

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.6639, 0.2666, 0.4371)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.6639, 0.2666, 0.4371)
contains.

Yxy(12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E714A
RGB	30, 113, 74
RGB Percent	12%, 44%, 29%
CMY	0.8824, 0.5569, 0.7097
CMYK	0.73, 0.00, 0.34, 0.56
HSL	152°, 58%, 28%
HSV	152°, 73%, 44%
XYZ	7.6767, 12.5807, 8.5051
YIQ	83.7370, -36.9490, -29.7250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

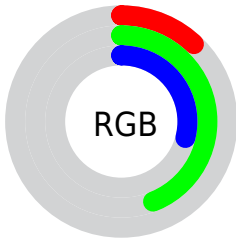
Format	Color
RYB	30, 84, 113
Decimal	1995082
CIELab	42.12, -34.41, 14.72
CIELCh	42, 37.424, 156.837
Yxy	12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280185162 (0xFF1E714A)
YUV	83.7370, -4.8003, -47.1273
Hunter-Lab	35.4693, -23.4381, 10.6115

Details

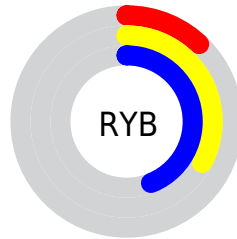
The Yxy color **12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **4.8681, 0.4316, 0.2517**, and the grayscale version is **8.8243, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7287, 0.2803, 0.4074**, and **3.7605, 0.2695, 0.4901** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3721, 0.2660, 0.4549**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8573, 0.2696, 0.4199**.

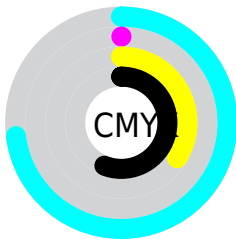
Distribution



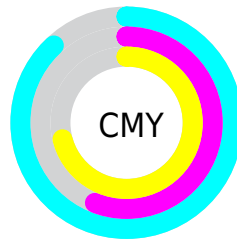
- Red (12%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (56%)




- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.5807, 0.2669,
0.4374


 12.5807, 0.2669,
0.4374


208.2127, 0.2964,
0.3682


 7.1405, 0.2557,
0.4635


 30.5484, 0.2799,
0.4069


 3.5501, 0.2374,
0.5054

 43.8447, 0.2840,
0.3973


 1.4252, 0.1900,
0.6214

 60.5284, 0.2872,
0.3898

 0.2352, 0.0000,
1.0000

 80.9839, 0.2898,
0.3838

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 105.5958, 0.2919,
0.3788

 134.7482, 0.2936,

0.3747

168.8257, 0.2951,
0.3712

■ 12.5807, 0.2669,
0.4374

■ 12.5807, 0.2669,
0.4374

■ 12.3721, 0.2660,
0.4549

■ 12.8573, 0.2696,
0.4199

■ 12.2218, 0.2668,
0.4722

■ 13.2065, 0.2739,
0.4029

■ 12.1363, 0.2676,
0.4833

■ 13.6341, 0.2795,
0.3867

■ 14.1449, 0.2862,
0.3714

■ 14.7433, 0.2936,
0.3573

■ 15.4333, 0.3016,
0.3444

■ 16.2189, 0.3098,
0.3328

■ 17.1037, 0.3182,
0.3223

■ 18.0909, 0.3265,
0.3130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5807, 0.3428, 0.4779



12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374



12.5807, 0.2077, 0.3536

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374



12.5807, 0.2085, 0.2080



12.5807, 0.4692, 0.3518

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374



4.8681, 0.4316, 0.2517

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5807, 0.4246, 0.2951



12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374



12.5807, 0.2664, 0.2167

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374



12.5807, 0.1788, 0.2256



12.5807, 0.3460, 0.2475



12.5807, 0.4630, 0.4104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374



12.5807, 0.1844, 0.2979



12.5807, 0.3460, 0.2475



12.5807, 0.4597, 0.3323

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5812, 0.2669, 0.4374



26.5008, 0.2943, 0.3561



13.2106, 0.3441, 0.5241



6.0760, 0.2928, 0.3588



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5812, 0.2669, 0.4374



21.9591, 0.2664, 0.4668



12.9725, 0.2324, 0.3253



3.7900, 0.3052, 0.3390



13.7621, 0.2679, 0.4843



68.3796, 0.2704, 0.4933

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8681, 0.4316, 0.2517



7.2737, 0.4741, 0.2497



4.6040, 0.5441, 0.3320



3.4252, 0.3209, 0.3192



4.2707, 0.5005, 0.2531



21.1025, 0.5129, 0.2599

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374

Protanopia

12.4668, 0.3696, 0.3983

Deuteranopia

12.4475, 0.3720, 0.3655



Tritanopia

12.6145, 0.2386, 0.3092

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374

Protanomaly

12.0051, 0.3210, 0.4153

Deuteranomaly

11.9699, 0.3213, 0.3909

Tritanomaly

12.5629, 0.2478, 0.3522

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374

Achromatopsia

8.8656, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.8536, 0.2878, 0.3705

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 113, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 113, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 113, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 113, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 113, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 113, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 113, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 113, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 113, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 113,  
74) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.5807, 0.2669, 0.4374 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 113, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 113,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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