

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.5298, 0.2937, 0.3877)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.5298, 0.2937, 0.3877)
contains.

Yxy(12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	476B54
RGB	71, 107, 84
RGB Percent	28%, 42%, 33%
CMY	0.7216, 0.5804, 0.6706
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.21, 0.58
HSL	142°, 20%, 35%
HSV	142°, 34%, 42%
XYZ	9.4568, 12.4951, 10.3018
YIQ	93.6140, -14.0730, -14.7850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

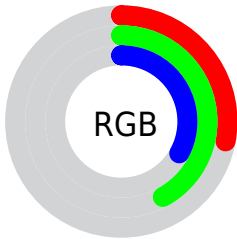
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 97, 107
Decimal	4680532
CIE Lab	41.99, -18.28, 8.85
CIE LCh	42, 20.309, 154.158
Yxy	12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282870612 (0xFF476B54)
YUV	93.6140, -4.7397, -19.8325
Hunter-Lab	35.3484, -14.1054, 7.4646

Details

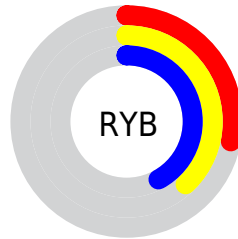
The Yxy color **12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **8.4410, 0.3395, 0.2772**, and the grayscale version is **11.1120, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.5825, 0.2986, 0.3715**, and **3.4811, 0.2815, 0.4204** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0241, 0.2883, 0.4085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0489, 0.2987, 0.3679**.

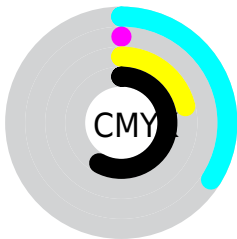
Distribution



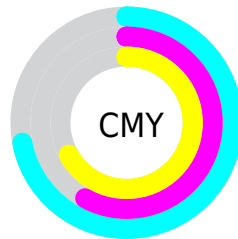
- Red (28%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.4951, 0.2932,
0.3874

■ 12.4951, 0.2932,
0.3874

■ 207.6560, 0.3056,
0.3508

■ 7.0818, 0.2886,
0.4007

■ 30.3937, 0.2986,
0.3716

■ 3.5133, 0.2811,
0.4218

■ 43.6477, 0.3004,
0.3665

■ 1.4052, 0.2676,
0.4611

■ 60.2842, 0.3017,
0.3625

■ 0.2206, 0.0000,
1.0000

■ 80.6874, 0.3028,
0.3592

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 105.2418, 0.3037,
0.3566

134.3318, 0.3044,

0.3543

168.3417, 0.3051,
0.3525

■ 12.4951, 0.2932,
0.3874

■ 12.4951, 0.2932,
0.3874

■ 12.0241, 0.2883,
0.4085

■ 13.0489, 0.2987,
0.3679

■ 11.6302, 0.2842,
0.4309

■ 13.6876, 0.3045,
0.3503

■ 11.3096, 0.2812,
0.4542

■ 14.4154, 0.3105,
0.3344

■ 11.0575, 0.2796,
0.4776

■ 15.2354, 0.3165,
0.3202

■ 10.8684, 0.2795,
0.5005

■ 16.1508, 0.3224,
0.3077

■ 10.7340, 0.2810,
0.5220

■ 17.1647, 0.3281,
0.2966

■ 10.6598, 0.2819,
0.5349

■ 18.2799, 0.3335,
0.2869

■ 19.4991, 0.3387,
0.2784

■ 20.8250, 0.3436,
0.2709

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4951, 0.3368, 0.4076



12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874



12.4951, 0.2565, 0.3478

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874



12.4951, 0.2505, 0.2590



12.4951, 0.3967, 0.3433

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874



8.4410, 0.3395, 0.2772

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4951, 0.3704, 0.3084



12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874



12.4951, 0.2843, 0.2617

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874



12.4951, 0.2334, 0.2736



12.4951, 0.3282, 0.2794



12.4951, 0.3982, 0.3775

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874



12.4951, 0.2404, 0.3187



12.4951, 0.3282, 0.2794



12.4951, 0.3904, 0.3314

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4956, 0.2932, 0.3874



24.9286, 0.3065, 0.3447



13.3717, 0.3413, 0.4129



6.0012, 0.3059, 0.3464



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4956, 0.2932, 0.3874



21.7289, 0.2894, 0.4030



12.8069, 0.2734, 0.3420



3.4612, 0.3073, 0.3426



12.9624, 0.2824, 0.5367



65.8954, 0.2852, 0.5469

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.4410, 0.3395, 0.2772



13.3169, 0.3474, 0.2655



8.1603, 0.3738, 0.3166



3.1463, 0.3185, 0.3158



4.3098, 0.4328, 0.2158



21.7898, 0.4409, 0.2202

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874

Protanopia

12.5061, 0.3490, 0.3719

Deuteranopia

12.3832, 0.3531, 0.3464



Tritanopia

12.4481, 0.2679, 0.3078

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874

Protanomaly

12.4240, 0.3279, 0.3789

Deuteranomaly

12.1922, 0.3294, 0.3592

Tritanomaly

12.3558, 0.2769, 0.3338

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874

Achromatopsia

11.1932, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.6403, 0.3058, 0.3509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 107, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 107, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 107, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 107, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 107, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 107, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 107, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 107, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 107, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 107,  
84) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.4951, 0.2932, 0.3874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 107, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 107,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor