

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.5101, 0.2269, 0.2637)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.5101, 0.2269, 0.2637)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	356985
RGB	53, 105, 133
RGB Percent	21%, 41%, 52%
CMY	0.7921, 0.5882, 0.4784
CMYK	0.60, 0.21, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	201°, 43%, 36%
HSV	201°, 60%, 52%
XYZ	10.7541, 12.5535, 24.0463
YIQ	92.6440, -39.9800, -2.3160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

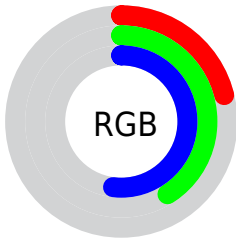
Format	Color
RYB	53, 85, 133
Decimal	3500421
CIELab	42.08, -8.52, -20.75
CIElCh	42, 22.431, 247.666
Yxy	12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281690501 (0xFF356985)
YUV	92.6440, 19.8955, -34.7678
Hunter-Lab	35.4309, -7.8255, -15.4373

Details

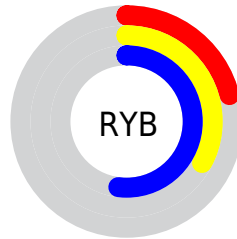
The Yxy color **12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **11.1319, 0.4539, 0.3811**, and the grayscale version is **10.8205, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.4479, 0.2479, 0.2815**, and **3.6506, 0.1990, 0.2363** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3193, 0.2159, 0.2523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.9406, 0.2397, 0.2775**.

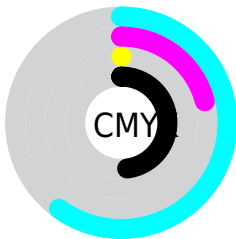
Distribution



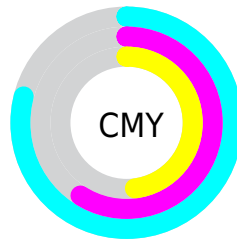
- Red (21%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.5535, 0.2271,
0.2651

12.5535, 0.2271,
0.2651

208.0359, 0.2775,
0.3040

7.1218, 0.2113,
0.2521

30.4993, 0.2476,
0.2814

3.5384, 0.1887,
0.2330

43.7821, 0.2546,
0.2868

1.4189, 0.1546,
0.2025

60.4508, 0.2603,
0.2911

0.2306, 0.0052,
0.1074

80.8898, 0.2650,
0.2947

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

105.4834, 0.2689,
0.2976

134.6160, 0.2722,

0.3001

168.6721, 0.2751,
0.3022

■ 12.5535, 0.2271,
0.2651

■ 12.5535, 0.2271,
0.2651

■ 11.3193, 0.2159,
0.2523

■ 13.9406, 0.2397,
0.2775

■ 10.2274, 0.2064,
0.2392

■ 15.4877, 0.2534,
0.2894

■ 9.2673, 0.1988,
0.2262

■ 17.2026, 0.2679,
0.3005

■ 8.4190, 0.1927,
0.2135

■ 19.0926, 0.2827,
0.3109

■ 21.1642, 0.2977,
0.3203

■ 23.4234, 0.3125,
0.3289

■ 25.8762, 0.3270,
0.3366

■ 28.5280, 0.3410,
0.3435

■ 31.3843, 0.3545,
0.3496

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5535, 0.2267, 0.2974



12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651



12.5535, 0.2480, 0.2518

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651



12.5535, 0.3809, 0.3105



12.5535, 0.3332, 0.4151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651



11.1319, 0.4539, 0.3811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5535, 0.3773, 0.4116



12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651



12.5535, 0.4071, 0.3487

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651



12.5535, 0.3354, 0.2779



12.5535, 0.4052, 0.3856



12.5535, 0.2856, 0.3896

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651



12.5535, 0.2721, 0.2533



12.5535, 0.4052, 0.3856



12.5535, 0.3490, 0.4171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5540, 0.2271, 0.2651



34.8076, 0.2853, 0.3126



18.1268, 0.2825, 0.4514



7.6393, 0.2815, 0.3101



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5540, 0.2271, 0.2651



19.5576, 0.2124, 0.2477



6.2336, 0.2062, 0.1693



5.0117, 0.2992, 0.3212



8.0346, 0.1927, 0.2138



0.0416, 0.2088, 0.2715

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.5546, 0.3712, 0.2353



12.6927, 0.3905, 0.2212



18.9193, 0.4066, 0.4484



4.7359, 0.3186, 0.3150



5.3980, 0.4300, 0.2142



0.0201, 0.3714, 0.1820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

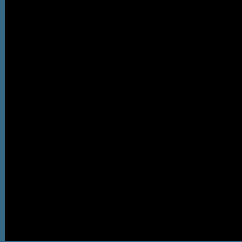
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651.

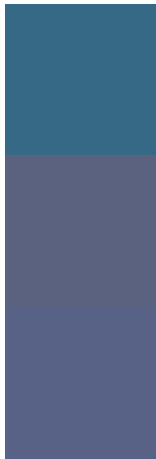


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651

Protanopia

12.5180, 0.2661, 0.2648

Deuteranopia

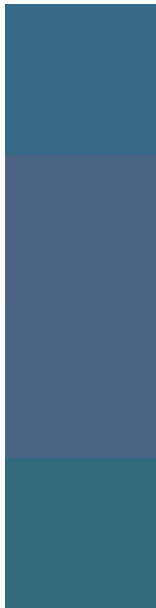
12.5593, 0.2553, 0.2512



Tritanopia

12.5903, 0.2364, 0.3068

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651

Protanomaly

12.4968, 0.2491, 0.2650

Deuteranomaly

12.5244, 0.2434, 0.2570

Tritanomaly

12.5984, 0.2330, 0.2907

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651

Achromatopsia

10.9462, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.2518, 0.2721, 0.3025

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 105, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 105, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 105, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 105, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 105, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 105, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 105, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 105, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 105, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 105,  
133) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.5535, 0.2271, 0.2651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 105, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 105,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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