

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.2213, 0.3008, 0.5993)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.2213, 0.3008, 0.5993)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	027300
RGB	2, 115, 0
RGB Percent	1%, 45%, 0%
CMY	0.9927, 0.5490, 0.9999
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 1.00, 0.55
HSL	119°, 100%, 23%
HSV	119°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	6.1546, 12.2744, 2.0454
YIQ	68.1030, -30.4330, -59.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

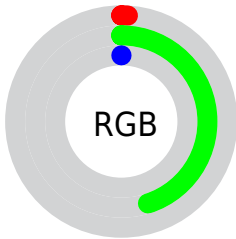
Format	Color
RYB	0, 115, 113
Decimal	160512
CIELab	41.65, -47.71, 46.23
CIELCh	42, 66.429, 135.901
Yxy	12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278350592 (0xFF027300)
YUV	68.1030, -33.5748, -57.9723
Hunter-Lab	35.0348, -29.9537, 21.0629

Details

The Yxy color **12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **4.7605, 0.3171, 0.1521**, and the grayscale version is **5.8511, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.9512, 0.3150, 0.5253**, and **3.7806, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.2747, 0.3006, 0.5995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3752, 0.3012, 0.5858**.

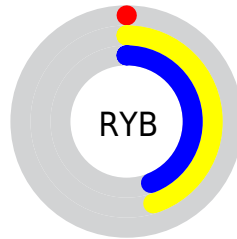
Distribution



Red (1%)

Green (45%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (44%)

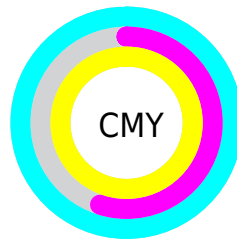


Cyan (98%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (99%)


Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.2744, 0.3006,
0.5995


 12.2744, 0.3006,
0.5995


 206.2135, 0.3203,
0.4257

 6.9308, 0.2840,
0.6604


 29.9939, 0.3146,
0.5250


 3.4189, 0.2507,
0.7493

 43.1386, 0.3173,
0.5005


 1.3541, 0.0432,
0.9568

 59.6525, 0.3188,
0.4812

 0.1825, 0.0000,
1.0000


 79.9200, 0.3196,
0.4657


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 104.3254, 0.3201,
0.4529


 133.2532, 0.3203,


0.4423


 167.0878, 0.3203,
0.4334


 12.2744, 0.3006,
0.5995

 12.2744, 0.3006,
0.5995

 12.2747, 0.3006,
0.5995

 12.3752, 0.3012,
0.5858

 12.5251, 0.3023,
0.5673

 12.7531, 0.3037,
0.5418

 13.0678, 0.3052,
0.5111

 13.4766, 0.3067,
0.4776

■ 13.9862, 0.3082,
0.4437

■ 14.6028, 0.3095,
0.4110

■ 15.3320, 0.3108,
0.3806

■ 16.1789, 0.3118,
0.3532

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2744, 0.4199, 0.5550



12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995



12.2744, 0.1907, 0.4938

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995



12.2744, 0.1168, 0.1503



12.2744, 0.5423, 0.2872

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995



4.7605, 0.3171, 0.1521

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2744, 0.4117, 0.2169



12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995



12.2744, 0.1678, 0.1428

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995



12.2744, 0.1017, 0.1983



12.2744, 0.2668, 0.1657



12.2744, 0.5790, 0.3651

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995



12.2744, 0.1390, 0.3697



12.2744, 0.2668, 0.1657



12.2744, 0.5064, 0.2626

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2749, 0.3006, 0.5995



26.0494, 0.3094, 0.4135



15.4756, 0.4221, 0.5030



6.1224, 0.3090, 0.4243



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2749, 0.3006, 0.5995



21.9721, 0.3004, 0.5997



12.5446, 0.2720, 0.4992



4.1007, 0.3119, 0.3509



14.0301, 0.3006, 0.5996



68.3348, 0.3002, 0.5998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.7605, 0.3171, 0.1521



8.5168, 0.3170, 0.1520



3.9661, 0.4804, 0.2420



3.7551, 0.3135, 0.3081



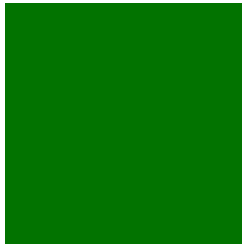
5.4400, 0.3171, 0.1520



26.4720, 0.3169, 0.1519

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

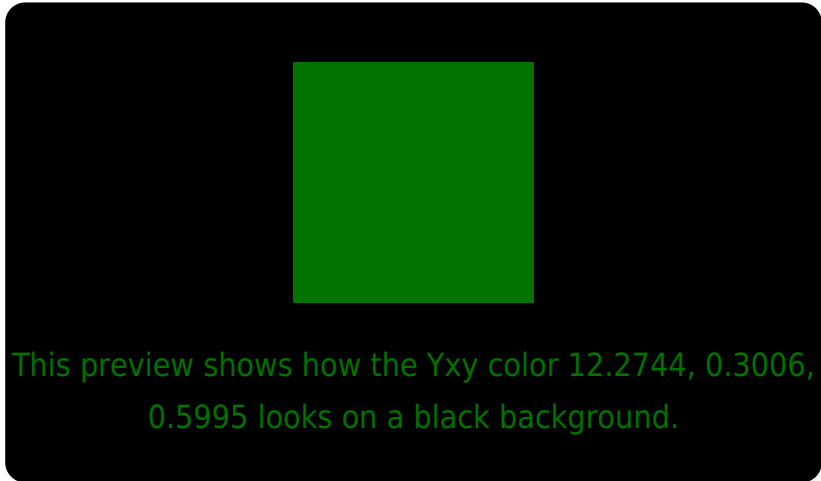
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995

Protanopia

12.1149, 0.4404, 0.4885

Deuteranopia

12.1098, 0.4544, 0.4489



Tritanopia

12.4047, 0.2381, 0.3067

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995

Protanomaly

11.2402, 0.3671, 0.5467

Deuteranomaly

11.0070, 0.3765, 0.5199

Tritanomaly

11.9376, 0.2662, 0.4308

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995

Achromatopsia

5.7805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.2069, 0.3075, 0.4693

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 115, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 115, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 115, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 115, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 115, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 115, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 115, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 115, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 115, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 115, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.2744, 0.3006, 0.5995 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 115, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 115,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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