

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(11.9012, 0.5020, 0.2539)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(11.9012, 0.5020, 0.2539)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF005D
RGB	191, 0, 93
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 36%
CMY	0.2510, 1.0000, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.51, 0.25
HSL	331°, 100%, 37%
HSV	331°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	23.4623, 11.8667, 11.4087
YIQ	67.7110, 83.9830, 69.4150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

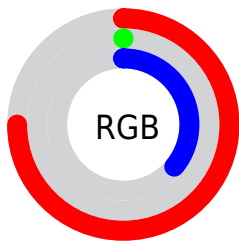
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 0, 93
Decimal	12517469
CIE Lab	41.00, 67.95, 3.99
CIE LCh	41, 68.064, 3.364
Yxy	11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707549 (0xFFBF005D)
YUV	67.7110, 12.4675, 108.1245
Hunter-Lab	34.4481, 61.2908, 4.4777

Details

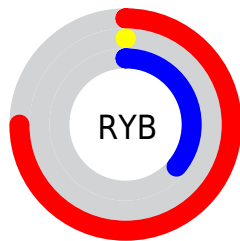
The Yxy color **11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **38.1458, 0.2713, 0.4966**, and the grayscale version is **5.7027, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.3628, 0.4546, 0.2740**, and **5.0387, 0.5442, 0.2772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.8670, 0.5020, 0.2539**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.5217, 0.4774, 0.2474**.

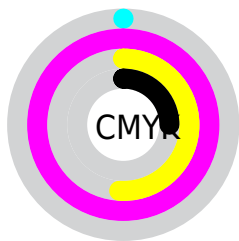
Distribution



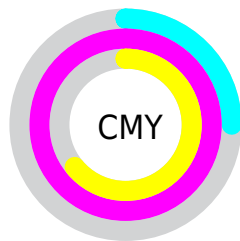
- Red (75%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 11.8667, 0.5020,
0.2539


 11.8667, 0.5020,
0.2539


203.5208, 0.3876,
0.3004

 6.6530, 0.5390,
0.2382


 29.2521, 0.4546,
0.2736


 3.2460, 0.5923,
0.2149

 42.1926, 0.4387,
0.2801

 1.2615, 0.6733,
0.1783

 58.4774, 0.4259,
0.2852

 0.1111, 0.9507,
0.0493

 78.4910, 0.4155,
0.2894

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 102.6177, 0.4068,
0.2929

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 131.2420, 0.3994,

0.2958

164.7482, 0.3931,
0.2983

■ 11.8667, 0.5020,
0.2539

■ 11.8667, 0.5020,
0.2539

■ 11.8670, 0.5020,
0.2539

■ 12.5217, 0.4774,
0.2474

■ 13.6600, 0.4521,
0.2456

■ 15.4493, 0.4269,
0.2489

■ 17.9745, 0.4032,
0.2563

■ 21.3074, 0.3818,
0.2666

■ 25.5113, 0.3630,
0.2787

■ 30.6431, 0.3469,
0.2916

■ 36.7549, 0.3334,
0.3045

■ 43.8948, 0.3221,
0.3171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.8667, 0.3485, 0.1888



11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



11.8667, 0.5851, 0.3297

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



11.8667, 0.3486, 0.6022



11.8667, 0.1020, 0.1598

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



38.1458, 0.2713, 0.4966

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.8667, 0.1004, 0.2326



11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



11.8667, 0.2298, 0.5676

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



11.8667, 0.4710, 0.5205



11.8667, 0.1391, 0.3866



11.8667, 0.1373, 0.1376

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



11.8667, 0.5786, 0.3847



11.8667, 0.1391, 0.3866



11.8667, 0.0978, 0.1769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.8674, 0.5020, 0.2539



54.3975, 0.3476, 0.2910



6.2222, 0.2021, 0.0887



11.0455, 0.3542, 0.2854



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.8674, 0.5020, 0.2539



21.2042, 0.5055, 0.2558



11.0772, 0.6401, 0.3300



9.6117, 0.3214, 0.3179



7.8146, 0.4989, 0.2522



0.3193, 0.4453, 0.2227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.8674, 0.5020, 0.2539



21.2042, 0.5055, 0.2558



41.0253, 0.2247, 0.3287



9.6117, 0.3214, 0.3179



7.8146, 0.4989, 0.2522



0.3193, 0.4453, 0.2227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

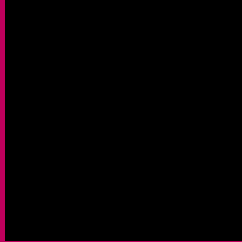
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539

Protanopia

12.6085, 0.2565, 0.2514

Deuteranopia

12.4177, 0.3578, 0.3507



Tritanopia

12.2755, 0.5906, 0.3298

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



Protanomaly

9.2369, 0.3283, 0.2211



Deuteranomaly

9.6871, 0.4206, 0.2803



Tritanomaly

11.8958, 0.5691, 0.3036

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539



Achromatopsia

5.7805, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

5.7743, 0.4015, 0.2572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(191, 0, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 0, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 93)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 11.8667, 0.5020, 0.2539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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