

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.5170, 0.2689, 0.4882)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(12.5170, 0.2689, 0.4882)  
contains.

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# Color

**$Y_{xy}(12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	00733B
RGB	0, 115, 59
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 23%
CMY	0.9997, 0.5490, 0.7686
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.49, 0.55
HSL	151°, 100%, 23%
HSV	151°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	6.9208, 12.5772, 6.2012
YIQ	74.2310, -50.5640, -41.7960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

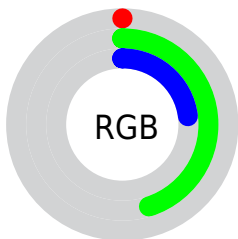
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 76, 115
Decimal	29499
CIELab	42.12, -41.72, 23.26
CIELCh	42, 47.768, 150.865
Yxy	12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219579 (0xFF00733B)
YUV	74.2310, -7.5089, -65.1006
Hunter-Lab	35.4643, -27.2287, 14.4577

# Details

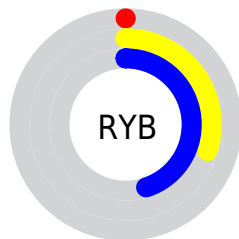
The Yxy color **12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **3.9323, 0.4923, 0.2486**, and the grayscale version is **6.9152, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.5226, 0.2832, 0.4438**, and **3.8123, 0.2884, 0.5582** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.5770, 0.2693, 0.4895**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7137, 0.2679, 0.4718**.

# Distribution



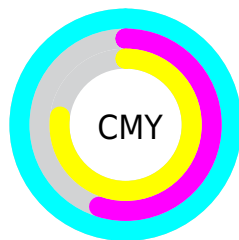
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 12.5772, 0.2693,  
0.4894


 12.5772, 0.2693,  
0.4894


208.1899, 0.2992,  
0.3856


 7.1381, 0.2563,  
0.5290


 30.5421, 0.2833,  
0.4433


 3.5486, 0.2338,  
0.5923

 43.8366, 0.2875,  
0.4288


 1.4244, 0.1527,  
0.8473


 60.5184, 0.2906,  
0.4176

 0.2346, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 80.9718, 0.2931,  
0.4086

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 105.5813, 0.2951,  
0.4013


 134.7312, 0.2967,


0.3951


 168.8060, 0.2981,  
0.3900


 12.5772, 0.2693,  
0.4894

 12.5772, 0.2693,  
0.4894


 12.5770, 0.2693,  
0.4895

 12.7137, 0.2679,  
0.4718

 12.8892, 0.2675,  
0.4538

 13.1304, 0.2689,  
0.4355

 13.4441, 0.2720,  
0.4175

 13.8364, 0.2767,  
0.4000

■ 14.3126, 0.2825,  
0.3833

■ 14.8777, 0.2893,  
0.3678

■ 15.5360, 0.2968,  
0.3536

■ 16.2919, 0.3047,  
0.3406

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5772, 0.3630, 0.5202



12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894



12.5772, 0.1926, 0.3822

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894



12.5772, 0.1754, 0.1830



12.5772, 0.5048, 0.3370

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894



3.9323, 0.4923, 0.2486

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5772, 0.4372, 0.2725



12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894



12.5772, 0.2371, 0.1885

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894



12.5772, 0.1477, 0.2082



12.5772, 0.3320, 0.2200



12.5772, 0.5049, 0.4070



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894



12.5772, 0.1613, 0.3058



12.5772, 0.3320, 0.2200



12.5772, 0.4892, 0.3147

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5777, 0.2693, 0.4894



26.5497, 0.2887, 0.3691



13.1472, 0.3395, 0.5686



6.2498, 0.2864, 0.3742



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5777, 0.2693, 0.4894



22.4946, 0.2705, 0.4937



13.4997, 0.2247, 0.3287



4.1266, 0.3054, 0.3395



14.3738, 0.2696, 0.4906



69.8717, 0.2721, 0.4995



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.9323, 0.4923, 0.2486



7.0118, 0.4979, 0.2517



3.6464, 0.6399, 0.3300



3.7278, 0.3207, 0.3187



4.4892, 0.4938, 0.2494



21.7043, 0.5054, 0.2558



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

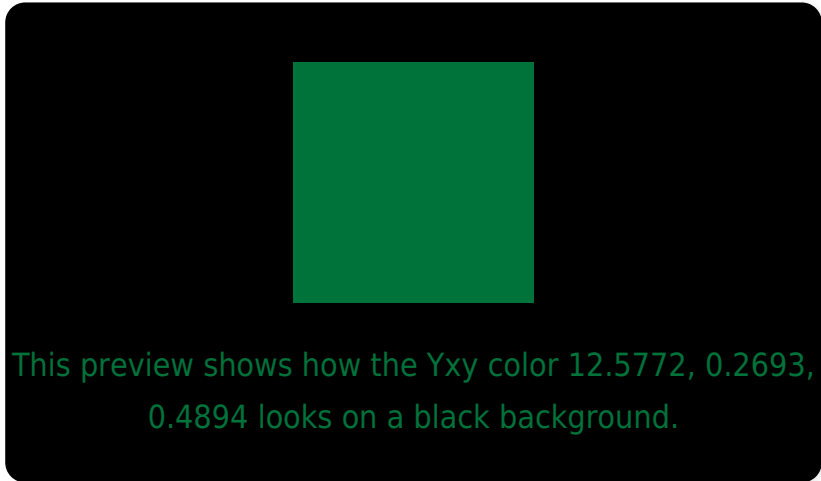
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894

### Protanopia

12.4319, 0.3934, 0.4285

### Deuteranopia

12.4765, 0.3983, 0.3936



## Tritanopia

12.7571, 0.2356, 0.3092

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894

## Protanomaly

11.6442, 0.3243, 0.4608

## Deuteranomaly

11.3870, 0.3272, 0.4331

## Tritanomaly

12.4603, 0.2450, 0.3690

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894

## Achromatopsia

6.8478, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

8.1788, 0.2784, 0.3913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 59)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.5772, 0.2693, 0.4894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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