

Converting Colors

$Yxy(12.8852, 0.2300, 0.3458)$

Have a look what the booklet for
 $Y_{xy}(12.8852, 0.2300, 0.3458)$
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	03716A
RGB	3, 113, 106
RGB Percent	1%, 44%, 42%
CMY	0.9884, 0.5568, 0.5844
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.06, 0.56
HSL	176°, 95%, 23%
HSV	176°, 97%, 44%
XYZ	8.5431, 12.8702, 15.6660
YIQ	79.3120, -63.3130, -25.4970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

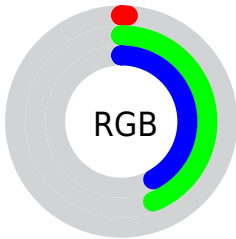
Format	Color
R_YB	3, 60, 113
Decimal	225642
CIE Lab	42.57, -28.47, -3.82
CIE LCh	43, 28.727, 187.647
Yxy	12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278415722 (0xFF03716A)
YUV	79.3120, 13.1572, -66.9256
Hunter-Lab	35.8751, -20.2745, -0.7783

Details

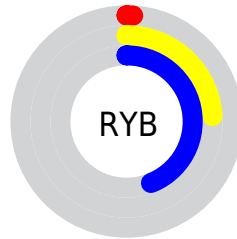
The Yxy color **12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.5969, 0.6208, 0.3237**, and the grayscale version is **7.8624, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9224, 0.2506, 0.3428**, and **3.9826, 0.2306, 0.3502** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8478, 0.2299, 0.3476**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9621, 0.2324, 0.3451**.

Distribution



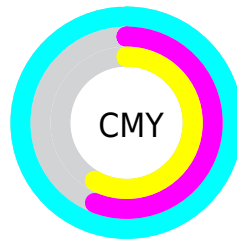
- Red (1%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (56%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.8702, 0.2304,
0.3471

 12.8702, 0.2304,
0.3471


 210.0841, 0.2794,
0.3370


 7.3392, 0.2145,
0.3499


 31.0704, 0.2506,
0.3432


 3.6751, 0.1913,
0.3535

 44.5084, 0.2574,
0.3418


 1.4936, 0.1509,
0.3594

 61.3509, 0.2629,
0.3406

 0.2842, 0.0000,
0.3301

 81.9822, 0.2674,
0.3396

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 106.7868, 0.2712,
0.3388

 136.1491, 0.2743,

0.3381

170.4534, 0.2771,
0.3375

12.8702, 0.2304,
0.3471

12.8702, 0.2304,
0.3471

12.8478, 0.2299,
0.3476

12.9621, 0.2324,
0.3451

13.0956, 0.2357,
0.3430

13.2877, 0.2407,
0.3410

13.5447, 0.2474,
0.3390

13.8718, 0.2558,
0.3370

■ 14.2741, 0.2657,
0.3351

■ 14.7559, 0.2770,
0.3333

■ 15.3212, 0.2893,
0.3316

■ 15.9740, 0.3025,
0.3301

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8702, 0.2775, 0.4076



12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471



12.8702, 0.2059, 0.2876

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471



12.8702, 0.2791, 0.2401



12.8702, 0.4291, 0.3976

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471



3.5969, 0.6208, 0.3237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8702, 0.4327, 0.3514



12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471



12.8702, 0.3408, 0.2656

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471



12.8702, 0.2319, 0.2332



12.8702, 0.3994, 0.3049



12.8702, 0.3929, 0.4327

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471



12.8702, 0.2037, 0.2587



12.8702, 0.3994, 0.3049



12.8702, 0.4345, 0.3828

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8707, 0.2304, 0.3471



26.2017, 0.2742, 0.3338



11.8841, 0.3026, 0.5944



5.9927, 0.2704, 0.3344



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8707, 0.2304, 0.3471



22.9971, 0.2300, 0.3482



5.0281, 0.1874, 0.1913



3.8117, 0.3004, 0.3303



14.5714, 0.2299, 0.3478



72.5381, 0.2302, 0.3489

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.5969, 0.6208, 0.3237



6.3072, 0.6314, 0.3252



5.8538, 0.5460, 0.3998



3.4046, 0.3265, 0.3277



3.9991, 0.6290, 0.3239



19.8746, 0.6351, 0.3272

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

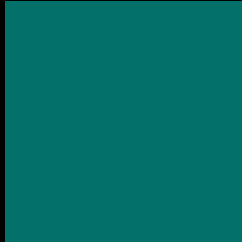
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

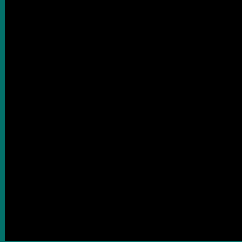
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471

Protanopia

12.8210, 0.3184, 0.3335

Deuteranopia

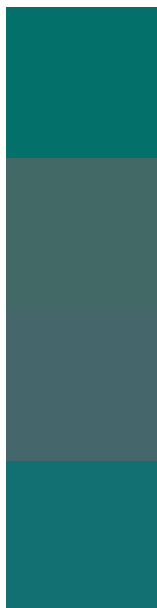
12.7177, 0.3095, 0.3033



Tritanopia

12.9446, 0.2251, 0.3067

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471

Protanomaly

12.2010, 0.2679, 0.3389

Deuteranomaly

12.0484, 0.2631, 0.3167

Tritanomaly

12.9547, 0.2266, 0.3212

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471

Achromatopsia

7.8187, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.9072, 0.2595, 0.3346

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 113, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(3, 113, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 113, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 113, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 113, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 113, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 113, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 113, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 113, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 113,  
106) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.8702, 0.2304, 0.3471 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 113, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 113,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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