

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.7426, 0.3443, 0.3450)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(12.7426, 0.3443, 0.3450)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6F615A
RGB	111, 97, 90
RGB Percent	44%, 38%, 35%
CMY	0.5648, 0.6196, 0.6471
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.19, 0.56
HSL	20°, 10%, 39%
HSV	20°, 19%, 44%
XYZ	12.6745, 12.6671, 11.4493
YIQ	100.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

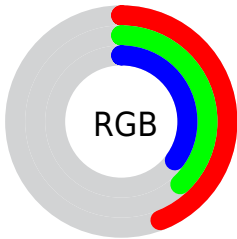
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	111, 101, 90
Decimal	7299418
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.26, 4.34, 6.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 7.440, 54.334
Yxy	12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285489498 (0xFF6F615A)
YUV	100.3880, -5.1213, 9.3067
Hunter-Lab	35.5909, 1.2826, 5.8405

# Details

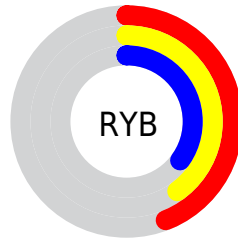
The Yxy color **12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **13.2173, 0.2851, 0.3132**, and the grayscale version is **12.8596, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8598, 0.3364, 0.3412**, and **3.6063, 0.3623, 0.3543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1893, 0.3654, 0.3530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.3016, 0.3265, 0.3360**.

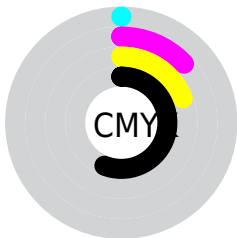
# Distribution



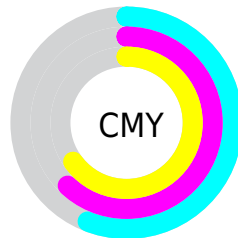
- Red (44%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 12.6671, 0.3445,  
0.3443

■ 12.6671, 0.3445,  
0.3443

■ 208.7730, 0.3251,  
0.3352

■ 7.1997, 0.3512,  
0.3473

■ 30.7044, 0.3363,  
0.3405

■ 3.5873, 0.3613,  
0.3517

■ 44.0431, 0.3336,  
0.3393

■ 1.4455, 0.3787,  
0.3587

■ 60.7744, 0.3315,  
0.3383

■ 0.2499, 0.5788,  
0.4212

■ 81.2826, 0.3297,  
0.3374

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 105.9522, 0.3283,  
0.3367

135.1675, 0.3271,

0.3361

169.3130, 0.3260,  
0.3356

■ 12.6671, 0.3445,  
0.3443

■ 12.6671, 0.3445,  
0.3443

■ 11.1893, 0.3654,  
0.3530

■ 14.3016, 0.3265,  
0.3360

■ 9.8619, 0.3897,  
0.3617

■ 16.0955, 0.3112,  
0.3282

■ 8.6803, 0.4173,  
0.3700

■ 18.0539, 0.2980,  
0.3209

■ 7.6394, 0.4480,  
0.3772

■ 20.1808, 0.2868,  
0.3142

■ 6.7336, 0.4810,  
0.3824

■ 22.4802, 0.2772,  
0.3081

■ 5.9569, 0.5146,  
0.3846

■ 24.9559, 0.2689,  
0.3025

■ 5.3027, 0.5464,  
0.3827

■ 27.6117, 0.2617,  
0.2974

■ 4.7592, 0.5763,  
0.3783

■ 30.4512, 0.2555,  
0.2927

■ 4.7058, 0.5797,  
0.3779

■ 33.4780, 0.2501,  
0.2884

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6671, 0.3407, 0.3309



12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443



12.6671, 0.3395, 0.3541

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443



12.6671, 0.2961, 0.3408



12.6671, 0.2978, 0.3021

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443



13.2173, 0.2851, 0.3132

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6671, 0.2864, 0.3040



12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443



12.6671, 0.2855, 0.3260

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443



12.6671, 0.3114, 0.3525



12.6671, 0.2819, 0.3125



12.6671, 0.3134, 0.3070



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443



12.6671, 0.3320, 0.3571



12.6671, 0.2819, 0.3125



12.6671, 0.2933, 0.3019

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6677, 0.3445, 0.3443



26.4695, 0.3221, 0.3338



11.6901, 0.3252, 0.2991



6.3241, 0.3228, 0.3342



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6677, 0.3445, 0.3443



21.4062, 0.3540, 0.3484



14.7346, 0.3407, 0.3662



3.5667, 0.3267, 0.3361



5.5015, 0.5811, 0.3768



25.9633, 0.5907, 0.3692



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2173, 0.2851, 0.3132



22.5963, 0.2782, 0.3088



11.2372, 0.2839, 0.2889



3.6366, 0.2996, 0.3218



7.0645, 0.1946, 0.2204



33.5573, 0.1927, 0.2138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

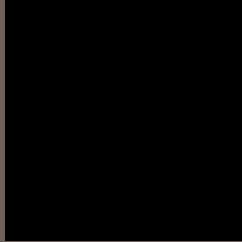
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443

### Protanopia

12.6221, 0.3315, 0.3470

### Deuteranopia

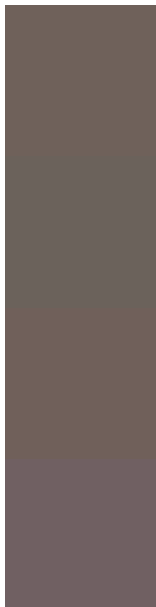
12.6146, 0.3481, 0.3420



## Tritanopia

12.6744, 0.3288, 0.3122

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443

## Protanomaly

12.6165, 0.3364, 0.3445

## Deuteranomaly

12.5487, 0.3465, 0.3421

## Tritanomaly

12.6923, 0.3344, 0.3248

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443

## Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

12.7113, 0.3244, 0.3357

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 97, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 97, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 97, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 97, 90) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 97, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 97, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 97, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 97, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 97, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 97,  
90) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.6671, 0.3445, 0.3443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 97, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 97,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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