

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.0170, 0.5636, 0.3140)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.0170, 0.5636, 0.3140)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA2536
RGB	186, 37, 54
RGB Percent	73%, 15%, 21%
CMY	0.2705, 0.8550, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.71, 0.27
HSL	353°, 67%, 44%
HSV	353°, 80%, 73%
XYZ	21.5803, 12.0286, 4.6744
YIQ	83.4890, 83.3470, 36.8750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

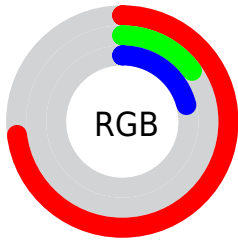
Format	Color
RYB	186, 37, 54
Decimal	12199222
CIELab	41.26, 58.21, 28.70
CIELCh	41, 64.902, 26.241
Yxy	12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290389302 (0xFFBA2536)
YUV	83.4890, -14.5381, 89.9021
Hunter-Lab	34.6823, 50.3737, 16.2866

Details

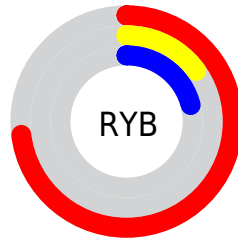
The Yxy color **12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **38.3822, 0.2371, 0.3572**, and the grayscale version is **8.7708, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.6287, 0.5024, 0.3258**, and **4.3865, 0.6242, 0.3212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0230, 0.6006, 0.3180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.6772, 0.5203, 0.3126**.

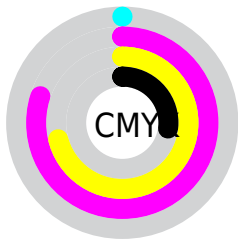
Distribution



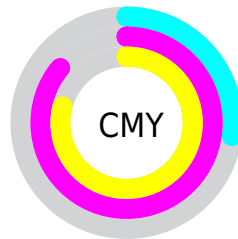
- Red (73%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (27%)





- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.0286, 0.5637,
0.3142


 12.0286, 0.5637,
0.3142


204.5945, 0.4127,
0.3337


 6.7632, 0.6092,
0.3015


 29.5472, 0.5025,
0.3261


 3.3144, 0.6730,
0.2800

 42.5691, 0.4813,
0.3289


 1.2980, 0.7607,
0.2393

 58.9453, 0.4643,
0.3307

 0.1397, 0.9270,
0.0730

 79.0602, 0.4502,
0.3319

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 103.2982, 0.4385,
0.3327

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 132.0437, 0.4286,

0.3332

165.6810, 0.4201,
0.3335

■ 12.0286, 0.5637,
0.3142

■ 12.0286, 0.5637,
0.3142

■ 11.0230, 0.6006,
0.3180

■ 13.6772, 0.5203,
0.3126

■ 10.4963, 0.6263,
0.3224

■ 16.0504, 0.4763,
0.3129

■ 19.2199, 0.4357,
0.3146

■ 23.2481, 0.4007,
0.3172

■ 28.1914, 0.3714,
0.3202

■ 34.1014, 0.3476,
0.3232

■ 41.0256, 0.3284,
0.3262

■ 49.0086, 0.3129,
0.3290

■ 58.0923, 0.3004,
0.3315

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0286, 0.4610, 0.2411



12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142



12.0286, 0.5650, 0.3949

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142



12.0286, 0.2618, 0.5774



12.0286, 0.1318, 0.1461

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142



38.3822, 0.2371, 0.3572

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0286, 0.1053, 0.1780



12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142



12.0286, 0.1633, 0.4282

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142



12.0286, 0.3789, 0.5777



12.0286, 0.1126, 0.2656



12.0286, 0.1974, 0.1493

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142



12.0286, 0.5213, 0.4572



12.0286, 0.1126, 0.2656



12.0286, 0.1191, 0.1521

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0293, 0.5637, 0.3142



56.9988, 0.3572, 0.3219



13.2617, 0.2976, 0.1529



11.7223, 0.3659, 0.3208



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0293, 0.5637, 0.3142



19.2608, 0.6205, 0.3219



18.5996, 0.5207, 0.3937



9.0285, 0.3270, 0.3264



7.0660, 0.6241, 0.3212



0.2546, 0.5740, 0.2936

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0293, 0.5637, 0.3142



19.2608, 0.6205, 0.3219



19.6091, 0.2021, 0.2270



9.0285, 0.3270, 0.3264



7.0660, 0.6241, 0.3212



0.2546, 0.5740, 0.2936

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142

Protanopia

12.2604, 0.3554, 0.3789

Deuteranopia

12.3324, 0.4305, 0.4247



Tritanopia

12.1099, 0.5826, 0.3298

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142

Protanomaly

10.6546, 0.4352, 0.3445

Deuteranomaly

10.9982, 0.4907, 0.3698

Tritanomaly

12.0796, 0.5764, 0.3246

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.3574, 0.4116, 0.3167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 37, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 37, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 37, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 37, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 37, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 37, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 37, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 37, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 37, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 37,  
54) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.0286, 0.5637, 0.3142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 37, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 37,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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