

Converting Colors

$Yxy(12.5012, 0.1980, 0.3349)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.5012, 0.1980, 0.3349)
contains.

Yxy(13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$\text{Yxy}(13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007370
RGB	0, 115, 112
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.9997, 0.5490, 0.5608
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.55
HSL	178°, 100%, 23%
HSV	178°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	9.0553, 13.4313, 17.4399
YIQ	80.2730, -67.5770, -25.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 58, 115
Decimal	29552
CIELab	43.41, -27.70, -6.19
CIELCh	43, 28.381, 192.600
Yxy	13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219632 (0xFF007370)
YUV	80.2730, 15.6414, -70.3994
Hunter-Lab	36.6487, -20.0306, -2.5600

Details

The Yxy color **13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.6536, 0.6350, 0.3273**, and the grayscale version is **8.0619, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8955, 0.2469, 0.3339**, and **4.2666, 0.2269, 0.3369** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.4312, 0.2268, 0.3364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.5132, 0.2289, 0.3356**.

Distribution



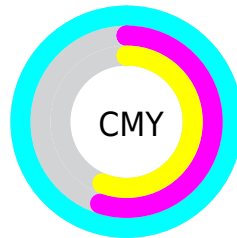
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (55%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.4313, 0.2268,
0.3364

 13.4313, 0.2268,
0.3364


213.6636, 0.2775,
0.3331


 7.7262, 0.2107,
0.3367


 32.0765, 0.2475,
0.3354


 3.9203, 0.1875,
0.3365

 45.7854, 0.2546,
0.3350


 1.6291, 0.1508,
0.3345

 62.9310, 0.2602,
0.3346

 0.3771, 0.0000,
0.3090

 83.8977, 0.2649,
0.3342

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 109.0699, 0.2688,
0.3339

 138.8321, 0.2721,

0.3336

173.5685, 0.2750,
0.3333

13.4313, 0.2268,
0.3364

13.4313, 0.2268,
0.3364

13.4312, 0.2268,
0.3364

13.5132, 0.2289,
0.3356

13.6279, 0.2320,
0.3348

13.8016, 0.2368,
0.3340

14.0412, 0.2433,
0.3332

14.3523, 0.2515,
0.3324

■ 14.7404, 0.2614,
0.3316

■ 15.2100, 0.2726,
0.3309

■ 15.7655, 0.2851,
0.3302

■ 16.4111, 0.2986,
0.3296

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4313, 0.2697, 0.3969



13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364



13.4313, 0.2068, 0.2809

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364



13.4313, 0.2893, 0.2450



13.4313, 0.4224, 0.4030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364



3.6536, 0.6350, 0.3273

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4313, 0.4316, 0.3589



13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364



13.4313, 0.3504, 0.2727

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364



13.4313, 0.2401, 0.2351



13.4313, 0.4046, 0.3128



13.4313, 0.3830, 0.4336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364



13.4313, 0.2073, 0.2552



13.4313, 0.4046, 0.3128



13.4313, 0.4293, 0.3891

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4318, 0.2268, 0.3364



27.1574, 0.2716, 0.3310



12.2872, 0.3012, 0.5989



6.4087, 0.2677, 0.3312



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4318, 0.2268, 0.3364



24.0476, 0.2268, 0.3366



4.6160, 0.1822, 0.1758



4.1537, 0.2998, 0.3295



15.3539, 0.2268, 0.3365



74.8008, 0.2269, 0.3369

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.6536, 0.6350, 0.3273



6.5355, 0.6365, 0.3280



6.2568, 0.5439, 0.4062



3.7023, 0.3272, 0.3285



4.1739, 0.6356, 0.3275



20.3199, 0.6382, 0.3289

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

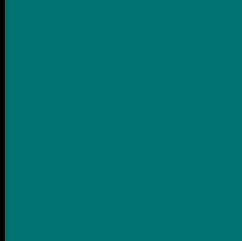
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

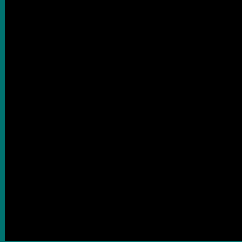
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364

Protanopia

13.4453, 0.3129, 0.3247

Deuteranopia

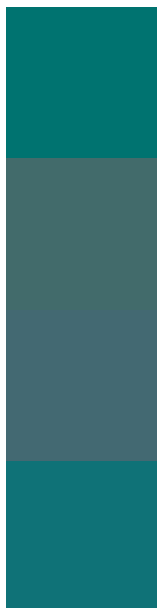
13.4163, 0.3014, 0.2974



Tritanopia

13.4225, 0.2231, 0.3046

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364

Protanomaly

12.7352, 0.2623, 0.3289

Deuteranomaly

12.5113, 0.2556, 0.3074

Tritanomaly

13.4681, 0.2242, 0.3164

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364

Achromatopsia

8.0220, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.3052, 0.2570, 0.3316

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 115, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115,  
112) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.4313, 0.2268, 0.3364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor