

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.6044, 0.4699, 0.4359)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(12.6044, 0.4699, 0.4359)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	855C1B
RGB	133, 92, 27
RGB Percent	52%, 36%, 11%
CMY	0.4784, 0.6392, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.80, 0.48
HSL	37°, 66%, 31%
HSV	37°, 80%, 52%
XYZ	13.6978, 12.7200, 2.7699
YIQ	96.8490, 45.3010, -11.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

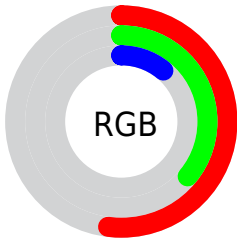
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	94, 133, 27
Decimal	8739867
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.34, 10.69, 41.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 43.108, 75.647
Yxy	12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286929947 (0xFF855C1B)
YUV	96.8490, -34.4356, 31.7044
Hunter-Lab	35.6651, 6.1420, 20.3608

# Details

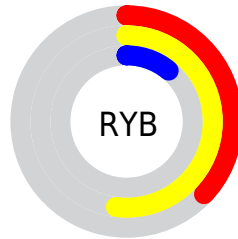
The Yxy color **12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **6.0598, 0.1885, 0.1692**, and the grayscale version is **11.9932, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8150, 0.4346, 0.4158**, and **3.6163, 0.5065, 0.4360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.8112, 0.4878, 0.4383**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7185, 0.4485, 0.4288**.

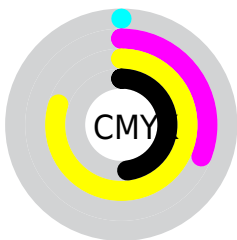
# Distribution



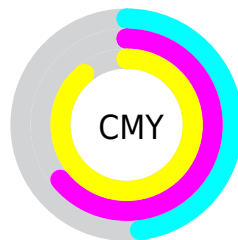
- Red (52%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (48%)




- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 12.7200, 0.4693,  
0.4358


 12.7200, 0.4693,  
0.4358


209.1153, 0.3789,  
0.3793


 7.2360, 0.4931,  
0.4465


 30.7998, 0.4344,  
0.4162


 3.6101, 0.5342,  
0.4658

 44.1645, 0.4217,  
0.4083


 1.4580, 0.5500,  
0.4500

 60.9248, 0.4113,  
0.4016

 0.2589, 0.6620,  
0.3380

 81.4652, 0.4026,  
0.3957

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 106.1700, 0.3952,  
0.3907

 135.4237, 0.3890,

0.3864

169.6107, 0.3836,  
0.3826

12.7200, 0.4693,  
0.4358

12.7200, 0.4693,  
0.4358

11.8112, 0.4878,  
0.4383

13.7185, 0.4485,  
0.4288

10.9794, 0.5046,  
0.4372

14.8092, 0.4266,  
0.4181

10.9554, 0.5051,  
0.4372

15.9969, 0.4045,  
0.4048

17.2851, 0.3831,  
0.3898

18.6772, 0.3629,  
0.3742

■ 20.1765, 0.3444,  
0.3585

■ 21.7858, 0.3275,  
0.3432

■ 23.5080, 0.3123,  
0.3286

■ 25.3459, 0.2987,  
0.3149

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7200, 0.4947, 0.3706



12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358



12.7200, 0.4032, 0.4889

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358



12.7200, 0.1805, 0.3263



12.7200, 0.2840, 0.2112

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358



6.0598, 0.1885, 0.1692

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.7200, 0.2110, 0.1939



12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358



12.7200, 0.1590, 0.2453

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358



12.7200, 0.2367, 0.4295



12.7200, 0.1696, 0.2032



12.7200, 0.3785, 0.2512



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358



12.7200, 0.3475, 0.5014



12.7200, 0.1696, 0.2032



12.7200, 0.2564, 0.2027

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.7206, 0.4693, 0.4358



34.8074, 0.3532, 0.3660



6.2049, 0.4713, 0.2622



7.6592, 0.3589, 0.3709



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.7206, 0.4693, 0.4358



19.8870, 0.5012, 0.4366



21.0208, 0.3978, 0.5016



5.1285, 0.3265, 0.3423



10.4512, 0.5048, 0.4373



0.0504, 0.4593, 0.4735



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0598, 0.1885, 0.1692



7.6240, 0.1707, 0.1309



2.8817, 0.1759, 0.0937



4.8181, 0.2992, 0.3153



3.9196, 0.1688, 0.1276

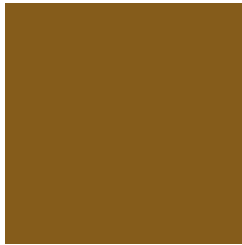


0.0270, 0.1916, 0.2096



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

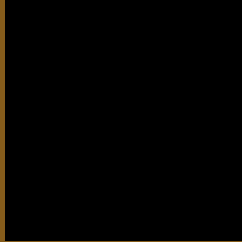
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358

### Protanopia

12.9068, 0.4229, 0.4671

### Deuteranopia

12.6946, 0.4548, 0.4482



## Tritanopia

12.7466, 0.3886, 0.3180

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358

**Protanomaly**

12.8123, 0.4392, 0.4566

**Deuteranomaly**

12.7471, 0.4609, 0.4437

**Tritanomaly**

12.6310, 0.4263, 0.3666

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358

**Achromatopsia**

11.9538, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

11.9673, 0.3714, 0.3801

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 92, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 92, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 92, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 92, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 92, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 92, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 92, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 92, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 92, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 92,  
27) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.7200, 0.4693, 0.4358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 92, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 92,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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