

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.2865, 0.2213, 0.3171)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.2865, 0.2213, 0.3171)
contains.

Yxy(11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00696E
RGB	0, 105, 110
RGB Percent	0%, 41%, 43%
CMY	0.9991, 0.5883, 0.5686
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	183°, 100%, 22%
HSV	183°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	7.8681, 11.2289, 16.5051
YIQ	74.1750, -64.1850, -20.7050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

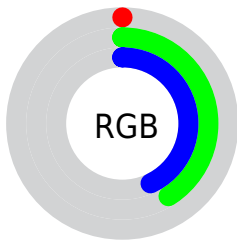
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 110
Decimal	26990
CIELab	39.96, -23.31, -10.15
CIELCh	40, 25.424, 203.531
Yxy	11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217070 (0xFF00696E)
YUV	74.1750, 17.6617, -65.0515
Hunter-Lab	33.5096, -16.7298, -5.7466

Details

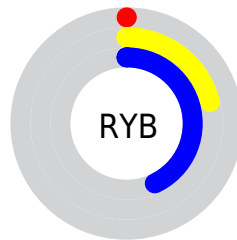
The Yxy color **11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.4292, 0.6334, 0.3347**, and the grayscale version is **6.8690, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.2184, 0.2436, 0.3200**, and **3.2741, 0.2186, 0.3068** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2258, 0.2209, 0.3154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4031, 0.2239, 0.3168**.

Distribution



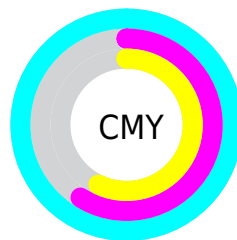
- Red (0%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.2289, 0.2210,
0.3154


 11.2289, 0.2210,
0.3154


199.2313, 0.2760,
0.3252


 6.2210, 0.2030,
0.3109

 28.0827, 0.2438,
0.3201


 2.9799, 0.1767,
0.3031

 40.6973, 0.2515,
0.3215

 1.1213, 0.1244,
0.2909

 56.6164, 0.2576,
0.3225

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 76.2242, 0.2626,
0.3233


 99.9053, 0.2668,
0.3240

 128.0438, 0.2704,


0.3245

 161.0244, 0.2734,
0.3249

 11.2289, 0.2210,
0.3154


 11.2289, 0.2210,
0.3154


 11.2258, 0.2209,
0.3154

 11.4031, 0.2239,
0.3168

 11.6066, 0.2277,
0.3183

 11.8643, 0.2332,
0.3197

 12.1820, 0.2405,
0.3212

 12.5651, 0.2494,
0.3226

■ 13.0182, 0.2599,
0.3241

■ 13.5454, 0.2717,
0.3254

■ 14.1507, 0.2847,
0.3267

■ 14.8378, 0.2985,
0.3279

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2289, 0.2548, 0.3736



11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154



11.2289, 0.2104, 0.2688

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154



11.2289, 0.3112, 0.2565



11.2289, 0.4065, 0.4128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154



3.4292, 0.6334, 0.3347

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2289, 0.4266, 0.3740



11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154



11.2289, 0.3693, 0.2882

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154



11.2289, 0.2586, 0.2404



11.2289, 0.4132, 0.3296



11.2289, 0.3616, 0.4328

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154



11.2289, 0.2165, 0.2495



11.2289, 0.4132, 0.3296



11.2289, 0.4165, 0.4012

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2293, 0.2210, 0.3154



23.6884, 0.2705, 0.3253



11.1624, 0.2989, 0.5959



5.4427, 0.2667, 0.3249



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2293, 0.2210, 0.3154



19.6659, 0.2208, 0.3150



3.5347, 0.1765, 0.1552



3.7904, 0.2996, 0.3280



13.4735, 0.2209, 0.3152



66.7659, 0.2207, 0.3145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.3398, 0.3321, 0.1604



7.6075, 0.3324, 0.1605



6.4201, 0.5243, 0.4216



3.4510, 0.3143, 0.3092



5.2060, 0.3322, 0.1604



25.8978, 0.3329, 0.1607

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

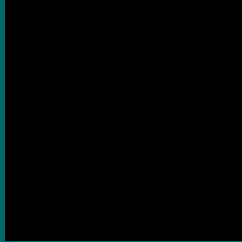
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154

Protanopia

11.1351, 0.2986, 0.3057

Deuteranopia

11.2262, 0.2868, 0.2818



Tritanopia

11.3810, 0.2218, 0.3079

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154

Protanomaly

10.5198, 0.2523, 0.3057

Deuteranomaly

10.6799, 0.2472, 0.2914

Tritanomaly

11.3246, 0.2213, 0.3103

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154

Achromatopsia

6.8478, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.7895, 0.2545, 0.3228

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 105, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 105, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 105, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 105, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 105, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 105, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 105, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 105, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 105, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 105,  
110) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.2289, 0.2210, 0.3154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 105, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 105,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor