

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.0790, 0.4906, 0.3383)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.0790, 0.4906, 0.3383)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0453F
RGB	160, 69, 63
RGB Percent	63%, 27%, 25%
CMY	0.3726, 0.7294, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.61, 0.37
HSL	4°, 43%, 44%
HSV	4°, 61%, 63%
XYZ	17.5222, 12.0887, 6.1122
YIQ	95.5250, 56.1620, 17.4260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

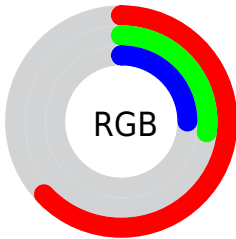
Format	Color
R _Y B	160, 69, 63
Decimal	10503487
CIE Lab	41.36, 37.34, 22.31
CIE LCh	41, 43.499, 30.859
Yxy	12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288693567 (0xFFA0453F)
YUV	95.5250, -16.0348, 56.5446
Hunter-Lab	34.7688, 29.1119, 13.9152

Details

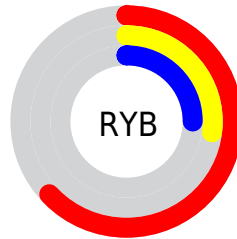
The Yxy color **12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **26.7024, 0.2375, 0.3178**, and the grayscale version is **11.6063, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.6407, 0.4452, 0.3401**, and **3.3350, 0.5777, 0.3254** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3168, 0.5360, 0.3386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.3810, 0.4476, 0.3374**.

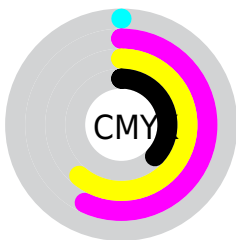
Distribution



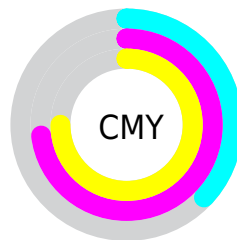
- Red (63%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.0887, 0.4905,
0.3384

 12.0887, 0.4905,
0.3384


204.9916, 0.3818,
0.3385


 6.8041, 0.5260,
0.3343


 29.6566, 0.4452,
0.3406


 3.3399, 0.5768,
0.3246

 42.7086, 0.4300,
0.3407

 1.3117, 0.6845,
0.3155

 59.1186, 0.4179,
0.3405

 0.1502, 0.8772,
0.1228

 79.2710, 0.4080,
0.3401

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 103.5500, 0.3998,
0.3397

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 132.3402, 0.3929,

0.3393

166.0260, 0.3869,
0.3389

■ 12.0887, 0.4905,
0.3384

■ 12.0887, 0.4905,
0.3384

■ 10.3168, 0.5360,
0.3386

■ 14.3810, 0.4476,
0.3374

■ 9.0226, 0.5791,
0.3377

■ 17.2279, 0.4099,
0.3358

■ 8.1603, 0.6133,
0.3357

■ 20.6632, 0.3782,
0.3341

■ 7.6885, 0.6348,
0.3342

■ 24.7172, 0.3521,
0.3324

■ 29.4184, 0.3309,
0.3307

■ 34.7932, 0.3137,
0.3291

■ 40.8669, 0.2997,
0.3277

■ 47.6631, 0.2884,
0.3264

■ 55.2046, 0.2790,
0.3252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0887, 0.4278, 0.2768



12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384



12.0887, 0.4923, 0.4048

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384



12.0887, 0.2738, 0.4752



12.0887, 0.1839, 0.1920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384



26.7024, 0.2375, 0.3178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0887, 0.1574, 0.2167



12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384



12.0887, 0.2013, 0.3784

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384



12.0887, 0.3618, 0.5055



12.0887, 0.1622, 0.2788



12.0887, 0.2425, 0.1969

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384



12.0887, 0.4631, 0.4485



12.0887, 0.1622, 0.2788



12.0887, 0.1717, 0.1966

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0894, 0.4905, 0.3384



46.7202, 0.3468, 0.3320



13.3998, 0.3261, 0.1968



9.7609, 0.3532, 0.3324



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0894, 0.4905, 0.3384



17.7461, 0.5529, 0.3384



20.4034, 0.4373, 0.4115



6.7088, 0.3283, 0.3304



6.0138, 0.6340, 0.3348



0.1247, 0.6067, 0.3564

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7024, 0.2375, 0.3178



46.6066, 0.2281, 0.3150



14.0369, 0.2165, 0.2232



7.4391, 0.2988, 0.3276



19.0148, 0.2194, 0.3100



0.3590, 0.2217, 0.3181

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

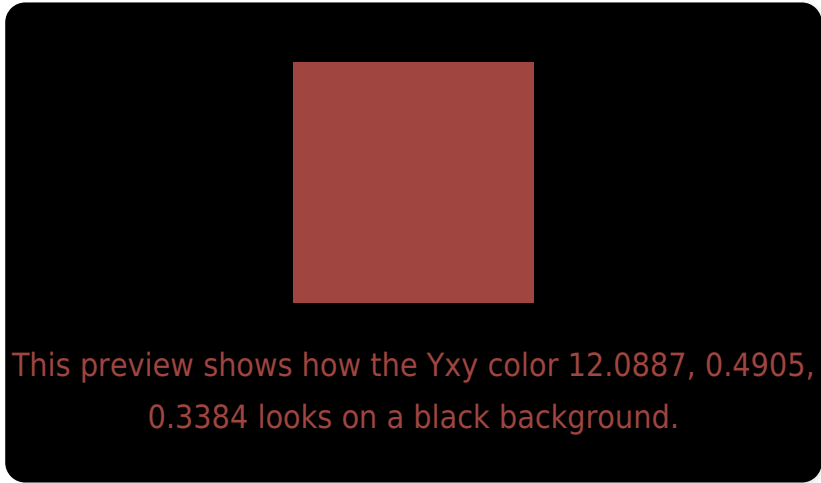
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384

Protanopia

12.2466, 0.3568, 0.3812

Deuteranopia

12.2431, 0.4067, 0.4015



Tritanopia

12.1792, 0.4763, 0.3235

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384

Protanomaly

11.6313, 0.4044, 0.3617

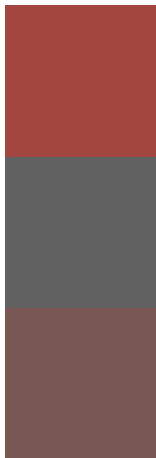
Deuteranomaly

11.8916, 0.4394, 0.3760

Tritanomaly

12.1410, 0.4820, 0.3280

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384

Achromatopsia

11.6971, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.2176, 0.3726, 0.3334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 69, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 69, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 69, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 69, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 69, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 69, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 69, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 69, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 69, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 69,  
63) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.0887, 0.4905, 0.3384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 69, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 69,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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