

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(114.9571, 0.3100, 0.4381)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(114.9571, 0.3100, 0.4381)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2FFBD
RGB	194, 255, 189
RGB Percent	76%, 100%, 74%
CMY	0.2389, 0.0000, 0.2588
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.26, 0.00
HSL	115°, 100%, 87%
HSV	115°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	67.2089, 86.6635, 61.3337
YIQ	229.2370, -15.1700, -33.4580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

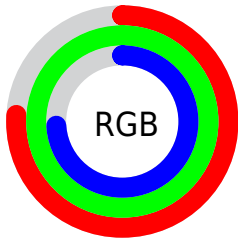
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	189, 255, 250
Decimal	12779453
CIELab	94.60, -31.25, 25.51
CIELCh	95, 40.341, 140.781
Yxy	86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290969533 (0xFFC2FFBD)
YUV	229.2370, -19.8368, -30.9028
Hunter-Lab	93.0932, -34.0447, 26.1025

# Details

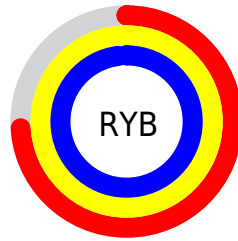
The Yxy color **86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.9278, 0.3119, 0.2636**, and the grayscale version is **78.7087, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.6831, 0.3154, 0.3377**, and **47.6264, 0.3114, 0.4211** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.7818, 0.3117, 0.4365**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.2406, 0.3126, 0.3716**.

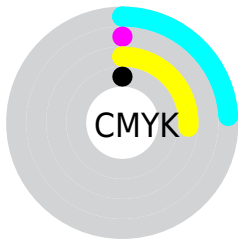
# Distribution



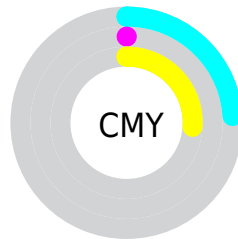
- Red (76%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 86.6635, 0.3123,  
0.4027

 86.6635, 0.3123,  
0.4027

517.1165, 0.3133,  
0.3681

 65.2168, 0.3119,  
0.4107

 142.6950, 0.3128,  
0.3906

 47.6369, 0.3112,  
0.4206


178.0486, 0.3130,  
0.3860

 33.5394, 0.3102,  
0.4331


218.8066, 0.3131,  
0.3820

 22.5400, 0.3087,  
0.4496

265.3534, 0.3132,  
0.3785

 14.2542, 0.3061,  
0.4720

318.0734, 0.3132,  
0.3754

 8.2977, 0.3013,  
0.5042


377.3510, 0.3133,


 4.2860, 0.2916,


0.3727


0.5536


443.5705, 0.3133,  
0.3703


 1.8348, 0.2964,  
0.7036


 0.5087, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 86.6635, 0.3123,  
0.4027


 86.6635, 0.3123,  
0.4027


 82.7818, 0.3117,  
0.4365


 91.2406, 0.3126,  
0.3716

 79.5512, 0.3107,  
0.4719

 96.5333, 0.3127,  
0.3438

 76.9391, 0.3094,  
0.5070

 99.9929, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 74.9060, 0.3077,  
0.5394

■ 73.4075, 0.3057,  
0.5664

■ 72.3929, 0.3037,  
0.5857

■ 71.8016, 0.3018,  
0.5965

■ 71.6574, 0.3012,  
0.5990

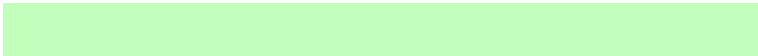
# Harmonies

## Analogous

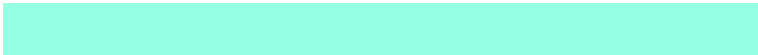
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.6635, 0.3570, 0.4116



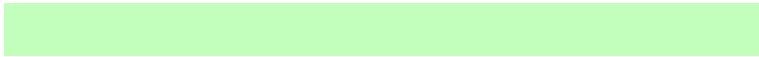
86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



86.6635, 0.2696, 0.3685

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



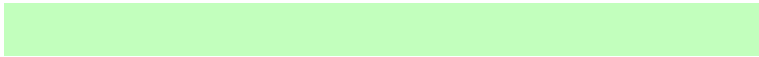
86.6635, 0.2379, 0.2607



86.6635, 0.3908, 0.3272

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



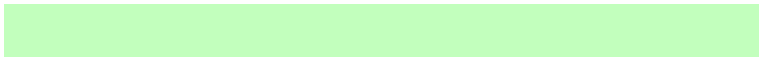
63.9278, 0.3119, 0.2636

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.6635, 0.3543, 0.2930



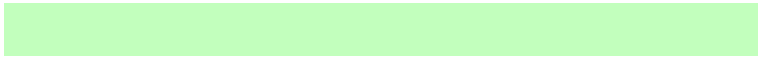
86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



