

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.8410, 0.2957, 0.5846)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.8410, 0.2957, 0.5846)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00710F
RGB	0, 113, 15
RGB Percent	0%, 44%, 6%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5568, 0.9411
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.87, 0.56
HSL	128°, 100%, 22%
HSV	128°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	5.9902, 11.8447, 2.4228
YIQ	68.0410, -35.8900, -54.4340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

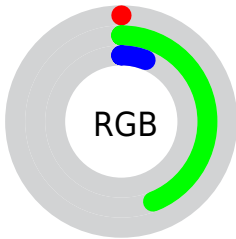
Format	Color
RYB	0, 100, 113
Decimal	28943
CIELab	40.97, -46.57, 41.97
CIELCh	41, 62.694, 137.979
Yxy	11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219023 (0xFF00710F)
YUV	68.0410, -26.1492, -59.6720
Hunter-Lab	34.4161, -29.1599, 19.9174

Details

The Yxy color **11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **4.3927, 0.3559, 0.1734**, and the grayscale version is **5.8356, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.2263, 0.3095, 0.5122**, and **3.5550, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.8460, 0.2957, 0.5847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9541, 0.2953, 0.5675**.

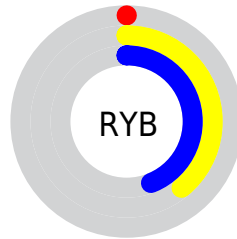
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (44%)

Blue (6%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (44%)

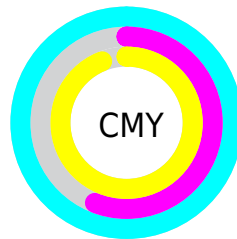


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (56%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.8447, 0.2957,
0.5847


 11.8447, 0.2957,
0.5847


203.3744, 0.3165,
0.4187


 6.6380, 0.2791,
0.6434


 29.2119, 0.3093,
0.5123


 3.2368, 0.2520,
0.7480

 42.1413, 0.3122,
0.4890

 1.2566, 0.0135,
0.9865

 58.4137, 0.3139,
0.4707

 0.1072, 0.0000,
1.0000


 78.4134, 0.3150,
0.4561


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 102.5250, 0.3157,
0.4442


 131.1327, 0.3161,


0.4342


 164.6211, 0.3163,
0.4259


 11.8447, 0.2957,
0.5847


 11.8447, 0.2957,
0.5847


 11.8460, 0.2957,
0.5847

 11.9541, 0.2953,
0.5675

 12.1080, 0.2948,
0.5452

 12.3348, 0.2952,
0.5184

 12.6423, 0.2965,
0.4888

 13.0371, 0.2985,
0.4583

■ 13.5252, 0.3009,
0.4282

■ 14.1122, 0.3038,
0.3998

■ 14.8030, 0.3068,
0.3736

■ 15.6025, 0.3098,
0.3500

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.8447, 0.4110, 0.5531



11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847



11.8447, 0.1901, 0.4737

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847



11.8447, 0.1246, 0.1545



11.8447, 0.5385, 0.2951

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847



4.3927, 0.3559, 0.1734

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.8447, 0.4180, 0.2253



11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847



11.8447, 0.1778, 0.1490

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847



11.8447, 0.1077, 0.1988



11.8447, 0.2775, 0.1734



11.8447, 0.5685, 0.3726

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847



11.8447, 0.1415, 0.3570



11.8447, 0.2775, 0.1734



11.8447, 0.5061, 0.2708

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.8460, 0.2957, 0.5847



25.1768, 0.3035, 0.4020



14.5106, 0.3998, 0.5207



5.7409, 0.3026, 0.4109



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.8460, 0.2957, 0.5847



21.1977, 0.2966, 0.5877



12.2497, 0.2594, 0.4539



3.7698, 0.3101, 0.3477



13.4341, 0.2960, 0.5854



66.8448, 0.2976, 0.5913

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.3927, 0.3559, 0.1734



7.8517, 0.3569, 0.1740



3.6878, 0.5338, 0.2714



3.4462, 0.3155, 0.3110



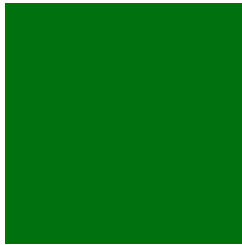
4.9803, 0.3561, 0.1735



24.7178, 0.3583, 0.1748

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847

Protanopia

11.8225, 0.4347, 0.4832

Deuteranopia

11.8031, 0.4503, 0.4458



Tritanopia

11.9224, 0.2380, 0.3064

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847

Protanomaly

10.9922, 0.3605, 0.5377

Deuteranomaly

10.7540, 0.3701, 0.5120

Tritanomaly

11.5512, 0.2609, 0.4143

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847

Achromatopsia

5.7805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.0760, 0.2984, 0.4473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 113, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 113, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 113, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 113, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 113, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 113, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 113, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 113, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113, 15)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.8447, 0.2957, 0.5847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 113, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 113,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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