

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.1236, 0.2449, 0.3767)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.1236, 0.2449, 0.3767)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	176E5D
RGB	23, 110, 93
RGB Percent	9%, 43%, 36%
CMY	0.9096, 0.5686, 0.6353
CMYK	0.79, 0.00, 0.15, 0.57
HSL	168°, 65%, 26%
HSV	168°, 79%, 43%
XYZ	7.9052, 12.1243, 12.2761
YIQ	82.0490, -46.3950, -23.7310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

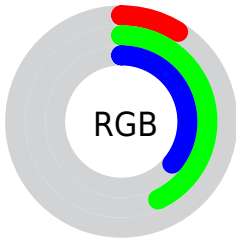
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 71, 110
Decimal	1535581
CIE _{Lab}	41.41, -29.22, 2.37
CIE _{LCh}	41, 29.312, 175.365
Yxy	12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279725661 (0xFF176E5D)
YUV	82.0490, 5.3988, -51.7860
Hunter-Lab	34.8200, -20.4100, 3.4707

Details

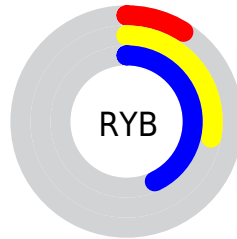
The Yxy color **12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.0831, 0.5225, 0.2996**, and the grayscale version is **8.4464, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.6628, 0.2625, 0.3631**, and **3.5427, 0.2429, 0.3944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9830, 0.2426, 0.3821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3216, 0.2485, 0.3686**.

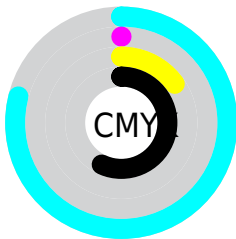
Distribution



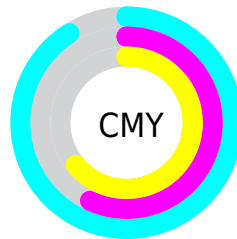
- Red (9%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (57%)




- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.1243, 0.2447,
0.3753


 12.1243, 0.2447,
0.3753


205.2265, 0.2862,
0.3467


 6.8284, 0.2306,
0.3853


 29.7213, 0.2622,
0.3631


 3.3550, 0.2091,
0.4008

 42.7912, 0.2679,
0.3591


 1.3198, 0.1605,
0.4343

 59.2211, 0.2725,
0.3560

 0.1564, 0.0000,
0.9707

 79.3956, 0.2763,
0.3535

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 103.6990, 0.2794,
0.3513

 132.5157, 0.2820,

0.3496

166.2300, 0.2842,
0.3481

■ 12.1243, 0.2447,
0.3753

■ 12.1243, 0.2447,
0.3753

■ 11.9830, 0.2426,
0.3821

■ 12.3216, 0.2485,
0.3686

■ 11.8747, 0.2416,
0.3888

■ 12.5794, 0.2541,
0.3620

■ 11.8646, 0.2415,
0.3895

■ 12.9034, 0.2613,
0.3555

■ 13.2982, 0.2699,
0.3494

■ 13.7679, 0.2797,
0.3436

■ 14.3166, 0.2904,
0.3382

■ 14.9477, 0.3019,
0.3332

■ 15.6646, 0.3139,
0.3286

■ 16.4706, 0.3261,
0.3245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1243, 0.3005, 0.4301



12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753



12.1243, 0.2092, 0.3091

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753



12.1243, 0.2552, 0.2315



12.1243, 0.4399, 0.3807

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753



4.0831, 0.5225, 0.2996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1243, 0.4278, 0.3318



12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753



12.1243, 0.3147, 0.2505

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753



12.1243, 0.2153, 0.2332



12.1243, 0.3798, 0.2859



12.1243, 0.4145, 0.4239

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753



12.1243, 0.1998, 0.2729



12.1243, 0.3798, 0.2859



12.1243, 0.4403, 0.3645

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1248, 0.2447, 0.3753



24.5865, 0.2843, 0.3411



11.6739, 0.3152, 0.5555



5.6629, 0.2815, 0.3426



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1248, 0.2447, 0.3753



20.8979, 0.2421, 0.3878



7.6357, 0.2121, 0.2557



3.8045, 0.3020, 0.3331



14.2488, 0.2417, 0.3901



70.8571, 0.2427, 0.3939

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.0831, 0.5225, 0.2996



6.0905, 0.5887, 0.3077



5.5846, 0.5210, 0.3784



3.4112, 0.3247, 0.3249



4.0460, 0.6005, 0.3082



20.0545, 0.6123, 0.3147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

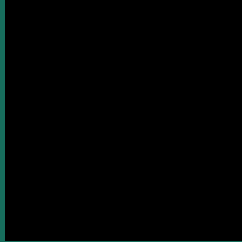
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753

Protanopia

12.0461, 0.3362, 0.3542

Deuteranopia

11.9757, 0.3301, 0.3246



Tritanopia

12.1884, 0.2315, 0.3063

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753

Protanomaly

11.6405, 0.2893, 0.3621

Deuteranomaly

11.4771, 0.2857, 0.3414

Tritanomaly

12.1312, 0.2357, 0.3288

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753

Achromatopsia

8.4376, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.3183, 0.2756, 0.3456

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 110, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 110, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 110, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 110, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.1243, 0.2447, 0.3753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 110, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 110, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 110, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 110, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 110, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 110,  
93) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to `rgb(23, 110, 93)` is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 110, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 110,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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