

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(12.8927, 0.2460, 0.3908)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(12.8927, 0.2460, 0.3908)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	10725B
RGB	16, 114, 91
RGB Percent	6%, 45%, 36%
CMY	0.9373, 0.5529, 0.6432
CMYK	0.86, 0.00, 0.20, 0.55
HSL	166°, 75%, 25%
HSV	166°, 86%, 45%
XYZ	8.1186, 12.9001, 11.9570
YIQ	82.0760, -51.0250, -27.9290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

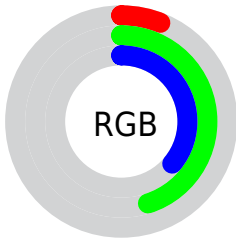
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	16, 72, 114
Decimal	1077851
CIELab	42.61, -32.44, 5.28
CIELCh	43, 32.866, 170.753
Yxy	12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279267931 (0xFF10725B)
YUV	82.0760, 4.3995, -57.9487
Hunter-Lab	35.9167, -22.5061, 5.4035

# Details

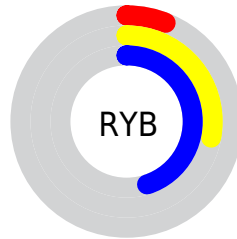
The Yxy color **12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.0942, 0.5389, 0.2945**, and the grayscale version is **8.4515, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2660, 0.2634, 0.3754**, and **3.9701, 0.2499, 0.4197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7748, 0.2455, 0.3995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0759, 0.2485, 0.3829**.

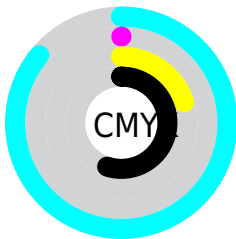
# Distribution



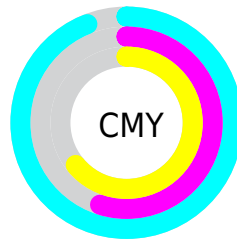
- Red (6%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (55%)




- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 12.9001, 0.2462,  
0.3912


 12.9001, 0.2462,  
0.3912


210.2764, 0.2867,  
0.3526


 7.3598, 0.2324,  
0.4049


 31.1242, 0.2633,  
0.3746


 3.6881, 0.2114,  
0.4263

 44.5768, 0.2689,  
0.3693


 1.5007, 0.1673,  
0.4691

 61.4355, 0.2734,  
0.3650

 0.2892, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 82.0849, 0.2771,  
0.3616

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 106.9093, 0.2801,  
0.3588

 136.2931, 0.2827,

0.3564

170.6207, 0.2849,  
0.3543

12.9001, 0.2462,  
0.3912

12.9001, 0.2462,  
0.3912

12.7748, 0.2455,  
0.3995

13.0759, 0.2485,  
0.3829

12.7275, 0.2452,  
0.4029

13.3134, 0.2525,  
0.3747

13.6195, 0.2583,  
0.3666

13.9995, 0.2656,  
0.3589

14.4584, 0.2743,  
0.3515

■ 15.0006, 0.2840,  
0.3446

■ 15.6304, 0.2946,  
0.3382

■ 16.3516, 0.3058,  
0.3323

■ 17.1678, 0.3174,  
0.3269

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9001, 0.3090, 0.4471



12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912



12.9001, 0.2042, 0.3170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912



12.9001, 0.2416, 0.2221



12.9001, 0.4528, 0.3758

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912



4.0942, 0.5389, 0.2945

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9001, 0.4333, 0.3231



12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912



12.9001, 0.3035, 0.2394

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912



12.9001, 0.2027, 0.2272



12.9001, 0.3758, 0.2752



12.9001, 0.4300, 0.4251



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912



12.9001, 0.1915, 0.2750



12.9001, 0.3758, 0.2752



12.9001, 0.4513, 0.3581

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9006, 0.2462, 0.3912



26.2883, 0.2833, 0.3450



12.5338, 0.3173, 0.5677



6.0197, 0.2807, 0.3468



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9006, 0.2462, 0.3912



22.3447, 0.2458, 0.4049



8.5530, 0.2104, 0.2621



3.8024, 0.3024, 0.3340



14.1645, 0.2454, 0.4033



70.4219, 0.2466, 0.4079



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.0942, 0.5389, 0.2945



6.4063, 0.5936, 0.3044



5.1657, 0.5558, 0.3677



3.4132, 0.3241, 0.3241



4.0669, 0.5889, 0.3018



20.1441, 0.6017, 0.3088



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

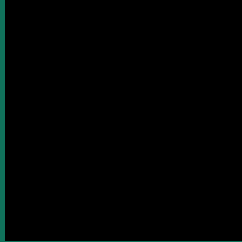
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912

### Protanopia

12.8186, 0.3443, 0.3647

### Deuteranopia

12.8204, 0.3386, 0.3334



## Tritanopia

12.8771, 0.2303, 0.3068

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912

## Protanomaly

12.2077, 0.2920, 0.3745

## Deuteranomaly

12.0864, 0.2886, 0.3512

## Tritanomaly

12.7342, 0.2347, 0.3339

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912

## Achromatopsia

8.4376, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

9.5608, 0.2736, 0.3541

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 114, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 114, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 114, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 114, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 114, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 114, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 114, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 114, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 114, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 114,  
91) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.9001, 0.2462, 0.3912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 114, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 114,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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