86.6635, 0.2657, 0.2558

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



86.6635, 0.2288, 0.2839



86.6635, 0.3077, 0.2676

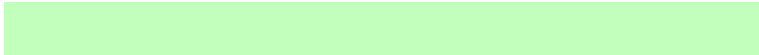


86.6635, 0.4045, 0.3639



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



86.6635, 0.2478, 0.3383



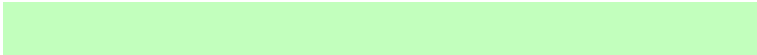
86.6635, 0.3077, 0.2676



86.6635, 0.3807, 0.3152

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.6672, 0.3123, 0.4027



95.3566, 0.3127, 0.3494



92.9875, 0.3532, 0.3889



20.2348, 0.3127, 0.3535



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

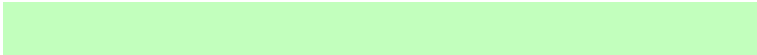


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

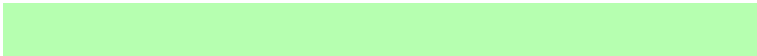


# Same Dimension

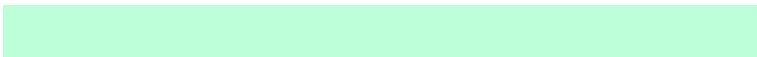
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.6672, 0.3123, 0.4027



84.6005, 0.3120, 0.4197



87.3168, 0.2944, 0.3715



20.2348, 0.3127, 0.3535



37.4697, 0.3016, 0.5987



3.6703, 0.3053, 0.5958



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.9278, 0.3119, 0.2636



58.3774, 0.3116, 0.2505



63.2308, 0.3366, 0.2901



18.2252, 0.3126, 0.3055



13.0678, 0.3017, 0.1435

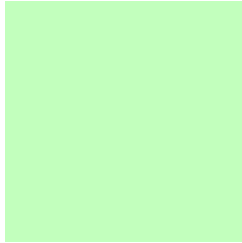


1.2926, 0.3040, 0.1448



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

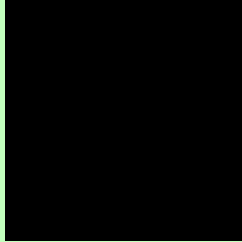
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

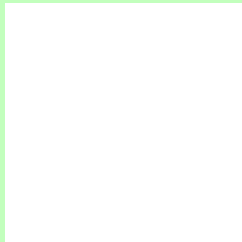
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027.

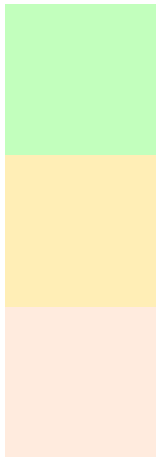


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027

### Protanopia

85.7865, 0.3605, 0.3853

### Deuteranopia

85.9506, 0.3347, 0.3420



## Tritanopia

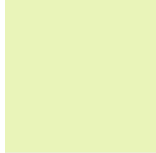
86.5368, 0.2913, 0.3167

# Trichromacy



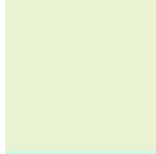
## Original Color

86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



## Protanomaly

85.5278, 0.3416, 0.3911



## Deuteranomaly

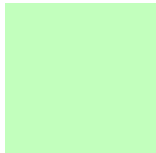
85.4810, 0.3264, 0.3624



## Tritanomaly

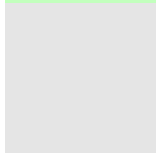
86.1399, 0.2994, 0.3460

# Monochromacy



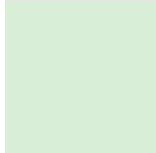
## Original Color

86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027



## Achromatopsia

78.3538, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

80.6030, 0.3128, 0.3550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 255, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 255, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 255, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 255, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 255, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 255, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 255, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 255, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 255, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 255,  
189) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 86.6635, 0.3123, 0.4027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 255, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
255, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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