

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.0940, 0.2548, 0.1999)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.0940, 0.2548, 0.1999)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C559C
RGB	108, 85, 156
RGB Percent	42%, 33%, 61%
CMY	0.5766, 0.6666, 0.3882
CMYK	0.31, 0.46, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	259°, 29%, 47%
HSV	259°, 46%, 61%
XYZ	15.4304, 12.0854, 32.9717
YIQ	99.9710, -9.0830, 26.9570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

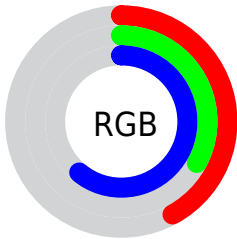
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 85, 156
Decimal	7099804
CIE _{Lab}	41.35, 25.56, -35.42
CIE _{LCh}	41, 43.679, 305.809
Yxy	12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285289884 (0xFF6C559C)
YUV	99.9710, 27.6223, 7.0414
Hunter-Lab	34.7641, 18.3918, -31.8983

Details

The Yxy color **12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **29.4236, 0.3533, 0.4479**, and the grayscale version is **12.6660, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.6082, 0.2697, 0.2274**, and **3.3204, 0.2262, 0.1529** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.2719, 0.2389, 0.1687**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5215, 0.2703, 0.2311**.

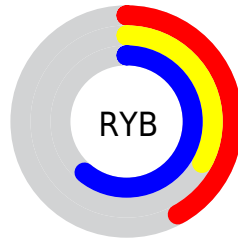
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (33%)

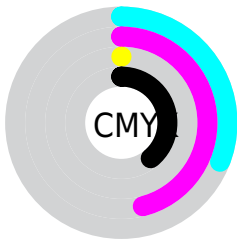
Blue (61%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (61%)

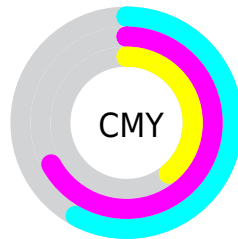


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.0854, 0.2551,
0.1998

12.0854, 0.2551,
0.1998

204.9698, 0.2907,
0.2717

6.8019, 0.2434,
0.1797

29.6505, 0.2700,
0.2276

3.3385, 0.2263,
0.1531

42.7010, 0.2750,
0.2376

1.3109, 0.2000,
0.1168

59.1091, 0.2789,
0.2458

0.1496, 0.1626,
0.0318

79.2594, 0.2822,
0.2526

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

103.5362, 0.2848,
0.2585

132.3240, 0.2871,

0.2635

166.0070, 0.2890,
0.2679

■ 12.0854, 0.2551,
0.1998

■ 12.0854, 0.2551,
0.1998

■ 9.2719, 0.2389,
0.1687

■ 15.5215, 0.2703,
0.2311

■ 7.0408, 0.2224,
0.1395

■ 19.6142, 0.2842,
0.2613

■ 5.3491, 0.2064,
0.1137

■ 24.3967, 0.2966,
0.2897

■ 4.1473, 0.1918,
0.0932

■ 29.8995, 0.3074,
0.3157

■ 3.3701, 0.1793,
0.0789

■ 36.1511, 0.3167,
0.3393

■ 3.0896, 0.1743,
0.0734

■ 43.1788, 0.3247,
0.3604

■ 51.0080, 0.3315,
0.3791

■ 59.6634, 0.3372,
0.3957

■ 69.1684, 0.3420,
0.4103

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0854, 0.1909, 0.1905



12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998



12.0854, 0.3476, 0.2336

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998



12.0854, 0.4876, 0.4160



12.0854, 0.1919, 0.3605

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998



29.4236, 0.3533, 0.4479

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0854, 0.2598, 0.4632



12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998



12.0854, 0.4304, 0.4780

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998



12.0854, 0.4959, 0.3491



12.0854, 0.3473, 0.5069



12.0854, 0.1586, 0.2654

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998



12.0854, 0.4131, 0.2671



12.0854, 0.3473, 0.5069



12.0854, 0.2110, 0.3971

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0859, 0.2551, 0.1998



45.4650, 0.2980, 0.2930



21.2506, 0.2459, 0.2870



9.5899, 0.2957, 0.2875



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0859, 0.2551, 0.1998



16.5745, 0.2379, 0.1670



14.7382, 0.3003, 0.2151



6.5342, 0.3035, 0.3062



2.5619, 0.1750, 0.0738



0.0673, 0.2191, 0.0981

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2622, 0.3504, 0.2523



23.2739, 0.3628, 0.2362



27.0314, 0.3178, 0.4626



6.7181, 0.3184, 0.3140



6.6780, 0.4210, 0.2093



0.1268, 0.3729, 0.1828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

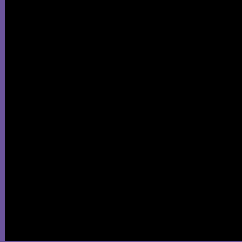
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998

Protanopia

12.1665, 0.2112, 0.1924

Deuteranopia

12.2642, 0.2208, 0.2166



Tritanopia

12.1455, 0.3046, 0.3132

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998

Protanomaly

11.9298, 0.2248, 0.1939

Deuteranomaly

12.0008, 0.2315, 0.2087

Tritanomaly

12.0835, 0.2854, 0.2659

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998

Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.4240, 0.2907, 0.2762

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 85, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 85, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 85, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 85, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 85, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 85, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 85, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 85, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 85, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 85,  
156) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.0854, 0.2551, 0.1998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 85, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 85,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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