

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.3425, 0.3568, 0.5057)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.3425, 0.3568, 0.5057)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B671F
RGB	75, 103, 31
RGB Percent	29%, 40%, 12%
CMY	0.7059, 0.5961, 0.8784
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.70, 0.60
HSL	83°, 54%, 26%
HSV	83°, 70%, 40%
XYZ	7.9988, 11.2953, 3.0551
YIQ	86.4200, 6.4240, -28.3280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

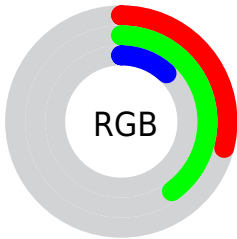
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 103, 59
Decimal	4941599
CIE Lab	40.07, -22.58, 35.90
CIE LCh	40, 42.416, 122.171
Yxy	11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283131679 (0xFF4B671F)
YUV	86.4200, -27.3221, -10.0153
Hunter-Lab	33.6085, -16.3320, 18.1362

Details

The Yxy color **11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **2.8899, 0.2283, 0.1391**, and the grayscale version is **9.4586, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1113, 0.3515, 0.4581**, and **3.0752, 0.3466, 0.5630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0934, 0.3591, 0.5255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5258, 0.3547, 0.4820**.

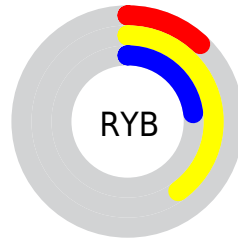
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (40%)

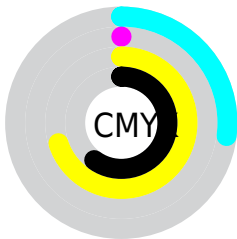
Blue (12%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (23%)

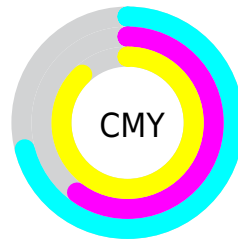


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (71%)


Magenta (60%)

Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.2953, 0.3579,
0.5054


 11.2953, 0.3579,
0.5054


199.6824, 0.3356,
0.3940


 6.2658, 0.3594,
0.5432


 28.2049, 0.3513,
0.4578


 3.0074, 0.3725,
0.6275

 40.8539, 0.3481,
0.4422


 1.1356, 0.3093,
0.6907

 56.8115, 0.3453,
0.4298

 0.0081, 0.0000,
1.0000

 76.4621, 0.3428,
0.4199

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 100.1901, 0.3406,
0.4117

 128.3799, 0.3388,

0.4048

161.4159, 0.3371,
0.3990

11.2953, 0.3579,
0.5054

11.2953, 0.3579,
0.5054

11.0934, 0.3591,
0.5255

11.5258, 0.3547,
0.4820

10.9166, 0.3581,
0.5414

11.7850, 0.3498,
0.4565

10.7573, 0.3561,
0.5553

12.0750, 0.3435,
0.4299

10.7557, 0.3561,
0.5554

12.3972, 0.3363,
0.4031

12.7527, 0.3286,
0.3770

■ 13.1430, 0.3206,
0.3521

■ 13.5690, 0.3126,
0.3288

■ 14.0318, 0.3049,
0.3072

■ 14.5326, 0.2974,
0.2875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2953, 0.4385, 0.4707



11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054



11.2953, 0.2702, 0.4716

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054



11.2953, 0.1583, 0.2152



11.2953, 0.4312, 0.2794

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054



2.8899, 0.2283, 0.1391

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2953, 0.3353, 0.2289



11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054



11.2953, 0.1861, 0.1919

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054



11.2953, 0.1616, 0.2754



11.2953, 0.2460, 0.1980



11.2953, 0.4915, 0.3413

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054



11.2953, 0.2196, 0.4097



11.2953, 0.2460, 0.1980



11.2953, 0.4011, 0.2609

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2958, 0.3579, 0.5054



22.7196, 0.3299, 0.3814



6.0702, 0.4754, 0.3908



5.5116, 0.3315, 0.3865



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2958, 0.3579, 0.5054



19.6495, 0.3587, 0.5365



10.2396, 0.3107, 0.5347



3.2175, 0.3198, 0.3497



13.5105, 0.3554, 0.5560



69.9490, 0.3518, 0.5588

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.8899, 0.2283, 0.1391



3.4641, 0.2050, 0.1030



4.3713, 0.3015, 0.1730



2.8108, 0.3052, 0.3081



1.7819, 0.1868, 0.0803



8.8188, 0.1811, 0.0771

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

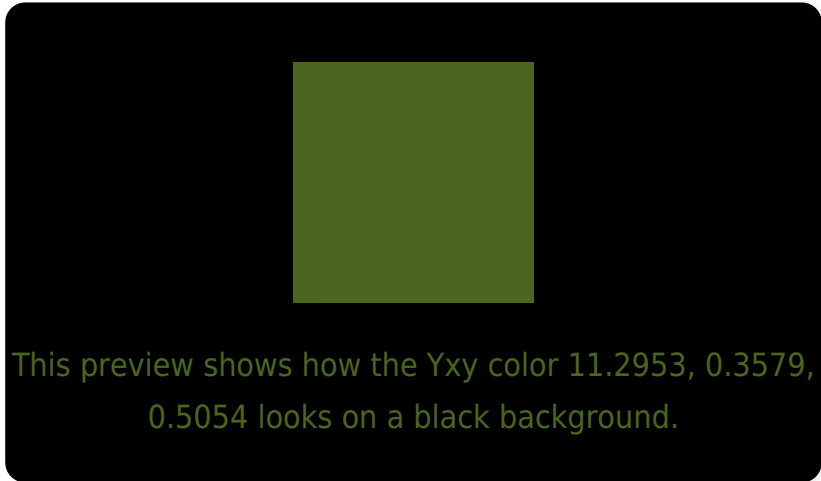
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

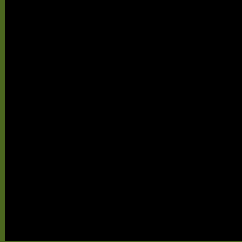
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054

Protanopia

11.1583, 0.4218, 0.4629

Deuteranopia

11.2216, 0.4389, 0.4354



Tritanopia

11.2500, 0.2847, 0.3098

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054

Protanomaly

11.0760, 0.3980, 0.4777

Deuteranomaly

11.1247, 0.4087, 0.4611

Tritanomaly

11.2088, 0.3159, 0.3851

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054

Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.8415, 0.3350, 0.3977

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 103, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 103, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 103, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 103, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 103, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 103, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 103, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 103, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 103, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 103,  
31) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.2953, 0.3579, 0.5054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 103, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 103,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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