

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4460A5
RGB	68, 96, 165
RGB Percent	27%, 38%, 65%
CMY	0.7335, 0.6235, 0.3529
CMYK	0.59, 0.42, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	223°, 42%, 46%
HSV	223°, 59%, 65%
XYZ	13.3561, 12.3113, 37.2738
YIQ	95.4940, -38.8370, 15.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

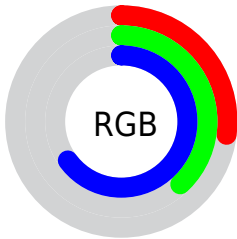
Format	Color
R_{YB}	68, 90, 165
Decimal	4481189
CIE _{Lab}	41.71, 11.21, -40.41
CIE _{LCh}	42, 41.941, 285.504
Yxy	12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282671269 (0xFF4460A5)
YUV	95.4940, 34.2665, -24.1122
Hunter-Lab	35.0875, 6.5434, -38.4232

Details

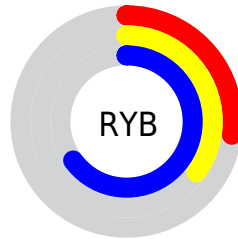
The Yxy color **12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **26.2941, 0.4181, 0.4312**, and the grayscale version is **11.4895, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.0102, 0.2363, 0.2250**, and **3.4735, 0.1741, 0.1467** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8166, 0.1958, 0.1690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2932, 0.2299, 0.2222**.

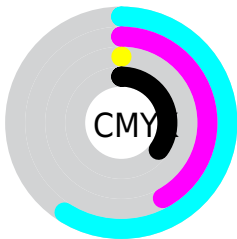
Distribution



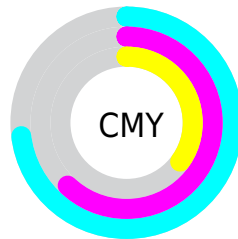
- Red (27%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.3113, 0.2122,
0.1956

■ 12.3113, 0.2122,
0.1956

■ 206.4554, 0.2710,
0.2706

■ 6.9561, 0.1946,
0.1746

■ 30.0608, 0.2357,
0.2247

■ 3.4346, 0.1706,
0.1470

■ 43.2239, 0.2439,
0.2351

■ 1.3626, 0.1368,
0.1100

■ 59.7583, 0.2506,
0.2437

■ 0.1889, 0.0824,
0.0343

■ 80.0486, 0.2561,
0.2508

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 104.4790, 0.2607,
0.2569

133.4341, 0.2647,

0.2621

167.2981, 0.2681,
0.2667

■ 12.3113, 0.2122,
0.1956

■ 12.3113, 0.2122,
0.1956

■ 9.8166, 0.1958,
0.1690

■ 15.2932, 0.2299,
0.2222

■ 7.7794, 0.1815,
0.1435

■ 18.7870, 0.2480,
0.2477

■ 6.1680, 0.1701,
0.1204

■ 22.8172, 0.2659,
0.2717

■ 4.9335, 0.1616,
0.1007

■ 27.4061, 0.2832,
0.2936

■ 4.8067, 0.1607,
0.0986

■ 32.5749, 0.2994,
0.3134

■ 38.3433, 0.3144,
0.3310

■ 44.7305, 0.3282,
0.3465

■ 51.7544, 0.3408,
0.3600

■ 59.4324, 0.3521,
0.3719

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3113, 0.1713, 0.2051



12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956



12.3113, 0.2841, 0.2126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956



12.3113, 0.4919, 0.3702



12.3113, 0.2384, 0.4281

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956



26.2941, 0.4181, 0.4312

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3113, 0.3191, 0.4931



12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956



12.3113, 0.4675, 0.4345

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956



12.3113, 0.4589, 0.3073



12.3113, 0.4026, 0.4865



12.3113, 0.1826, 0.3270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956



12.3113, 0.3453, 0.2367



12.3113, 0.4026, 0.4865



12.3113, 0.2635, 0.4569

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.3117, 0.2122, 0.1956



49.5057, 0.2840, 0.2947



29.9152, 0.2594, 0.3828



10.2987, 0.2793, 0.2888



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.3117, 0.2122, 0.1956



16.2187, 0.1905, 0.1599



8.8890, 0.2197, 0.1523



7.1781, 0.2987, 0.3126



3.7125, 0.1612, 0.1003



0.1552, 0.1809, 0.1712

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9733, 0.4357, 0.2870



18.8267, 0.4827, 0.2829



33.4045, 0.3743, 0.4758



7.1181, 0.3242, 0.3225



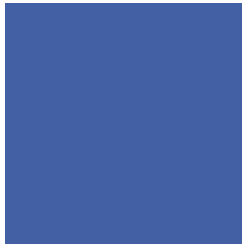
6.2189, 0.5754, 0.2943



0.1385, 0.4791, 0.2413

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

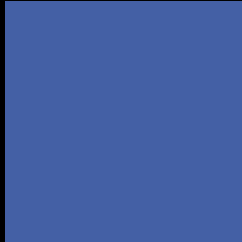
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

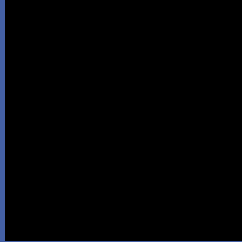
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956

Protanopia

12.3476, 0.2130, 0.1958

Deuteranopia

12.3609, 0.2043, 0.1999



Tritanopia

12.3575, 0.2382, 0.3091

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956

Protanomaly

12.3476, 0.2130, 0.1958

Deuteranomaly

12.3152, 0.2068, 0.1988

Tritanomaly

12.2062, 0.2275, 0.2605

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956

Achromatopsia

11.4435, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.4718, 0.2668, 0.2725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 96, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 96, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 96, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 96, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 96, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 96, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 96, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 96, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 96, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 96,  
165) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.3113, 0.2122, 0.1956 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 96, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 96,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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