

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.6305, 0.2670, 0.2741)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.6305, 0.2670, 0.2741)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59647D
RGB	89, 100, 125
RGB Percent	35%, 39%, 49%
CMY	0.6511, 0.6078, 0.5098
CMYK	0.29, 0.20, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	222°, 17%, 42%
HSV	222°, 29%, 49%
XYZ	12.3763, 12.7189, 21.2059
YIQ	99.5610, -14.5810, 5.4430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

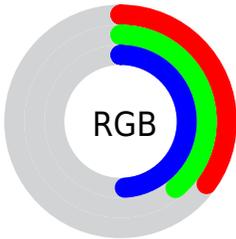
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 97, 125
Decimal	5858429
CIE _{Lab}	42.34, 1.98, -15.35
CIE _{LCh}	42, 15.476, 277.338
Yxy	12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284048509 (0xFF59647D)
YUV	99.5610, 12.5414, -9.2620
Hunter-Lab	35.6636, -0.4667, -10.2899

Details

The Yxy color **12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.1062, 0.3595, 0.3779**, and the grayscale version is **12.5959, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9230, 0.2787, 0.2881**, and **3.6524, 0.2454, 0.2504** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5772, 0.2500, 0.2521**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1436, 0.2840, 0.2954**.

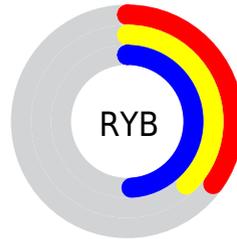
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (39%)

Blue (49%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (49%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.7189, 0.2673,
0.2747

■ 12.7189, 0.2673,
0.2747

■ 209.1082, 0.2946,
0.3071

■ 7.2353, 0.2583,
0.2641

■ 30.7978, 0.2787,
0.2881

■ 3.6097, 0.2449,
0.2486

■ 44.1619, 0.2825,
0.2926

■ 1.4577, 0.2232,
0.2238

■ 60.9217, 0.2855,
0.2962

■ 0.2587, 0.1499,
0.1318

■ 81.4614, 0.2880,
0.2992

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 106.1655, 0.2901,
0.3017

135.4184, 0.2918,

0.3037

169.6045, 0.2933,
0.3055

■ 12.7189, 0.2673,
0.2747

■ 12.7189, 0.2673,
0.2747

■ 10.5772, 0.2500,
0.2521

■ 15.1436, 0.2840,
0.2954

■ 8.7062, 0.2325,
0.2279

■ 17.8600, 0.2997,
0.3142

■ 7.0948, 0.2154,
0.2027

■ 20.8783, 0.3144,
0.3309

■ 5.7306, 0.1993,
0.1772

■ 24.2077, 0.3279,
0.3456

■ 4.5999, 0.1851,
0.1524

■ 27.8570, 0.3402,
0.3586

■ 3.6875, 0.1734,
0.1295

■ 31.8346, 0.3515,
0.3701

■ 2.9629, 0.1641,
0.1091

■ 36.1486, 0.3617,
0.3800

■ 2.8872, 0.1630,
0.1068

■ 40.8069, 0.3709,
0.3887

■ 45.8171, 0.3793,
0.3964

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7189, 0.2523, 0.2852



12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747



12.7189, 0.2947, 0.2778

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747



12.7189, 0.3772, 0.3438



12.7189, 0.2950, 0.3698

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747



17.1062, 0.3595, 0.3779

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.7189, 0.3281, 0.3870



12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747



12.7189, 0.3766, 0.3693

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747



12.7189, 0.3592, 0.3163



12.7189, 0.3583, 0.3860



12.7189, 0.2675, 0.3400

Rectangle

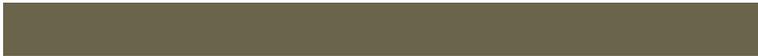
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747



12.7189, 0.3170, 0.2866



12.7189, 0.3583, 0.3860



12.7189, 0.3058, 0.3774

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.7194, 0.2673, 0.2747



31.7823, 0.2991, 0.3135



17.9960, 0.2838, 0.3531



7.0881, 0.2972, 0.3113



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

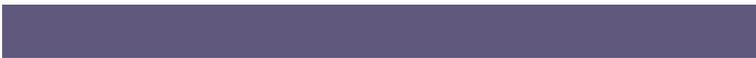
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.7194, 0.2673, 0.2747



20.0327, 0.2552, 0.2590



11.0834, 0.2736, 0.2517



4.4101, 0.2993, 0.3136



3.0016, 0.1629, 0.1065



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4196, 0.3542, 0.3070



19.5770, 0.3683, 0.3014



19.2684, 0.3456, 0.3996



4.3643, 0.3234, 0.3224



4.6975, 0.5662, 0.2892



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

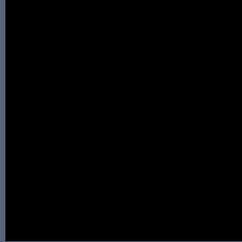
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747

Protanopia

12.7586, 0.2744, 0.2754

Deuteranopia

12.7028, 0.2757, 0.2716



Tritanopia

12.8266, 0.2799, 0.3107

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747

Protanomaly

12.6542, 0.2719, 0.2750

Deuteranomaly

12.7315, 0.2721, 0.2732

Tritanomaly

12.7899, 0.2753, 0.2975

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747

Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.7053, 0.2952, 0.3089

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 100, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 100, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 100, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 100, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 100, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 100, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 100, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 100, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 100, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 100,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.7189, 0.2673, 0.2747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 100, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 100,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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