

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.5116, 0.2345, 0.2688)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.5116, 0.2345, 0.2688)
contains.

Yxy(11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$\text{Yxy}(11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A647E
RGB	58, 100, 126
RGB Percent	23%, 39%, 49%
CMY	0.7727, 0.6078, 0.5059
CMYK	0.54, 0.21, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	203°, 37%, 36%
HSV	203°, 54%, 49%
XYZ	10.0662, 11.5202, 21.4315
YIQ	90.4060, -33.3780, -0.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

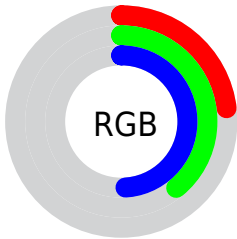
Format	Color
RYB	58, 84, 126
Decimal	3826814
CIELab	40.44, -6.73, -19.02
CIElCh	40, 20.178, 250.526
Yxy	11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282016894 (0xFF3A647E)
YUV	90.4060, 17.5478, -28.4201
Hunter-Lab	33.9414, -6.4588, -13.6783

Details

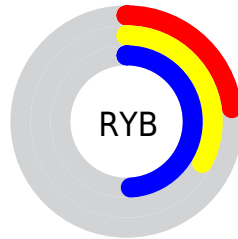
The Yxy color **11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **11.0744, 0.4310, 0.3808**, and the grayscale version is **10.2841, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.7029, 0.2534, 0.2837**, and **3.0820, 0.1983, 0.2340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2920, 0.2215, 0.2540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8963, 0.2477, 0.2810**.

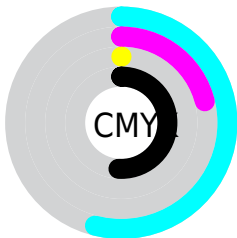
Distribution



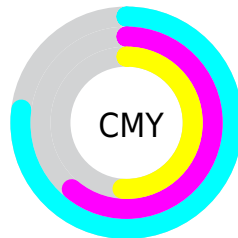
- Red (23%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5202, 0.2340,
0.2678

■ 11.5202, 0.2340,
0.2678

■ 201.2025, 0.2811,
0.3054

■ 6.4179, 0.2187,
0.2550

■ 28.6182, 0.2535,
0.2837

■ 3.1008, 0.1965,
0.2358

■ 41.3826, 0.2600,
0.2889

■ 1.1846, 0.1619,
0.2044

■ 57.4699, 0.2653,
0.2931

■ 0.0491, 0.0000,
0.0328

■ 77.2644, 0.2696,
0.2965

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.1505, 0.2732,
0.2993

■ 129.5126, 0.2762,

0.3016

162.7351, 0.2788,
0.3037

■ 11.5202, 0.2340,
0.2678

■ 11.5202, 0.2340,
0.2678

■ 10.2920, 0.2215,
0.2540

■ 12.8963, 0.2477,
0.2810

■ 9.2025, 0.2104,
0.2399

■ 14.4260, 0.2621,
0.2935

■ 8.2435, 0.2012,
0.2256

■ 16.1164, 0.2770,
0.3051

■ 7.4035, 0.1939,
0.2115

■ 17.9734, 0.2920,
0.3157

■ 6.9359, 0.1898,
0.2031

■ 20.0029, 0.3069,
0.3254

■ 22.2102, 0.3214,
0.3341

■ 24.6004, 0.3354,
0.3419

■ 27.1785, 0.3489,
0.3488

■ 29.9492, 0.3616,
0.3550

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5202, 0.2318, 0.2965



11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678



11.5202, 0.2553, 0.2568

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678



11.5202, 0.3791, 0.3152



11.5202, 0.3278, 0.4072

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678



11.0744, 0.4310, 0.3808

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5202, 0.3695, 0.4069



11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678



11.5202, 0.4010, 0.3512

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678



11.5202, 0.3383, 0.2839



11.5202, 0.3970, 0.3848



11.5202, 0.2839, 0.3813

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678



11.5202, 0.2788, 0.2592



11.5202, 0.3970, 0.3848



11.5202, 0.3425, 0.4100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5206, 0.2340, 0.2678



30.8333, 0.2884, 0.3133



16.4433, 0.2834, 0.4330



6.8892, 0.2860, 0.3116



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5206, 0.2340, 0.2678



17.6102, 0.2185, 0.2505



6.4232, 0.2178, 0.1861



4.6194, 0.2993, 0.3206



7.1073, 0.1897, 0.2029



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3782, 0.3672, 0.2478



12.1677, 0.3860, 0.2329



17.4466, 0.3959, 0.4394



4.3854, 0.3190, 0.3158



5.1120, 0.4420, 0.2208



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

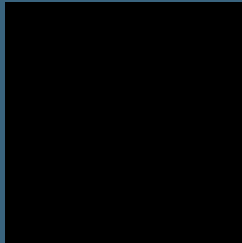
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

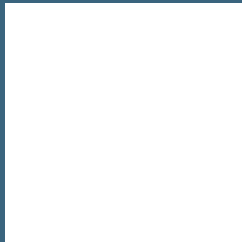
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678.

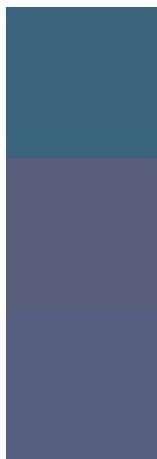


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678

Protanopia

11.4853, 0.2681, 0.2668

Deuteranopia

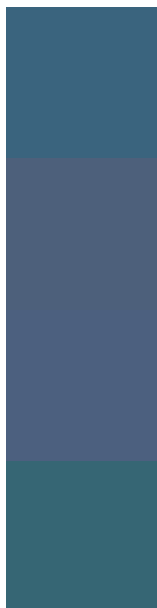
11.5161, 0.2601, 0.2566



Tritanopia

11.5783, 0.2436, 0.3087

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678

Protanomaly

11.3736, 0.2542, 0.2673

Deuteranomaly

11.4345, 0.2491, 0.2591

Tritanomaly

11.5480, 0.2403, 0.2944

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.6044, 0.2775, 0.3067

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 100, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 100, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 100, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 100, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 100, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 100, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 100, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 100, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 100, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 100,  
126) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.5202, 0.2340, 0.2678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 100, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 100,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor