

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.3268, 0.3432, 0.4039)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.3268, 0.3432, 0.4039)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A6244
RGB	90, 98, 68
RGB Percent	35%, 38%, 27%
CMY	0.6471, 0.6157, 0.7334
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.31, 0.62
HSL	76°, 18%, 33%
HSV	76°, 31%, 38%
XYZ	9.6265, 11.3264, 7.1454
YIQ	92.1880, 4.8620, -11.0260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

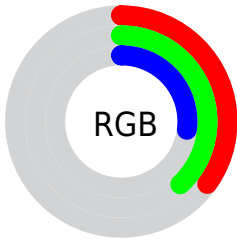
Format	Color
RYB	68, 98, 76
Decimal	5923396
CIELab	40.12, -8.85, 16.10
CIELCh	40, 18.369, 118.807
Yxy	11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284113476 (0xFF5A6244)
YUV	92.1880, -11.9247, -1.9189
Hunter-Lab	33.6547, -7.8384, 10.9702

Details

The Yxy color **11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **6.5512, 0.2763, 0.2496**, and the grayscale version is **10.7750, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.3313, 0.3352, 0.3842**, and **3.0574, 0.3568, 0.4486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0882, 0.3517, 0.4285**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5903, 0.3329, 0.3779**.

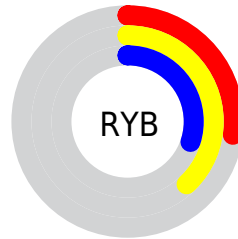
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (38%)

Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (30%)

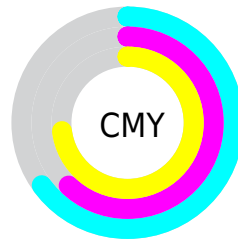


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.3264, 0.3426,
0.4031

■ 11.3264, 0.3426,
0.4031

■ 199.8934, 0.3249,
0.3566

■ 6.2868, 0.3481,
0.4199

■ 28.2622, 0.3354,
0.3830

■ 3.0203, 0.3558,
0.4461

■ 40.9272, 0.3329,
0.3765

■ 1.1423, 0.4070,
0.5474

■ 56.9027, 0.3309,
0.3714

■ 0.0138, 0.0000,
1.0000

■ 76.5733, 0.3293,
0.3673

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 100.3233, 0.3279,
0.3639

128.5370, 0.3267,

0.3611

161.5989, 0.3257,
0.3587

■ 11.3264, 0.3426,
0.4031

■ 11.3264, 0.3426,
0.4031

■ 11.0882, 0.3517,
0.4285

■ 11.5903, 0.3329,
0.3779

■ 10.8730, 0.3599,
0.4533

■ 11.8792, 0.3231,
0.3536

■ 10.6804, 0.3667,
0.4766


■ 12.1947, 0.3133,
0.3304

■ 10.5089, 0.3718,
0.4974


■ 12.5376, 0.3038,
0.3087

■ 10.3573, 0.3748,
0.5150

■ 12.9087, 0.2948,
0.2887

 10.2240, 0.3756,
0.5286

 13.3087, 0.2862,
0.2703

 10.1080, 0.3755,
0.5400

 13.7385, 0.2782,
0.2535

 14.1988, 0.2708,
0.2383

 14.6902, 0.2639,
0.2246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.3264, 0.3769, 0.3946



11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031



11.3264, 0.3017, 0.3883

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031



11.3264, 0.2372, 0.2815



11.3264, 0.3603, 0.3044

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031



6.5512, 0.2763, 0.2496

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3264, 0.3197, 0.2785



11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031



11.3264, 0.2503, 0.2646

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031



11.3264, 0.2424, 0.3136



11.3264, 0.2796, 0.2641



11.3264, 0.3883, 0.3367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031



11.3264, 0.2764, 0.3668



11.3264, 0.2796, 0.2641



11.3264, 0.3475, 0.2947

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3269, 0.3426, 0.4031



20.8874, 0.3217, 0.3503



8.1820, 0.3697, 0.3491



4.9516, 0.3228, 0.3528



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3269, 0.3426, 0.4031



19.5305, 0.3495, 0.4221



10.6492, 0.3191, 0.4089



2.9379, 0.3214, 0.3494



13.4371, 0.3748, 0.5406



71.3381, 0.3721, 0.5428

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.5512, 0.2763, 0.2496



9.6535, 0.2654, 0.2275



7.2388, 0.3031, 0.2556



2.5448, 0.3036, 0.3082



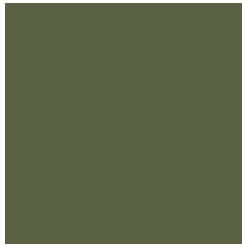
1.4497, 0.1701, 0.0711



7.3637, 0.1650, 0.0683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

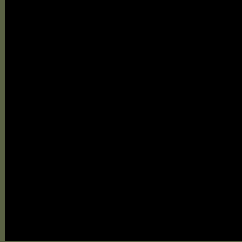
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031.

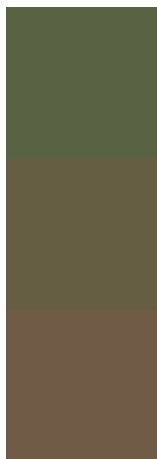


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031

Protanopia

11.2235, 0.3678, 0.3944

Deuteranopia

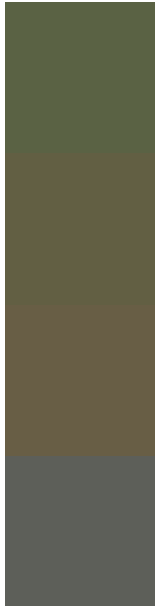
11.3691, 0.3807, 0.3755



Tritanopia

11.3247, 0.3029, 0.3127

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031

Protanomaly

11.1863, 0.3588, 0.3958

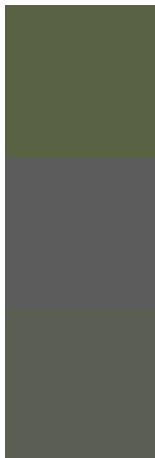
Deuteranomaly

11.3781, 0.3666, 0.3867

Tritanomaly

11.2328, 0.3182, 0.3434

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031

Achromatopsia

10.7023, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.8541, 0.3240, 0.3560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(90, 98, 68) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 98, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 98, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 98, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 98, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 98, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 98, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 98, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 98, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 98, 68)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.3264, 0.3426, 0.4031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 98, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 98,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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