

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.6271, 0.5305, 0.4170)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.6271, 0.5305, 0.4170)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	995100
RGB	153, 81, 0
RGB Percent	60%, 32%, 0%
CMY	0.4000, 0.6823, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	32°, 100%, 30%
HSV	32°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.0786, 12.6572, 1.5954
YIQ	93.2940, 68.9130, -9.9270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

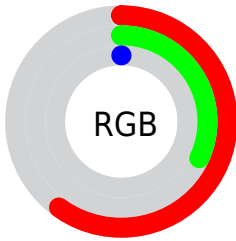
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 153, 0
Decimal	10047744
CIE _{Lab}	42.24, 25.48, 51.48
CIE _{LCh}	42, 57.440, 63.661
Yxy	12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288237824 (0xFF995100)
YUV	93.2940, -45.9939, 52.3622
Hunter-Lab	35.5770, 18.4111, 22.2451

Details

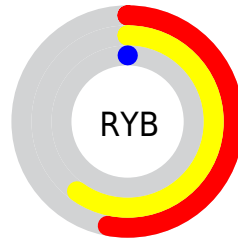
The Yxy color **12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **6.9326, 0.1752, 0.1506**, and the grayscale version is **11.1171, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.6741, 0.4849, 0.4098**, and **3.6350, 0.5674, 0.3877** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6579, 0.5301, 0.4173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8206, 0.5101, 0.4214**.

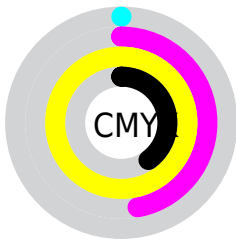
Distribution



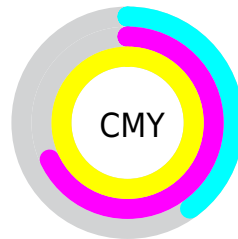
- Red (60%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.6572, 0.5301,
0.4173

 12.6572, 0.5301,
0.4173


 208.7089, 0.4074,
0.3812


 7.1929, 0.5639,
0.4194

 30.6865, 0.4847,
0.4098


 3.5830, 0.5940,
0.4060


 44.0204, 0.4675,
0.4049


 1.4432, 0.6270,
0.3730

 60.7462, 0.4531,
0.4000

 0.2482, 0.7756,
0.2244

 81.2484, 0.4409,
0.3955

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 105.9114, 0.4306,
0.3914

 135.1195, 0.4218,


0.3876

 169.2572, 0.4141,
0.3843


 12.6572, 0.5301,
0.4173

 12.6572, 0.5301,
0.4173

 12.6579, 0.5301,
0.4173

 13.8206, 0.5101,
0.4214

 15.1263, 0.4877,
0.4214

 16.5902, 0.4629,
0.4165

 18.2202, 0.4372,
0.4077

 20.0234, 0.4119,
0.3962

■ 22.0064, 0.3880,
0.3831

■ 24.1752, 0.3660,
0.3692

■ 26.5355, 0.3461,
0.3553

■ 29.0927, 0.3284,
0.3418

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6572, 0.5435, 0.3389



12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173



12.6572, 0.4557, 0.5011

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173



12.6572, 0.1649, 0.3775



12.6572, 0.2320, 0.1706

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173



6.9326, 0.1752, 0.1506

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6572, 0.1598, 0.1609



12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173



12.6572, 0.1263, 0.2505

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173



12.6572, 0.2474, 0.5182



12.6572, 0.1263, 0.1832



12.6572, 0.3458, 0.2079

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173



12.6572, 0.3892, 0.5466



12.6572, 0.1263, 0.1832



12.6572, 0.2031, 0.1642

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6579, 0.5301, 0.4173



43.0588, 0.3672, 0.3700



7.2654, 0.4998, 0.2527



9.1704, 0.3755, 0.3754



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6579, 0.5301, 0.4173



22.2959, 0.5328, 0.4152



29.3069, 0.4165, 0.5075



6.7369, 0.3271, 0.3408



10.5296, 0.5291, 0.4181



0.2302, 0.4732, 0.4625

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9326, 0.1752, 0.1506



12.0506, 0.1742, 0.1472



2.3162, 0.1507, 0.0604



6.4816, 0.2989, 0.3169



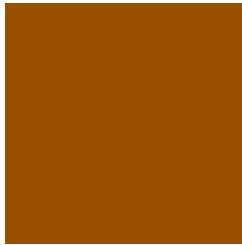
5.7960, 0.1755, 0.1519



0.1586, 0.1972, 0.2297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173

Protanopia

12.8471, 0.4331, 0.4823

Deuteranopia

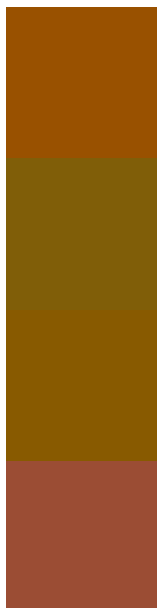
12.6964, 0.4702, 0.4648



Tritanopia

12.6942, 0.4461, 0.3197

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173

Protanomaly

12.6121, 0.4701, 0.4579

Deuteranomaly

12.5466, 0.4923, 0.4473

Tritanomaly

12.5243, 0.4925, 0.3673

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173

Achromatopsia

10.9462, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.1054, 0.4052, 0.3936

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 81, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 81, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 81, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 81, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 81, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 81, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 81, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 81, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 81, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 81, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.6572, 0.5301, 0.4173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 81, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 81,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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