

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.7299, 0.3581, 0.5539)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.7299, 0.3581, 0.5539)
contains.

Yxy(11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	436B00
RGB	67, 107, 0
RGB Percent	26%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.7372, 0.5804, 1.0000
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	82°, 100%, 21%
HSV	82°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	7.5732, 11.7087, 1.8605
YIQ	82.8420, 10.5070, -41.7570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

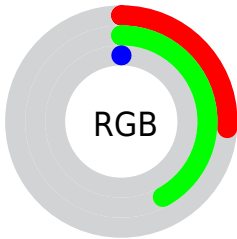
Format	Color
RYB	0, 107, 40
Decimal	4418304
CIELab	40.75, -29.45, 46.33
CIELCh	41, 54.900, 122.446
Yxy	11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282608384 (0xFF436B00)
YUV	82.8420, -40.8411, -13.8934
Hunter-Lab	34.2180, -20.3753, 20.7288

Details

The Yxy color **11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **1.5123, 0.1851, 0.0794**, and the grayscale version is **8.7004, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.0340, 0.3556, 0.4965**, and **3.2135, 0.3161, 0.5872** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7092, 0.3582, 0.5538**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8790, 0.3602, 0.5405**.

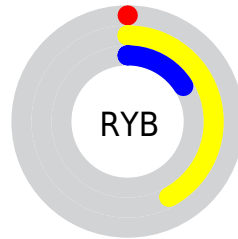
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (42%)

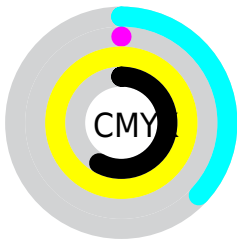
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (16%)

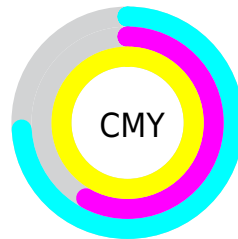


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.7087, 0.3582,
0.5538

 11.7087, 0.3582,
0.5538

 202.4672, 0.3408,
0.4137


 6.5456, 0.3558,
0.6013


 28.9634, 0.3562,
0.4957


 3.1796, 0.3389,
0.6611

 41.8239, 0.3537,
0.4759

 1.2262, 0.2515,
0.7485

 58.0190, 0.3511,
0.4602

 0.0830, 0.0000,
1.0000


 77.9331, 0.3486,
0.4473

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 101.9505, 0.3464,
0.4367

 130.4558, 0.3443,


0.4278

 163.8332, 0.3425,
0.4202


 11.7087, 0.3582,
0.5538


 11.7087, 0.3582,
0.5538

 11.7092, 0.3582,
0.5538

 11.8790, 0.3602,
0.5405

 12.0674, 0.3610,
0.5249

 12.2829, 0.3597,
0.5052

 12.5278, 0.3563,
0.4822

 12.8037, 0.3512,
0.4568

■ 13.1123, 0.3447,
0.4303

■ 13.4551, 0.3372,
0.4035

■ 13.8336, 0.3292,
0.3774

■ 14.2491, 0.3210,
0.3524

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.7087, 0.4581, 0.4961



11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538



11.7087, 0.2530, 0.5180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538



11.7087, 0.1281, 0.1873



11.7087, 0.4643, 0.2662

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538



1.5123, 0.1851, 0.0794

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.7087, 0.3403, 0.2077



11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538



11.7087, 0.1599, 0.1635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538



11.7087, 0.1297, 0.2561



11.7087, 0.2297, 0.1718



11.7087, 0.5383, 0.3366

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538



11.7087, 0.1932, 0.4325



11.7087, 0.2297, 0.1718



11.7087, 0.4251, 0.2448

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.7092, 0.3582, 0.5538



24.0390, 0.3379, 0.4058



4.5922, 0.5703, 0.3854



5.7699, 0.3403, 0.4143



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.7092, 0.3582, 0.5538



20.8963, 0.3566, 0.5551



10.6109, 0.3055, 0.5956



3.5298, 0.3201, 0.3499



14.2274, 0.3576, 0.5543



71.9877, 0.3542, 0.5569

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.5123, 0.1851, 0.0794



2.6418, 0.1825, 0.0779



3.3748, 0.2891, 0.1366



3.0751, 0.3049, 0.3079



1.8232, 0.1842, 0.0788



8.8288, 0.1787, 0.0758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

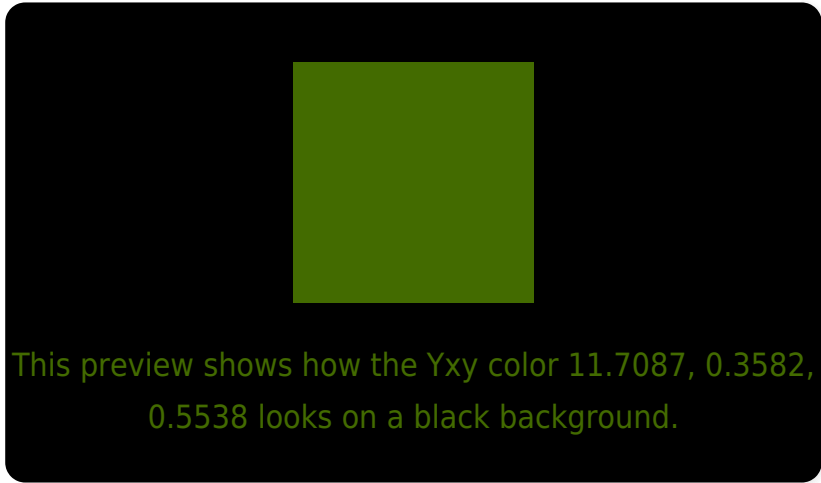
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

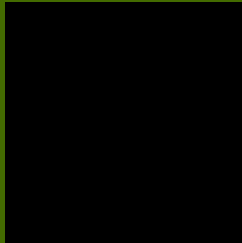
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538

Protanopia

11.5539, 0.4392, 0.4895

Deuteranopia

11.6013, 0.4578, 0.4516



Tritanopia

11.6475, 0.2750, 0.3098

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538

Protanomaly

11.4415, 0.4078, 0.5144

Deuteranomaly

11.3451, 0.4202, 0.4908

Tritanomaly

11.4160, 0.3182, 0.4178

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.4891, 0.3451, 0.4348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 107, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 107, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 107, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 107, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 107, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 107, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 107, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 107, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.7087, 0.3582, 0.5538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 107, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 107,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor