

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.5644, 0.3658, 0.4224)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.5644, 0.3658, 0.4224)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64663D
RGB	100, 102, 61
RGB Percent	39%, 40%, 24%
CMY	0.6079, 0.6000, 0.7607
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.40, 0.60
HSL	63°, 25%, 32%
HSV	63°, 40%, 40%
XYZ	10.8491, 12.5490, 6.2686
YIQ	96.7280, 11.9690, -13.1750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

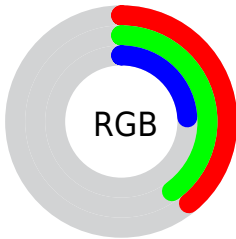
Format	Color
R_{YB}	61, 102, 63
Decimal	6579773
CIE _{Lab}	42.08, -7.78, 22.90
CIE _{LCh}	42, 24.190, 108.769
Yxy	12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284769853 (0xFF64663D)
YUV	96.7280, -17.6139, 2.8695
Hunter-Lab	35.4246, -7.3257, 14.3055

Details

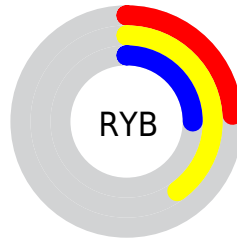
The Yxy color **12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **5.3574, 0.2472, 0.2164**, and the grayscale version is **11.9261, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.5620, 0.3538, 0.3990**, and **3.5029, 0.3875, 0.4708** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4214, 0.3777, 0.4449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6988, 0.3528, 0.3998**.

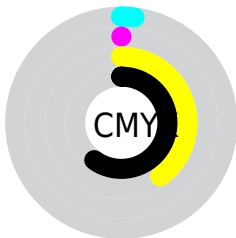
Distribution



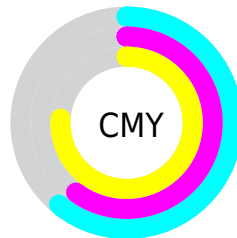
- Red (39%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.5490, 0.3657,
0.4230

12.5490, 0.3657,
0.4230

208.0067, 0.3347,
0.3653

7.1187, 0.3749,
0.4425

30.4911, 0.3532,
0.3987

3.5365, 0.3871,
0.4712

43.7718, 0.3489,
0.3906

1.4178, 0.4378,
0.5622

60.4380, 0.3454,
0.3842

0.2298, 0.1100,
0.8900

80.8742, 0.3425,
0.3790

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

105.4648, 0.3401,
0.3747

134.5941, 0.3380,

0.3711

168.6466, 0.3362,
0.3680

■ 12.5490, 0.3657,
0.4230

■ 12.5490, 0.3657,
0.4230

■ 12.4214, 0.3777,
0.4449

■ 12.6988, 0.3528,
0.3998

■ 12.3131, 0.3883,
0.4646

■ 12.8703, 0.3394,
0.3760

■ 12.2234, 0.3971,
0.4814

■ 13.0650, 0.3261,
0.3524

■ 12.1509, 0.4037,
0.4947

■ 13.2838, 0.3129,
0.3294

■ 12.0938, 0.4081,
0.5041

■ 13.5278, 0.3004,
0.3075

■ 12.0447, 0.4113,
0.5117

■ 13.7976, 0.2885,
0.2869

■ 14.0942, 0.2774,
0.2678

■ 14.4183, 0.2671,
0.2502

■ 14.7707, 0.2577,
0.2342

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5490, 0.4039, 0.4018



12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230



12.5490, 0.3151, 0.4158

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230



12.5490, 0.2181, 0.2796



12.5490, 0.3566, 0.2860

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230



5.3574, 0.2472, 0.2164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5490, 0.3032, 0.2584



12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230



12.5490, 0.2268, 0.2526

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230



12.5490, 0.2317, 0.3251



12.5490, 0.2565, 0.2462



12.5490, 0.4000, 0.3236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230



12.5490, 0.2815, 0.3932



12.5490, 0.2565, 0.2462



12.5490, 0.3390, 0.2754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5496, 0.3657, 0.4230



22.8337, 0.3289, 0.3574



6.6501, 0.4035, 0.3326



5.3800, 0.3300, 0.3593



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5496, 0.3657, 0.4230



21.7993, 0.3768, 0.4432



11.5526, 0.3346, 0.4336



3.2614, 0.3244, 0.3494



15.4632, 0.4111, 0.5117



80.5359, 0.4106, 0.5121

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.3574, 0.2472, 0.2164



7.3134, 0.2292, 0.1861



6.1330, 0.2813, 0.2262



2.7695, 0.3005, 0.3078



1.2684, 0.1526, 0.0614



6.5032, 0.1511, 0.0606

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

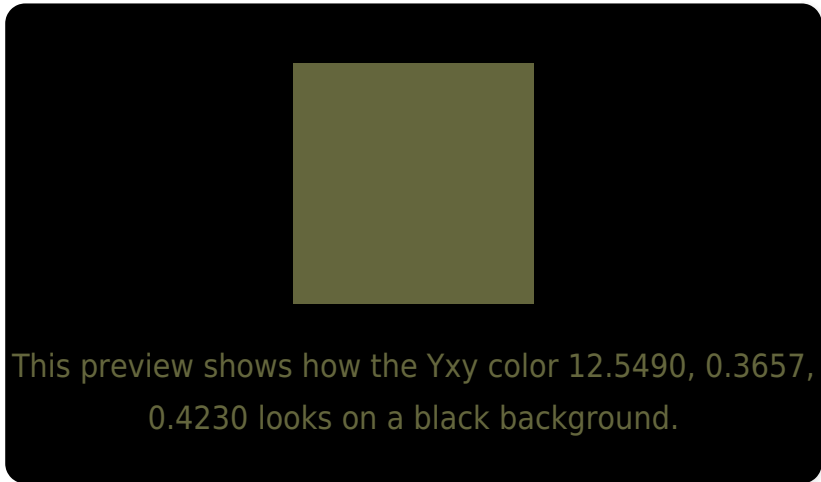
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

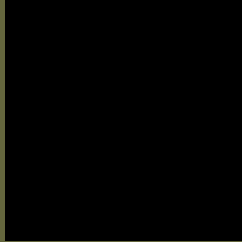
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

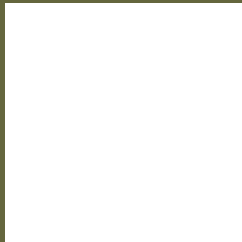
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230

Protanopia

12.4381, 0.3824, 0.4150

Deuteranopia

12.5364, 0.4015, 0.3952



Tritanopia

12.5521, 0.3149, 0.3138

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230

Protanomaly

12.4438, 0.3767, 0.4186

Deuteranomaly

12.5939, 0.3887, 0.4063

Tritanomaly

12.5118, 0.3342, 0.3539

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230

Achromatopsia

11.9538, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.1604, 0.3322, 0.3640

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 102, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 102, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 102, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 102, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 102, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 102, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 102, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 102, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 102, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 102,  
61) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.5490, 0.3657, 0.4230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 102, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
102, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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