

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(12.9666, 0.2865, 0.2499)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(12.9666, 0.2865, 0.2499)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	705D85
RGB	112, 93, 133
RGB Percent	44%, 36%, 52%
CMY	0.5608, 0.6353, 0.4785
CMYK	0.16, 0.30, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	268°, 18%, 44%
HSV	268°, 30%, 52%
XYZ	14.8282, 12.9669, 23.9071
YIQ	103.2410, -1.5160, 16.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

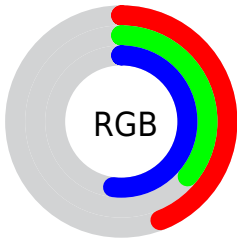
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 93, 133
Decimal	7363973
CIE _{Lab}	42.71, 16.09, -19.43
CIE _{LCh}	43, 25.226, 309.634
Yxy	12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285554053 (0xFF705D85)
YUV	103.2410, 14.6712, 7.6816
Hunter-Lab	36.0096, 10.4867, -14.1564

Details

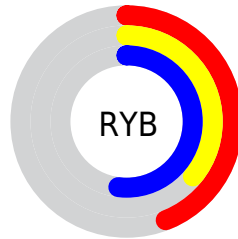
The Yxy color **12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **21.1402, 0.3329, 0.4068**, and the grayscale version is **13.5914, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0826, 0.2937, 0.2686**, and **3.7143, 0.2722, 0.2185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3916, 0.2757, 0.2220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9849, 0.2967, 0.2786**.

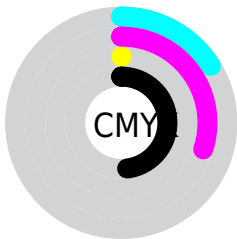
Distribution



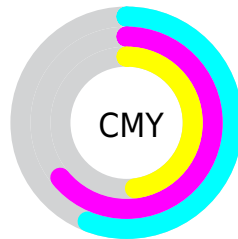
- Red (44%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.9669, 0.2868,
0.2508

■ 12.9669, 0.2868,
0.2508

■ 210.7054, 0.3030,
0.2959

■ 7.4058, 0.2812,
0.2370

■ 31.2443, 0.2937,
0.2689

■ 3.7171, 0.2726,
0.2176

■ 44.7294, 0.2960,
0.2752

■ 1.5166, 0.2582,
0.1883

■ 61.6245, 0.2977,
0.2802

■ 0.3004, 0.2373,
0.1051

■ 82.3141, 0.2992,
0.2845

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 107.1827, 0.3004,
0.2880

■ 136.6144, 0.3014,

0.2910

170.9939, 0.3022,
0.2936

■ 12.9669, 0.2868,
0.2508

■ 12.9669, 0.2868,
0.2508

■ 10.3916, 0.2757,
0.2220

■ 15.9849, 0.2967,
0.2786

■ 8.2355, 0.2636,
0.1930

■ 19.4642, 0.3053,
0.3047

■ 6.4754, 0.2506,
0.1651

■ 23.4244, 0.3127,
0.3289

■ 5.0852, 0.2372,
0.1395

■ 27.8834, 0.3190,
0.3509

■ 4.0353, 0.2241,
0.1177

■ 32.8581, 0.3243,
0.3708

■ 3.2915, 0.2116,
0.1008

■ 38.3647, 0.3288,
0.3887

■ 2.7543, 0.2002,
0.0876

■ 44.4187, 0.3325,
0.4048

■ 51.0349, 0.3356,
0.4191

■ 58.2275, 0.3381,
0.4318

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9669, 0.2434, 0.2437



12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508



12.9669, 0.3414, 0.2747

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508



12.9669, 0.4140, 0.3932



12.9669, 0.2380, 0.3416

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508



21.1402, 0.3329, 0.4068

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9669, 0.2791, 0.3941



12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508



12.9669, 0.3811, 0.4218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508



12.9669, 0.4186, 0.3528



12.9669, 0.3314, 0.4246



12.9669, 0.2172, 0.2905

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508



12.9669, 0.3764, 0.2978



12.9669, 0.3314, 0.4246



12.9669, 0.2498, 0.3601

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9674, 0.2868, 0.2508



35.4372, 0.3059, 0.3069



16.1303, 0.2669, 0.2909



7.7938, 0.3049, 0.3037



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9674, 0.2868, 0.2508



20.0249, 0.2794, 0.2314



14.4012, 0.3142, 0.2569



4.6449, 0.3060, 0.3071



2.6288, 0.2004, 0.0877



0.0134, 0.2493, 0.1147

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0310, 0.3434, 0.2898



22.3000, 0.3527, 0.2807



19.9600, 0.3102, 0.4125



4.7265, 0.3204, 0.3176



5.1709, 0.4794, 0.2415



0.0194, 0.3974, 0.1963

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

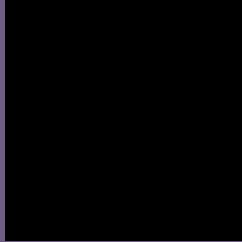
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508

Protanopia

13.1230, 0.2552, 0.2506

Deuteranopia

12.9693, 0.2657, 0.2602



Tritanopia

12.9641, 0.3165, 0.3119

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508

Protanomaly

12.9236, 0.2659, 0.2498

Deuteranomaly

12.9820, 0.2740, 0.2576

Tritanomaly

12.8779, 0.3044, 0.2874

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.2028, 0.3027, 0.2973

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 93, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 93, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 93, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 93, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 93, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 93, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 93, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 93, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 93, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 93,  
133) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.9669, 0.2868, 0.2508 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 93, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 93,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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