

Converting Colors

$Yxy(11.3404, 0.5897, 0.3022)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.3404, 0.5897, 0.3022)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF0032
RGB	191, 0, 50
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 20%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9996, 0.8040
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.74, 0.25
HSL	344°, 100%, 37%
HSV	344°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	22.0598, 11.3067, 4.0357
YIQ	62.8090, 97.7860, 56.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

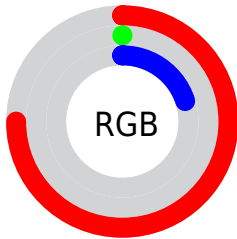
Format	Color
RYB	191, 0, 50
Decimal	12517426
CIELab	40.09, 65.50, 30.03
CIELCh	40, 72.051, 24.630
Yxy	11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707506 (0xFFBF0032)
YUV	62.8090, -6.3148, 112.4235
Hunter-Lab	33.6254, 58.2598, 16.4219

Details

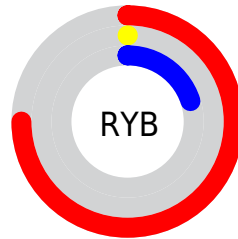
The Yxy color **11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. A complement of this color would be **39.1844, 0.2489, 0.4160**, and the grayscale version is **4.9475, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.2910, 0.5229, 0.3185**, and **4.6803, 0.6326, 0.3259** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3048, 0.5899, 0.3023**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9187, 0.5587, 0.2940**.

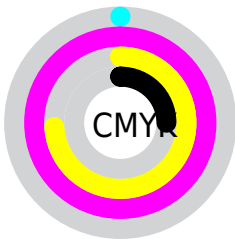
Distribution



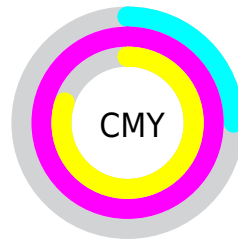
- Red (75%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.3067, 0.5898,
0.3023


 11.3067, 0.5898,
0.3023


199.7598, 0.4231,
0.3308


 6.2735, 0.6390,
0.2860


 28.2259, 0.5226,
0.3184


 3.0121, 0.7113,
0.2608

 40.8808, 0.4992,
0.3225


 1.1381, 0.7902,
0.2098

 56.8449, 0.4803,
0.3253

 0.0102, 0.9946,
0.0054

 76.5029, 0.4647,
0.3272

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 100.2389, 0.4517,
0.3286

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 128.4375, 0.4407,

0.3296

161.4830, 0.4312,
0.3303

■ 11.3067, 0.5898,
0.3023

■ 11.3067, 0.5898,
0.3023

■ 11.3048, 0.5899,
0.3023

■ 11.9187, 0.5587,
0.2940

■ 13.0331, 0.5223,
0.2889

■ 14.8183, 0.4840,
0.2879

■ 17.3610, 0.4471,
0.2904

■ 20.7348, 0.4139,
0.2954

■ 25.0044, 0.3853,
0.3018

■ 30.2280, 0.3614,
0.3087

■ 36.4590, 0.3417,
0.3158

■ 43.7468, 0.3257,
0.3226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.3067, 0.4704, 0.2270



11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023



11.3067, 0.5901, 0.3852

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023



11.3067, 0.2557, 0.6201



11.3067, 0.1145, 0.1311

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023



39.1844, 0.2489, 0.4160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3067, 0.0888, 0.1650



11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023



11.3067, 0.1498, 0.4531

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023



11.3067, 0.3844, 0.6021



11.3067, 0.0965, 0.2619



11.3067, 0.1803, 0.1336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023



11.3067, 0.5442, 0.4558



11.3067, 0.0965, 0.2619



11.3067, 0.1022, 0.1376

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.3074, 0.5898, 0.3023



53.6104, 0.3625, 0.3084



9.3460, 0.2542, 0.1174



10.8567, 0.3723, 0.3054



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.3074, 0.5898, 0.3023



20.2154, 0.5936, 0.3044



12.9245, 0.6114, 0.3527



9.5762, 0.3248, 0.3230



7.4416, 0.5865, 0.3005



0.3027, 0.5163, 0.2618

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3074, 0.5898, 0.3023



20.2154, 0.5936, 0.3044



24.4580, 0.2033, 0.2517



9.5762, 0.3248, 0.3230



7.4416, 0.5865, 0.3005



0.3027, 0.5163, 0.2618

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023

Protanopia

12.0004, 0.3557, 0.3794

Deuteranopia

11.8724, 0.4378, 0.4297



Tritanopia

11.5152, 0.6238, 0.3328

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023

Protanomaly

9.0728, 0.4567, 0.3222

Deuteranomaly

9.4208, 0.5183, 0.3520

Tritanomaly

11.3141, 0.6169, 0.3235

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023

Achromatopsia

4.9707, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.1381, 0.4502, 0.2908

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 0, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 50)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.3067, 0.5898, 0.3023 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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