

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.5335, 0.3419, 0.5667)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.5335, 0.3419, 0.5667)
contains.

Yxy(12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A7000
RGB	58, 112, 0
RGB Percent	23%, 44%, 0%
CMY	0.7725, 0.5608, 1.0000
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 1.00, 0.56
HSL	89°, 100%, 22%
HSV	89°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	7.5399, 12.4879, 2.0123
YIQ	83.0860, 3.7680, -46.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

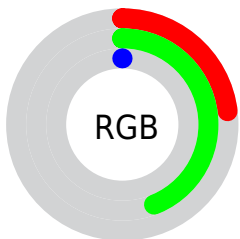
Format	Color
RYB	0, 112, 54
Decimal	3829760
CIELab	41.98, -35.08, 47.09
CIELCh	42, 58.721, 126.685
Yxy	12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282019840 (0xFF3A7000)
YUV	83.0860, -40.9614, -22.0004
Hunter-Lab	35.3382, -23.7564, 21.3606

Details

The Yxy color **12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **1.9535, 0.2032, 0.0893**, and the grayscale version is **8.7544, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.2567, 0.3445, 0.5049**, and **3.5550, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4885, 0.3421, 0.5666**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6835, 0.3454, 0.5522**.

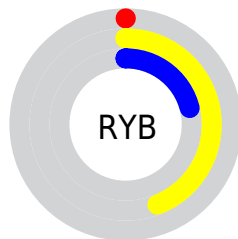
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (44%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (21%)

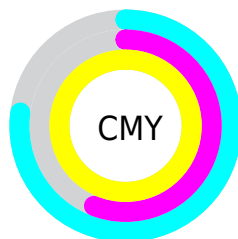


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (77%)


Magenta (56%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.4879, 0.3421,
0.5666


 12.4879, 0.3421,
0.5666


 207.6091, 0.3353,
0.4180


 7.0769, 0.3352,
0.6159


 30.3807, 0.3446,
0.5047


 3.5102, 0.3156,
0.6844

 43.6312, 0.3436,
0.4837


 1.4036, 0.2236,
0.7764

 60.2636, 0.3422,
0.4670

 0.2193, 0.0000,
1.0000

 80.6625, 0.3407,
0.4534


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 105.2120, 0.3392,
0.4422


 134.2967, 0.3378,


0.4328


 168.3009, 0.3365,
0.4248


 12.4879, 0.3421,
0.5666


 12.4879, 0.3421,
0.5666

 12.4885, 0.3421,
0.5666

 12.6835, 0.3454,
0.5522

 12.9063, 0.3476,
0.5351

 13.1659, 0.3478,
0.5135

 13.4649, 0.3461,
0.4885

 13.8056, 0.3427,
0.4613

■ 14.1902, 0.3379,
0.4332

■ 14.6204, 0.3322,
0.4052

■ 15.0982, 0.3259,
0.3782

■ 15.6252, 0.3194,
0.3527

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4879, 0.4477, 0.5119



12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666



12.4879, 0.2350, 0.5126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666



12.4879, 0.1248, 0.1760



12.4879, 0.4867, 0.2730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666



1.9535, 0.2032, 0.0893

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4879, 0.3599, 0.2107



12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666



12.4879, 0.1622, 0.1574

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666



12.4879, 0.1212, 0.2385



12.4879, 0.2399, 0.1702



12.4879, 0.5514, 0.3457

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666



12.4879, 0.1770, 0.4153



12.4879, 0.2399, 0.1702



12.4879, 0.4480, 0.2505

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4885, 0.3421, 0.5666



25.6222, 0.3327, 0.4074



5.9246, 0.5436, 0.4066



6.0947, 0.3346, 0.4165



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4885, 0.3421, 0.5666



21.8658, 0.3404, 0.5679



11.6124, 0.3013, 0.5990



3.8403, 0.3187, 0.3502



14.4239, 0.3416, 0.5670



71.3357, 0.3379, 0.5699

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.9535, 0.2032, 0.0893



3.3592, 0.2007, 0.0879



4.3747, 0.3130, 0.1498



3.3720, 0.3063, 0.3078



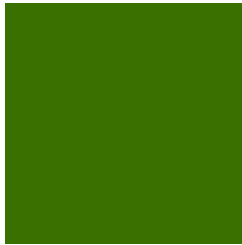
2.2449, 0.2025, 0.0889



10.6739, 0.1971, 0.0859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

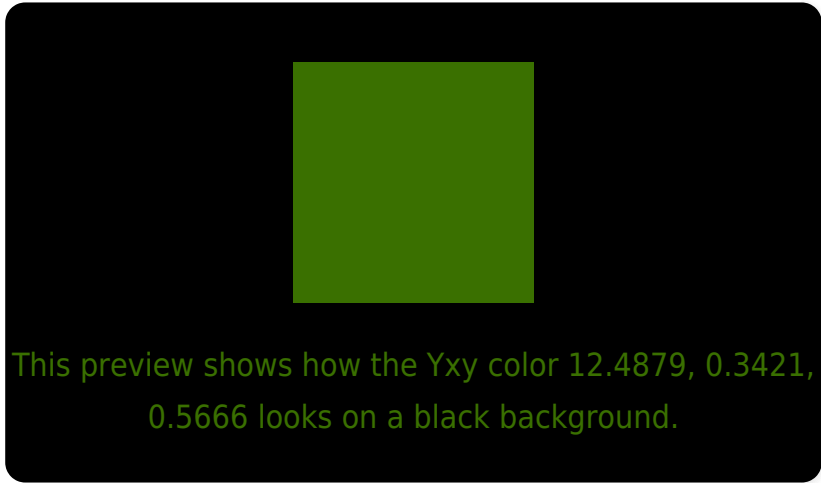
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666

Protanopia

12.3032, 0.4387, 0.4899

Deuteranopia

12.3524, 0.4558, 0.4515



Tritanopia

12.4869, 0.2637, 0.3099

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666

Protanomaly

12.1759, 0.4002, 0.5204

Deuteranomaly

12.0512, 0.4114, 0.4960

Tritanomaly

12.1993, 0.3045, 0.4231

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.7183, 0.3389, 0.4410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 112, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 112, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 112, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 112, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 112, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 112, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 112, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 112, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 112, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 112, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.4879, 0.3421, 0.5666 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 112, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 112,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor