

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.8959, 0.6292, 0.3336)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.8959, 0.6292, 0.3336)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C91408
RGB	201, 20, 8
RGB Percent	79%, 8%, 3%
CMY	0.2117, 0.9218, 0.9685
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.96, 0.21
HSL	4°, 92%, 41%
HSV	4°, 96%, 79%
XYZ	24.3862, 12.9354, 1.4420
YIQ	72.7510, 111.7280, 34.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

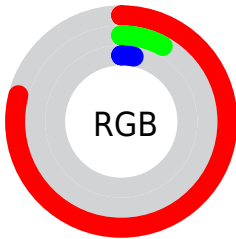
Format	Color
RYB	201, 21, 8
Decimal	13177864
CIELab	42.67, 64.85, 53.83
CIELCh	43, 84.277, 39.696
Yxy	12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291367944 (0xFFC91408)
YUV	72.7510, -31.9222, 112.4744
Hunter-Lab	35.9658, 58.0894, 22.7989

Details

The Yxy color **12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **40.7152, 0.2200, 0.3103**, and the grayscale version is **6.6537, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.8778, 0.5588, 0.3534**, and **5.3184, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6934, 0.6360, 0.3332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.9428, 0.6038, 0.3364**.

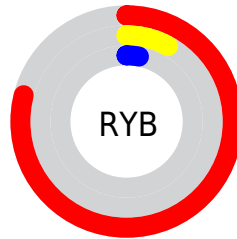
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (8%)

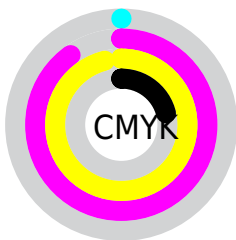
Blue (3%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (3%)

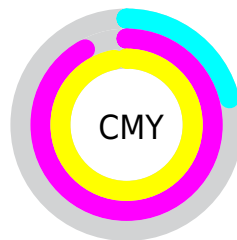


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.9354, 0.6291,
0.3337


 12.9354, 0.6291,
0.3337


 210.5032, 0.4523,
0.3564


 7.3841, 0.6757,
0.3168


 31.1877, 0.5646,
0.3514


 3.7034, 0.7181,
0.2819

 44.6574, 0.5399,
0.3550

 1.5091, 0.7712,
0.2288

 61.5354, 0.5191,
0.3568

 0.2951, 0.8877,
0.1123

 82.2061, 0.5015,
0.3576


 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 107.0538, 0.4864,
0.3577

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 136.4630, 0.4734,


0.3575

 170.8180, 0.4622,
0.3570

 12.9354, 0.6291,
0.3337


 12.9354, 0.6291,
0.3337


 12.6934, 0.6360,
0.3332

 13.9428, 0.6038,
0.3364

 15.6278, 0.5653,
0.3381

 18.0830, 0.5200,
0.3386

 21.3861, 0.4742,
0.3381

 25.6049, 0.4324,
0.3368

■ 30.8005, 0.3964,
0.3351

■ 37.0289, 0.3666,
0.3334

■ 44.3416, 0.3423,
0.3316

■ 52.7868, 0.3226,
0.3299

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9354, 0.5685, 0.2551



12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337



12.9354, 0.5689, 0.4311

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337



12.9354, 0.1816, 0.5883



12.9354, 0.1287, 0.1150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337



40.7152, 0.2200, 0.3103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9354, 0.0841, 0.1280



12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337



12.9354, 0.0991, 0.3446

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337



12.9354, 0.3068, 0.6620



12.9354, 0.0736, 0.1884



12.9354, 0.2259, 0.1332

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337



12.9354, 0.4886, 0.5114



12.9354, 0.0736, 0.1884



12.9354, 0.1093, 0.1156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9362, 0.6291, 0.3337



59.5528, 0.3761, 0.3340



16.3729, 0.3333, 0.1623



11.7694, 0.3891, 0.3347



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9362, 0.6291, 0.3337



21.6227, 0.6369, 0.3325



24.5124, 0.5197, 0.4222



10.7402, 0.3288, 0.3305



8.0262, 0.6349, 0.3341



0.4175, 0.6175, 0.3479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7152, 0.2200, 0.3103



69.1104, 0.2192, 0.3093



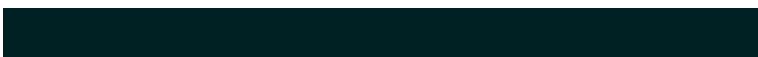
12.4320, 0.1752, 0.1479



11.9511, 0.2984, 0.3275



25.4772, 0.2194, 0.3098



1.2411, 0.2206, 0.3141

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337

Protanopia

13.4245, 0.4247, 0.4705

Deuteranopia

13.2165, 0.4694, 0.4655



Tritanopia

12.9420, 0.6277, 0.3330

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337

Protanomaly

10.9266, 0.5260, 0.4002

Deuteranomaly

11.2314, 0.5530, 0.3966

Tritanomaly

12.9397, 0.6282, 0.3332

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337

Achromatopsia

6.6626, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.8532, 0.4763, 0.3394

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 20, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 20, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 20, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 20, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 20, 8) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 20, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 20, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 20, 8); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 20, 8);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 20, 8)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.9354, 0.6291, 0.3337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 20, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201, 20,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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