

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(11.8084, 0.1037, 0.1560)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(11.8084, 0.1037, 0.1560)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0072C7
RGB	0, 114, 199
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 78%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5529, 0.2196
CMYK	1.00, 0.43, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	206°, 100%, 39%
HSV	206°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	16.3268, 16.1581, 56.2959
YIQ	89.6040, -95.2290, 2.2670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

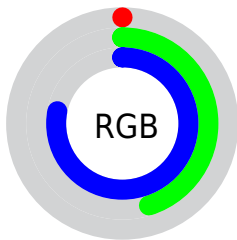
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 72, 199
Decimal	29383
CIELab	47.18, 5.61, -51.59
CIElCh	47, 51.893, 276.207
Yxy	16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219463 (0xFF0072C7)
YUV	89.6040, 53.9322, -78.5827
Hunter-Lab	40.1971, 2.1560, -54.8973

# Details

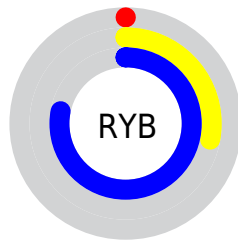
The Yxy color **16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **18.6481, 0.5627, 0.3914**, and the grayscale version is **10.0277, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6717, 0.2108, 0.2121**, and **6.0279, 0.1749, 0.1498** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1545, 0.1839, 0.1820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3146, 0.1903, 0.1978**.

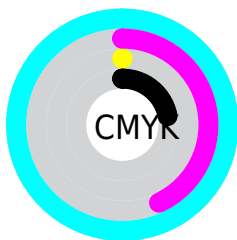
# Distribution



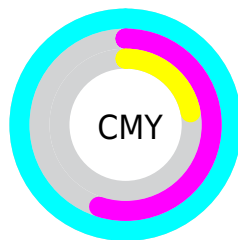
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.1581, 0.1839,  
0.1820

■ 16.1581, 0.1839,  
0.1820

■ 230.2728, 0.2542,  
0.2608

■ 9.6361, 0.1655,  
0.1619

■ 36.8725, 0.2104,  
0.2113

■ 5.1584, 0.1419,  
0.1366

■ 51.8336, 0.2201,  
0.2221

■ 2.3405, 0.1116,  
0.1046

■ 70.3766, 0.2282,  
0.2313

■ 0.7950, 0.0736,  
0.0655

■ 92.8858, 0.2351,  
0.2390

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.7456, 0.2409,  
0.2456

■ 151.3405, 0.2460,

0.2513

188.0548, 0.2504,  
0.2564

■ 16.1581, 0.1839,  
0.1820

■ 16.1581, 0.1839,  
0.1820

■ 16.1545, 0.1839,  
0.1820

■ 18.3146, 0.1903,  
0.1978

■ 20.8056, 0.1986,  
0.2142

■ 23.6890, 0.2091,  
0.2308

■ 26.9967, 0.2215,  
0.2473

■ 30.7565, 0.2354,  
0.2634

■ 34.9931, 0.2504,  
0.2787

■ 39.7287, 0.2659,  
0.2930

■ 44.9843, 0.2817,  
0.3062

■ 50.7790, 0.2974,  
0.3182

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1581, 0.1504, 0.2012



16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820



16.1581, 0.2518, 0.1924

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820



16.1581, 0.5097, 0.3492



16.1581, 0.2537, 0.4742

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820



18.6481, 0.5627, 0.3914

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.1581, 0.3463, 0.5213



16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820



16.1581, 0.4982, 0.4197

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820



16.1581, 0.4533, 0.2834



16.1581, 0.4352, 0.4874



16.1581, 0.1826, 0.3607



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820



16.1581, 0.3156, 0.2136



16.1581, 0.4352, 0.4874



16.1581, 0.2835, 0.5002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1586, 0.1839, 0.1820



69.1544, 0.2652, 0.2924



41.4746, 0.2801, 0.5285



14.0231, 0.2585, 0.2864



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

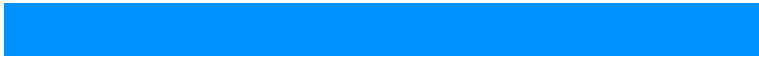


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1586, 0.1839, 0.1820



27.7935, 0.1833, 0.1798



4.5134, 0.1514, 0.0651



11.2791, 0.2983, 0.3189



10.5635, 0.1845, 0.1841



0.6418, 0.1937, 0.2174



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3590, 0.4661, 0.2342



23.3369, 0.4688, 0.2356



45.7747, 0.4348, 0.4930



10.7370, 0.3202, 0.3158



8.6064, 0.4636, 0.2328



0.4218, 0.4261, 0.2121



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

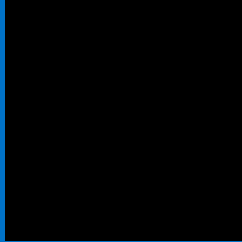
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820

### Protanopia

16.2488, 0.2053, 0.1858

### Deuteranopia

16.1534, 0.1868, 0.1814



## Tritanopia

16.0812, 0.2196, 0.3105

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820

**Protanomaly**

15.9352, 0.1925, 0.1829

**Deuteranomaly**

16.0529, 0.1853, 0.1809

**Tritanomaly**

15.8332, 0.2038, 0.2538

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820

**Achromatopsia**

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

11.4052, 0.2294, 0.2571

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 114, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 114, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 114, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 114, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 114, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 114, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 114, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 114, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 114, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 114,  
199) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.1581, 0.1839, 0.1820 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 114, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 114,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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