, 0.2483



11.7509, 0.3727, 0.2325



15.4288, 0.3926, 0.4297



4.0551, 0.3184, 0.3151



4.9634, 0.4274, 0.2128



23.5112, 0.4345, 0.2167

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

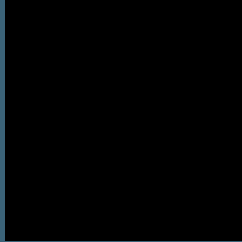
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782.

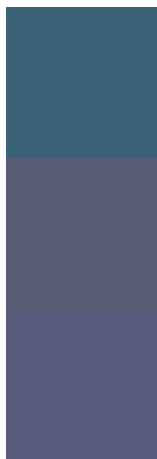


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782

Protanopia

11.1644, 0.2749, 0.2767

Deuteranopia

11.1341, 0.2676, 0.2622



Tritanopia

11.2237, 0.2471, 0.3086

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782

Protanomaly

11.0466, 0.2602, 0.2774

Deuteranomaly

11.1427, 0.2560, 0.2690

Tritanomaly

11.1474, 0.2438, 0.2964

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782

Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.3685, 0.2811, 0.3115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 99, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 99, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 99, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 99, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 99, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 99, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 99, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 99, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 99, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 99, 120) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.2096, 0.2397, 0.2782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 99, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 99,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor