

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.0536, 0.3809, 0.3986)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.0536, 0.3809, 0.3986)
contains.

Yxy(12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E6041
RGB	110, 96, 65
RGB Percent	43%, 38%, 25%
CMY	0.5687, 0.6235, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.41, 0.57
HSL	41°, 26%, 34%
HSV	41°, 41%, 43%
XYZ	11.5647, 12.0624, 6.7185
YIQ	96.6520, 18.2950, -6.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

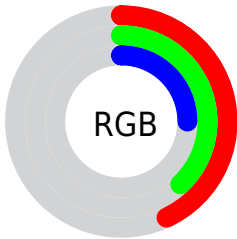
Format	Color
R _Y B	85, 110, 65
Decimal	7233601
CIE Lab	41.32, 0.71, 19.79
CIE LCh	41, 19.800, 87.932
Yxy	12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285423681 (0xFF6E6041)
YUV	96.6520, -15.6044, 11.7062
Hunter-Lab	34.7310, -1.3422, 12.8423

Details

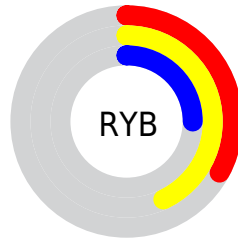
The Yxy color **12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **7.8339, 0.2474, 0.2490**, and the grayscale version is **11.8993, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.4314, 0.3638, 0.3802**, and **3.3274, 0.4151, 0.4315** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3382, 0.4003, 0.4137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8396, 0.3626, 0.3805**.

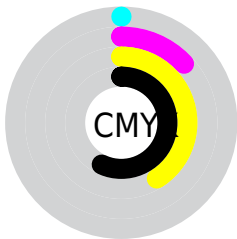
Distribution



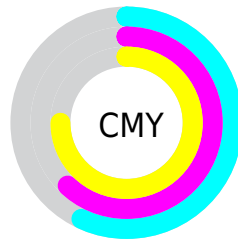
- Red (43%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0624, 0.3811,
0.3975

■ 12.0624, 0.3811,
0.3975

■ 204.8180, 0.3397,
0.3562

■ 6.7862, 0.3947,
0.4109

■ 29.6087, 0.3639,
0.3804

■ 3.3287, 0.4143,
0.4302

■ 42.6476, 0.3581,
0.3746

■ 1.3057, 0.4918,
0.5082

■ 59.0428, 0.3535,
0.3700

■ 0.1456, 0.5170,
0.4830

■ 79.1788, 0.3497,
0.3662

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 103.4399, 0.3466,
0.3631

■ 132.2105, 0.3439,

0.3605

165.8751, 0.3417,
0.3582

■ 12.0624, 0.3811,
0.3975

■ 12.0624, 0.3811,
0.3975

■ 11.3382, 0.4003,
0.4137

■ 12.8396, 0.3626,
0.3805

■ 10.6636, 0.4196,
0.4281

■ 13.6697, 0.3451,
0.3634

■ 10.0371, 0.4383,
0.4400

■ 14.5550, 0.3288,
0.3466

■ 9.4566, 0.4555,
0.4483

■ 15.4968, 0.3140,
0.3304

■ 8.9196, 0.4704,
0.4525

■ 16.4966, 0.3005,
0.3152

■ 8.4604, 0.4834,
0.4544

■ 17.5557, 0.2884,
0.3009

■ 18.6755, 0.2774,
0.2877

■ 19.8571, 0.2677,
0.2754

■ 21.1018, 0.2589,
0.2642

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0624, 0.3989, 0.3704



12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975



12.0624, 0.3453, 0.4075

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975



12.0624, 0.2392, 0.3137



12.0624, 0.3187, 0.2753

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975



7.8339, 0.2474, 0.2490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0624, 0.2767, 0.2606



12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975



12.0624, 0.2332, 0.2795

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975



12.0624, 0.2637, 0.3565



12.0624, 0.2463, 0.2614



12.0624, 0.3618, 0.3021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975



12.0624, 0.3166, 0.4004



12.0624, 0.2463, 0.2614



12.0624, 0.3039, 0.2689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0630, 0.3811, 0.3975



25.3481, 0.3311, 0.3489



7.6610, 0.3773, 0.2969



5.8664, 0.3324, 0.3504



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0630, 0.3811, 0.3975



19.9957, 0.3991, 0.4127



14.3364, 0.3580, 0.4286



3.7500, 0.3259, 0.3435



10.1160, 0.4841, 0.4538



48.8065, 0.4886, 0.4502

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.8339, 0.2474, 0.2490



11.4894, 0.2312, 0.2265



6.3308, 0.2543, 0.2155



3.4538, 0.2996, 0.3141



2.6878, 0.1635, 0.1085



12.0122, 0.1609, 0.0992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

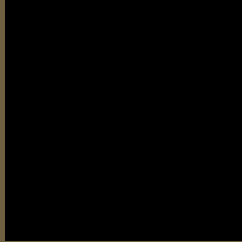
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975

Protanopia

12.1929, 0.3715, 0.4011

Deuteranopia

12.0040, 0.3938, 0.3864



Tritanopia

12.0659, 0.3356, 0.3141

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975

Protanomaly

12.0685, 0.3739, 0.3986

Deuteranomaly

11.9762, 0.3880, 0.3896

Tritanomaly

11.9616, 0.3524, 0.3422

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975

Achromatopsia

11.9538, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.0300, 0.3377, 0.3566

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 96, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 96, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 96, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 96, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 96, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 96, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 96, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 96, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 96, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 96,  
65) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.0624, 0.3811, 0.3975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 96, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 96,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor