

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.2997, 0.5437, 0.2769)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.2997, 0.5437, 0.2769)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD0049
RGB	189, 0, 73
RGB Percent	74%, 0%, 29%
CMY	0.2588, 1.0000, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.61, 0.26
HSL	337°, 100%, 37%
HSV	337°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	22.1917, 11.2999, 7.3170
YIQ	64.8330, 89.2110, 62.7710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

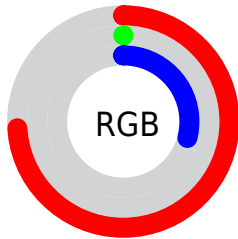
Format	Color
RYB	189, 0, 73
Decimal	12386377
CIELab	40.08, 66.16, 15.38
CIElCh	40, 67.920, 13.087
Yxy	11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290576457 (0xFFBD0049)
YUV	64.8330, 4.0263, 108.8945
Hunter-Lab	33.6153, 59.0129, 10.6252

Details

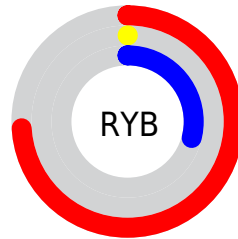
The Yxy color **11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **37.6618, 0.2614, 0.4611**, and the grayscale version is **5.2437, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.0762, 0.4853, 0.2941**, and **4.6829, 0.5906, 0.3027** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3017, 0.5438, 0.2769**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9326, 0.5146, 0.2688**.

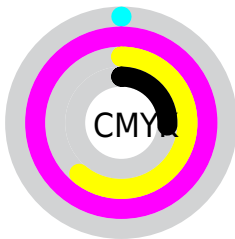
Distribution



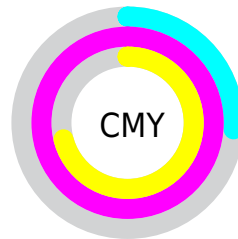
- Red (74%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (26%)





- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.2999, 0.5438,
0.2769


 11.2999, 0.5438,
0.2769


199.7136, 0.4028,
0.3141


 6.2689, 0.5890,
0.2616


 28.2134, 0.4854,
0.2942


 3.0093, 0.6527,
0.2371

 40.8647, 0.4657,
0.2995


 1.1366, 0.7723,
0.2027

 56.8250, 0.4499,
0.3034

 0.0090, 0.9953,
0.0047

 76.4785, 0.4370,
0.3065

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 100.2098, 0.4263,
0.3090

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 128.4031, 0.4172,

0.3110

161.4429, 0.4095,
0.3127

■ 11.2999, 0.5438,
0.2769

■ 11.2999, 0.5438,
0.2769

■ 11.3017, 0.5438,
0.2769

■ 11.9326, 0.5146,
0.2688

■ 13.0426, 0.4835,
0.2650

■ 14.7963, 0.4521,
0.2661

■ 17.2770, 0.4225,
0.2713

■ 20.5553, 0.3959,
0.2793

■ 24.6934, 0.3728,
0.2889

■ 29.7472, 0.3533,
0.2992

■ 35.7678, 0.3371,
0.3095

■ 42.8027, 0.3237,
0.3195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2999, 0.4008, 0.2065



11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769



11.2999, 0.5906, 0.3550

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769



11.2999, 0.3082, 0.6145



11.2999, 0.1078, 0.1465

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769



37.6618, 0.2614, 0.4611

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2999, 0.0953, 0.1998



11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769



11.2999, 0.1935, 0.5208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769



11.2999, 0.4339, 0.5560



11.2999, 0.1190, 0.3268



11.2999, 0.1557, 0.1361

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769



11.2999, 0.5639, 0.4142



11.2999, 0.1190, 0.3268



11.2999, 0.1001, 0.1583

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3017, 0.5438, 0.2769



52.7960, 0.3542, 0.2987



7.2125, 0.2230, 0.1002



10.4962, 0.3620, 0.2943



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3017, 0.5438, 0.2769



20.1948, 0.5477, 0.2791



11.2829, 0.6323, 0.3362



9.5957, 0.3229, 0.3202



7.6169, 0.5405, 0.2751



0.3112, 0.4760, 0.2396

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3017, 0.5438, 0.2769



20.1948, 0.5477, 0.2791



32.4661, 0.2159, 0.2972



9.5957, 0.3229, 0.3202



7.6169, 0.5405, 0.2751



0.3112, 0.4760, 0.2396

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

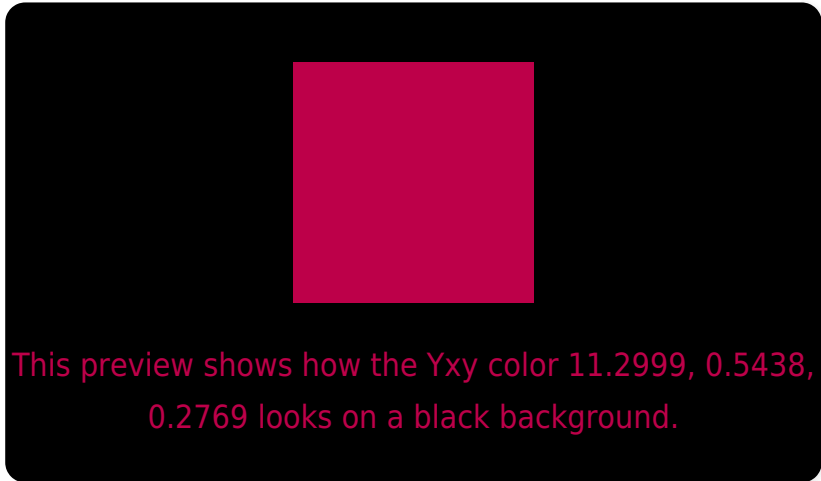
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

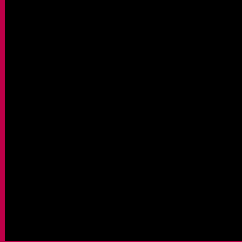
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769

Protanopia

11.9141, 0.2977, 0.3042

Deuteranopia

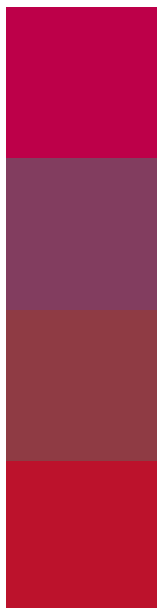
11.9234, 0.3937, 0.3889



Tritanopia

11.5227, 0.6072, 0.3311

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769

Protanomaly

8.9095, 0.3838, 0.2643

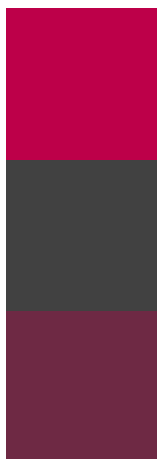
Deuteranomaly

9.3849, 0.4666, 0.3142

Tritanomaly

11.3058, 0.5922, 0.3127

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769

Achromatopsia

5.2861, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.3182, 0.4208, 0.2707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 0, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(189, 0, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 0, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 0, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 0, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 0, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 0, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 0, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 73)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.2999, 0.5438, 0.2769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 0, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 0,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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