

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.7246, 0.4224, 0.2101)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.7246, 0.4224, 0.2101)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF0082
RGB	191, 0, 130
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 51%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9999, 0.4903
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.32, 0.25
HSL	319°, 100%, 37%
HSV	319°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	25.5152, 12.6881, 22.2163
YIQ	71.9290, 72.1060, 80.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

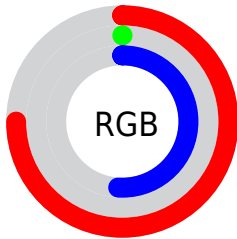
Format	Color
RYB	191, 0, 130
Decimal	12517506
CIELab	42.29, 71.30, -17.24
CIELCh	42, 73.353, 346.404
Yxy	12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707586 (0xFFBF0082)
YUV	71.9290, 28.6290, 104.4253
Hunter-Lab	35.6204, 65.5254, -12.0447

Details

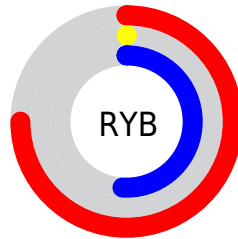
The Yxy color **12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **37.6018, 0.2875, 0.5552**, and the grayscale version is **6.4105, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7699, 0.3977, 0.2353**, and **5.4996, 0.4442, 0.2221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.3270, 0.4088, 0.2082**.

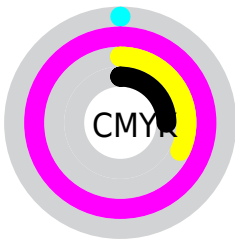
Distribution



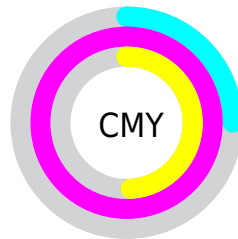
- Red (75%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.6881, 0.4223,
0.2100


 12.6881, 0.4223,
0.2100


208.9090, 0.3596,
0.2755


 7.2141, 0.4410,
0.1918


 30.7423, 0.3974,
0.2352


 3.5964, 0.4671,
0.1674


 44.0913, 0.3887,
0.2443

 1.4504, 0.5055,
0.1336

 60.8341, 0.3816,
0.2518

 0.2535, 0.5840,
0.0575

 81.3551, 0.3757,
0.2581

 0.0000, 0.7715,
0.0000

 106.0387, 0.3707,
0.2634

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 135.2693, 0.3665,

0.2680

169.4312, 0.3628,
0.2720

■ 12.6881, 0.4223,
0.2100

■ 13.3270, 0.4088,
0.2082

■ 14.4363, 0.3951,
0.2106

■ 16.1829, 0.3814,
0.2178

■ 18.6509, 0.3682,
0.2292

■ 21.9120, 0.3559,
0.2436

■ 26.0287, 0.3447,
0.2600

■ 31.0574, 0.3349,
0.2774

■ 37.0499, 0.3263,
0.2951

■ 44.0536, 0.3189,
0.3124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6881, 0.2645, 0.1565



12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



12.6881, 0.5634, 0.2826

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



12.6881, 0.4200, 0.5720



12.6881, 0.0901, 0.1861

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



37.6018, 0.2875, 0.5552

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6881, 0.1086, 0.3063



12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



12.6881, 0.2914, 0.6252

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



12.6881, 0.5348, 0.4611



12.6881, 0.1774, 0.5081



12.6881, 0.1066, 0.1388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



12.6881, 0.5990, 0.3346



12.6881, 0.1774, 0.5081



12.6881, 0.0919, 0.2159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6888, 0.4223, 0.2100



55.1429, 0.3353, 0.2766



4.7387, 0.1721, 0.0722



11.2272, 0.3394, 0.2691



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6888, 0.4223, 0.2100



22.6767, 0.4243, 0.2111



11.1992, 0.6122, 0.3146



9.6430, 0.3185, 0.3135



8.3531, 0.4206, 0.2091



0.3386, 0.3912, 0.1929

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.6888, 0.4223, 0.2100



22.6767, 0.4243, 0.2111



39.6644, 0.2412, 0.3885



9.6430, 0.3185, 0.3135



8.3531, 0.4206, 0.2091



0.3386, 0.3912, 0.1929

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

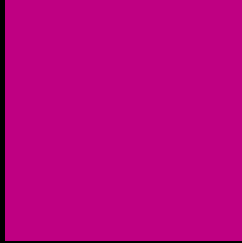
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

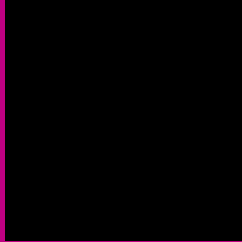
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100

Protanopia

13.4295, 0.1976, 0.1747

Deuteranopia

13.3784, 0.2898, 0.2850



Tritanopia

13.0638, 0.5538, 0.3277

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



Protanomaly

9.4963, 0.2415, 0.1545



Deuteranomaly

10.2729, 0.3364, 0.2235



Tritanomaly

12.3185, 0.5166, 0.2798

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100



Achromatopsia

6.4803, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

6.3891, 0.3648, 0.2326

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 0, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0,  
130) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.6881, 0.4223, 0.2100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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