

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.7378, 0.4037, 0.4893)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.7378, 0.4037, 0.4893)
contains.

Yxy(11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	616417
RGB	97, 100, 23
RGB Percent	38%, 39%, 9%
CMY	0.6196, 0.6078, 0.9098
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.77, 0.61
HSL	62°, 63%, 24%
HSV	62°, 77%, 39%
XYZ	9.6411, 11.7176, 2.5646
YIQ	90.3250, 22.9290, -24.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

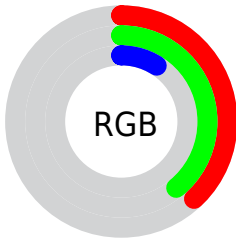
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 100, 26
Decimal	6382615
CIE _{Lab}	40.76, -11.49, 40.54
CIE _{LCh}	41, 42.135, 105.821
Yxy	11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284572695 (0xFF616417)
YUV	90.3250, -33.1912, 5.8540
Hunter-Lab	34.2310, -9.6302, 19.5197

Details

The Yxy color **11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.7533, 0.1782, 0.1030**, and the grayscale version is **10.3738, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.0983, 0.3849, 0.4507**, and **3.2667, 0.4028, 0.5184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6639, 0.4083, 0.5003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.7877, 0.3955, 0.4755**.

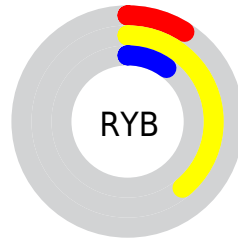
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (39%)

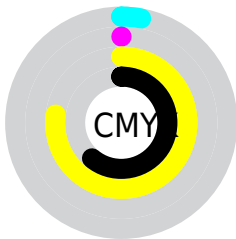
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (10%)

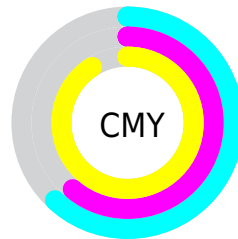


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (77%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.7176, 0.4030,
0.4898

■ 11.7176, 0.4030,
0.4898

■ 202.5267, 0.3536,
0.3930

■ 6.5517, 0.4129,
0.5180

■ 28.9797, 0.3854,
0.4508

■ 3.1834, 0.4313,
0.5687

■ 41.8447, 0.3784,
0.4372

■ 1.2282, 0.4096,
0.5904

■ 58.0449, 0.3725,
0.4262

■ 0.0845, 0.0000,
1.0000

■ 77.9645, 0.3675,
0.4171


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 101.9882, 0.3632,
0.4096


■ 130.5001, 0.3596,

0.4032


 163.8848, 0.3564,
0.3977


 11.7176, 0.4030,
0.4898


 11.7176, 0.4030,
0.4898

 11.6639, 0.4083,
0.5003


 11.7877, 0.3955,
0.4755


 11.6201, 0.4118,
0.5080

 11.8739, 0.3859,
0.4579

 11.6071, 0.4129,
0.5103

 11.9783, 0.3746,
0.4376

 12.1021, 0.3621,
0.4153

 12.2462, 0.3489,
0.3920

■ 12.4119, 0.3354,
0.3683

■ 12.5999, 0.3219,
0.3449

■ 12.8112, 0.3088,
0.3223

■ 13.0466, 0.2964,
0.3008

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.7176, 0.4696, 0.4365



11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898



11.7176, 0.3179, 0.4967

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898



11.7176, 0.1584, 0.2446



11.7176, 0.3794, 0.2512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898



1.7533, 0.1782, 0.1030

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.7176, 0.2844, 0.2110



11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898



11.7176, 0.1692, 0.2026

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898



11.7176, 0.1797, 0.3256



11.7176, 0.2110, 0.1934



11.7176, 0.4626, 0.3073

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898



11.7176, 0.2614, 0.4592



11.7176, 0.2110, 0.1934



11.7176, 0.3469, 0.2356

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.7181, 0.4030, 0.4898



21.5591, 0.3444, 0.3841



3.4917, 0.5526, 0.3343



5.2863, 0.3481, 0.3905



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.7181, 0.4030, 0.4898



20.3891, 0.4108, 0.5058



10.1052, 0.3421, 0.5308



3.2628, 0.3245, 0.3494



15.5362, 0.4128, 0.5104



80.9384, 0.4124, 0.5107

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.7533, 0.1782, 0.1030



1.9412, 0.1576, 0.0704



2.6259, 0.2403, 0.1335



2.7684, 0.3004, 0.3078



1.2610, 0.1521, 0.0612



6.4870, 0.1509, 0.0605

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

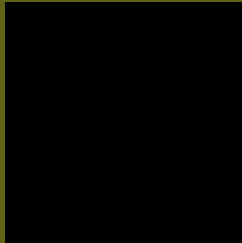
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898

Protanopia

11.6118, 0.4278, 0.4726

Deuteranopia

11.6263, 0.4529, 0.4453



Tritanopia

11.7113, 0.3182, 0.3113

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898

Protanomaly

11.5504, 0.4197, 0.4786

Deuteranomaly

11.5247, 0.4344, 0.4605

Tritanomaly

11.6135, 0.3543, 0.3827

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.7259, 0.3525, 0.3980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 100, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(97, 100, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 100, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 100, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 100, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 100, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 100, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 100, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 100, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 100,  
23) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.7176, 0.4030, 0.4898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 100, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 100,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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